# GURU GHASIDAS VISHWAVIDYALAYA, BILASPUR (C.G.)

(A Central University)

# BACHELOR OF LIBRARY AND INFORMATION SCIENCES ONE YEAR (TWO SEMESTERS) GRADUATE DEGREE PROGRAM CBCS BASED PROGRAMME

Scheme of Examination w.e.f. Session: 2022-2023 Onwards

#### **PROGRAM OUTCOMES**

The programme learning outcomes relating to Bachelor's degree in Library and Information Science include the following:

- (a) Demonstrate in depth knowledge of the basic concepts, principles, theories and laws related with the broad field of Library and Information Science and its sub-fields such as types of libraries, types of information sources, library management, reference and information services.
- (b) Demonstrate understanding of rationality and procedures of (i) selection, acquisition, classification, cataloguing and physical processing of documents; (ii) using Information and Communication Technologies in Libraries and Information Centers:
- (c) Demonstrate knowledge, understanding and skills that offer job opportunities as librarians in public libraries and school libraries; as assistant librarians in different types of college libraries, as library assistants / technical assistants in university libraries and other libraries of higher education institutes, as librarians and/or assistant librarians in corporate and industrial libraries, libraries of research institutes, etc.
- (d) Ability to classify simple, compound, and complex documents using standard classification schemes; capability to catalogue all types of documents using standard catalogue codes
- (e) Capable of self-paced and self-directed learning aimed at personal development.
- (f) To train and expose to research problems through Internship -Project work / Field Work / Survey Report / Literature Survey.
- (g) To make students fully aware of various sources of Information.
- (h) To familiarizes students with the role of library and information society.
- (i) Students will develop the professional competencies for LIS and related field.

P.G. Dept. of Lib. & Inf. Science

Sambalpur University Jvoti Vibor-768019 विभागाच्यक्ष
HEAD
पुस्तकालय एवं सूचना विज्ञान विभाग
Deptt. of Library & Info. Science
गुरू घासीदास विश्वविद्यालय,
Guru Ghasidas Vishwavidyalays,
बिलासपुर (छ.ग.)
Bilaspur (C.B.)

First Semester							
Сописос			MARKS DISTRIBUTION				
Courses Code	Title	Credits	Continuous	Semester End	Total Marks		
Couc		(L:T:P)	Evaluation	Examination			
	Core Courses (CC)						
LIUATT1	Foundation of Library and	3:1:0	30	70	100		
LIOATTI	Informationscience	3.1.0	30	70	100		
LIUATT2	Knowledge Organization - Classification (Theory)	3:1:0	30	70	100		
LIUATT3	Knowledge Organization – Cataloguing						
LIUATTS	(Theory)	3:1:0	30	70	100		
LIUATT4	Basics of Information and Communication	3:1:0	30	70	100		
LIUAT 14	Technology(Theory)	3.1.0	30	70	100		
LIUATT5	Information Sources, Systems						
	and Services(Theory)	3:1:0	30	70	100		
	Generic Elective (GE)*/**						
LIUATG1	Statistics for Librarianship	2.1.0					
LIUATG2 LIUATG3	Digital Library: Fundamentals	3:1:0	30	70	100		
LIUATGS	Collection Development						
	TOTAL	24	180	420	600		
Second Semester  LIUBTT1 Core Courses (CC)							
	Core Courses (CC) Library Management (Theory)	3:1:0	30	70	100		
LIUBLT2	Knowledge Organization - Classification	3.1.0	30	70	100		
LUDI TO	(Practice)	0:1:3	30	70	100		
LIUBLT3	Knowledge Organization – Cataloguing	0:1:3	30	70	100		
LIUBLT4	(Practice)						
	Basics of Information and Communication	0:1:3	30	70	100		
	Technology (Practice)  Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course						
	(AECC)**#						
LIUBLA1	Communication skill	0:1:1	30	70	100		
	Skill Enhancement Course (SEC) #						
LIUBLL1	Information Sources and Services (practice)	0:1:1	30	70	100		
LIUBPD1	Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)**						
	Internship Based-Project Work/ Field	4	30	70	100		
	work/ Survey Report/ Literature Survey						
	TOTAL	24	210	490	700		

Note: \*Any One

**Note:** Practical and Viva-voce will be conducted by internal examiners.

<sup>\* \*</sup> Student may opt any one MOOC Course (current/upcoming) available at SWAYAM and notified by the department.

