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Study of Indo-Bangladesh Political Relation in Global Perspectives

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Abstract

India-Bangladesh relations predate the creation of Bangladesh. Even before the creation of Bangladesh, India had relations with East Pakistan (present Bangladesh). After the independence of East Pakistan and the creation of Bangladesh it was thought that their friendship would last forever and that their bilateral dispute would be resolved in an amicable manner. The political realities in both the countries, however, proved to be hindrance in forging a long-term bilateral partnership. As the study shows, lots of issues cropped up which had detrimental effect to their bilateral ties. Thus, within months after the signing of the treaty, India's intention in Bangladesh Liberation Movement began to be questioned and it began to be viewed as India's ploy to assert its dominance in South Asia. By breaking Pakistan, many in Bangladesh assumed that it would be easier for India to deal with Pakistan.

Keyword: *India, Bangladesh, Liberation, Intervention, Movement.*

Introduction

The Indo-Bangladesh friendship treaty 1972, which was envisaged to strengthen Indo-Bangladesh ties, ironically began to be criticized. Certain section in Bangladesh feared that India could use the Article to embark military intervention in Bangladesh. Thus, within months after the signing of the treaty, India's intention in Bangladesh Liberation Movement began to be questioned and it began to be viewed as India's ploy to assert its dominance in South Asia. By breaking Pakistan, many in Bangladesh assumed that it would be easier for India to deal with Pakistan. In Bangladesh the treaty was alleged as a ploy to make it as a client state. Subsequently, many other issues came to the