

## Experiment No. - 2

Aim- Design and simulate Quarter Wave transformer at  $f = 1$  GHz.

Software Required- CST studio

### Theory

A quarter-wave impedance transformer, often written as  $\lambda/4$  impedance transformer, is a transmission line or waveguide used in electrical engineering of length one quarter wavelength ( $\lambda$ ), terminated with some known impedance. It presents at its input the dual of the impedance with which it is terminated.

The relationship between the characteristic impedance,  $Z_0$ , input impedance,  $Z_{in}$  and load impedance,  $Z_L$  is:

Alternatives to the quarter-wave impedance transformer include lumped circuits that can produce the impedance inverter function, and stubs for impedance matching.

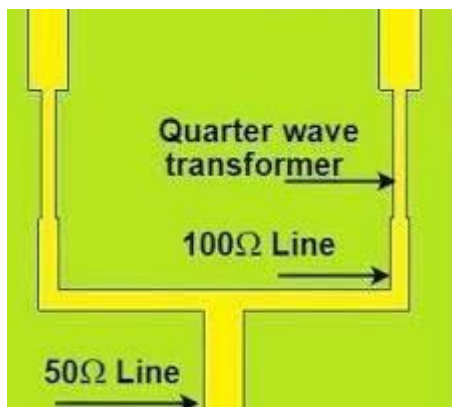
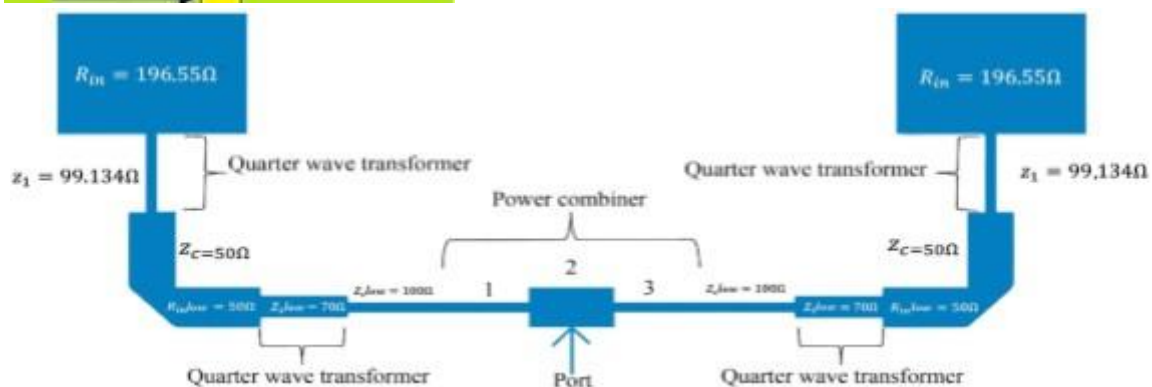


Fig- quarter wave transformer



## Formula

A quarter-wave transformer is a transmission line segment that transforms the impedance at one end to a different impedance at the other end. The characteristic impedance ( $Z_0$ ) of the quarter-wave transformer and the input and output impedances ( $Z_{\text{in}}$ ) and ( $Z_{\text{out}}$ ) are related by the following formula:

$$Z_0 = \sqrt{Z_{\text{in}} \cdot Z_{\text{out}}}$$

Where:

$Z_0$  is the characteristic impedance of the quarter-wave transformer,

$Z_{\text{in}}$  is the input impedance,

$Z_{\text{out}}$  is the output impedance.

This formula assumes that the quarter-wave transformer is an ideal transmission line and that there are no losses in the line.

## Procedure

Designing a Quarter Wave Transform using CST Microwave Studio (CST MWS) involves several steps. Below is a general procedure for designing Quarter Wave Transform, along with measurements you can perform in CST:

### Step 1: Define Specifications

Determine the operating frequency ( $f_0$ ) is 2 GHz of the Quarter Wave Transform.

Design Substrate taking material, Rogger 5870(Lossy).

Design Ground with Copper(annealed) Material.

Choose the size and shape of the Quarter Wave Transform.

### Step 2: Initial Design

Create a new project in CST MWS.

Choose the Time Domain solver and set up the simulation environment.

Start with an initial design of the Quarter Wave Transform based on given

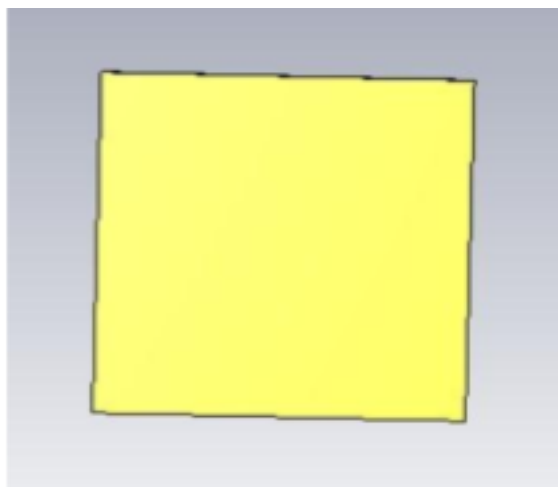
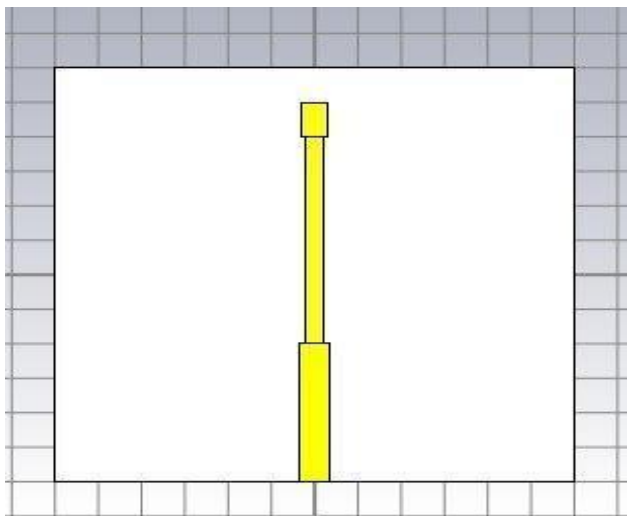
### specifications. Step 3: Simulation and Optimization

Simulate the initial design to obtain the radiation pattern, impedance matching, and other relevant characteristics.

Use the optimization tools in CST to fine-tune the Quarter Wave Transform (e.g., size, shape) to meet your specifications.

Iterate the optimization process until the desired antenna performance is achieved.

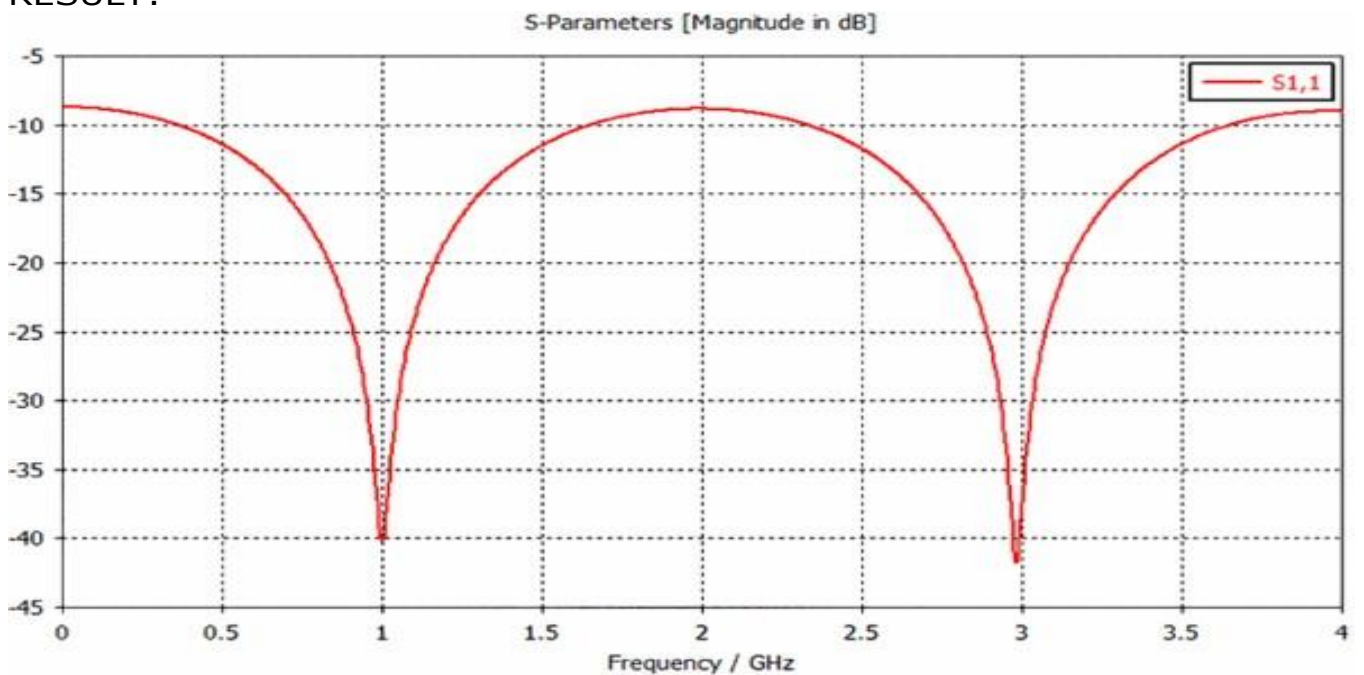
DESIGN:



Parameters table:

Parameter	Value	Description
h	0.787 mm	Substrate thickness
t	0.035 mm	Metallization thickness
eps_r	4.3	Substrate permittivity
Z0	50 $\Omega$	System characteristic impedance
RL	100 $\Omega$	Load impedance
W50	2.35 mm	50 $\Omega$ line width
W70	1.23 mm	70.71 $\Omega$ line width
l70	24.5 mm	Transformer length

RESULT:



**Conclusion:**

A quarter-wave transformer is a simple impedance transformer which is commonly used in impedance matching in order to minimize the energy which is reflected when a transmission line is connected to a load. The quarter-wave transformer uses a transmission line with different characteristic impedance and with a length of one-quarter of the guided-wavelength to match a line to a load and we simulate and get the result.