**<sup>#</sup> Value added Courses** 

#### **First Semester**

#### LIUATT1

# Foundations of Library and Information Science TM 100 (Internal Assessment 30 + Theory 70) (Credit-04)

# **Objectives:**

To get the understanding and Foundation Knowledge about the library and Information systems, Library& Information Science as a discipline and Librarianship as a profession

# **Learning Outcomes:**

# After studying this paper, students shall be able to:

- 1. Comprehend the concept of information and the discipline of Library and Information Science.
- 2. Understand the development of libraries.
- 3. Classify libraries on the basis of their purpose and functions.
- 4. Know the role of libraries in the development of various aspects of society.
- 5. Comprehend the basic philosophy of Library and Information Science.
- 6. Understand laws related to libraries and information.
- 7. Understand librarianship as a profession.
- 8. Assess the role of national and international library associations and organizations.
- 9. Highlight role of various library promoters at the national and international level.

# Unit 1: Information, Knowledge and Society

- Information: Meaning, Characteristics.
- Data, Information, Knowledge, Wisdom.
- Information Transfer Cycle: Storage and Dissemination of information.
- Library and Information Science as a Discipline.

#### **Unit 2: Libraries- Types and Roles**

- Historical Development of Libraries with special reference to India.
- Types of Libraries: Objectives, distinguishing Features and Functions.
- Information Centers: Objectives and Functions.
- Role of Libraries and Information Centers in Modern Society.
- Five Laws of Library Science.
- Commission Committees Reports in library development with special reference to India.

#### Unit 3: Laws Related to Libraries and Information

- Library Legislation: Need and essential Features, Special Mention to India.

- The Press and Registration of Books Act; The Delivery of Books and Newspapers (Public Libraries) Act; Copyright Act.

# **Unit 4: Resource Sharing and User Studies**

- User studies.
- User education.
- Resource sharing.
- Public Relations and Extension Activities.

#### **Unit 5: Professional Associations and Organizations**

- Librarianship as a Profession.
- Professional Ethics.
- National and International Professional Associations: ILA, IASLIC, IATLIS, IFLA, ALA, CILIP, ASLIB and SLA.
- Role of UNESCO, UGC and RRRLF in the promotion and development of libraries.

- 1 RANGANATHAN (S R), Ed. Book service for all. 1969. Asia; Bombay.
- 2 RANGANATHAN (S R). A librarian looks back: an autobiography.1992. Asia; Bombay
- 3 RANGANATHAN (S R). Five laws of library science. 1991. Asia; Bombay.
- 4 RANGANATHAN (S R). Preface to library science. 1948. University of Delhi; Delhi.
- 5 SHARMA (Pandey S K). Library and Society.1992 .2nd rev. &enl. Ed . Ess Ess; New Delhi. \
- 6 SHERA (J H) Sociological foundation of Librarianship. 1970. Asia; Bombay.
- 7 THOMPSON (Carl) et al. Adult education activities for public libraries. 1950. UNESCO; Paris.
- 8 UNESCO .National libraries: there problem and prospects. 1960. UNESCO; Paris.
- 9 VENKATAPPAIAH (V). Library legislation in India.2v. 1990.
- 10 BAWDEN(David) and ROBINSON(Lyn). Introduction to Information Science. July 2012
- 11 BUNCH (Allan). The basics of information work. 1984. Clive Bingley; London.
- 12 CHOWDHURY(G G), BURTON(Paul F), MCMENEMY(David) and POULTER(A). Librarianship An introduction Dec 2007
- 13 GARDNER (Frank M). Public library legislation: a comparative study. 1971. UNESCO; Paris.
- 14 GEORGE (K M), Ed. Indian libraries: trends and perspectives. 1985. Orient Longmans; Calcutta.
- 15 GUHA(B). Documentation and information: services, techniques and systems.1983. 2nd rev. ed.
- 16 GUPTA(BM).,Ed.. Handbook of libraries, Archives and information centre in India. V 1-13. 1991;New Delhi
- 17 HAY WOOD T: Info-Rich Info-poor: Access and exchange in the global information society.1995. Page 20 of 30
- 18 INDIA. MINISTRY OF EDUCATION. Report of the Advisory Committee for Libraries. 1959. Manager of publications; Delhi.
- 19 KAULA (P N). National library of India: a critical study. 1971.
- 20 KENT A, ed.: Encylopaedia of library and information science.VI-62.
- 21 KHANNA (J K). Library and society. 1987. Research publications; Kurukshetra.
- 22 MACHLUP(F). Knowledge; its creation, distribution and economic significance. VI, 1980; V2, 1982; V3. 1984.
- 23 MAHAPATRA (PK). Library and information science: an introduction. 1989. World Press; Calcutta.

#### LIUATT2

# Knowledge Organization - Classification (Theory) TM 100(Internal Assessment 30 + Theory 70) (Credit-04)

# **Objectives:**

To get the theoretical knowledge about various classification schemes and to get knowledge, how to arranged reading materials in the Libraries.

#### **Learning Outcomes:**

#### After studying this paper, students shall be able to:

- 1. Explain the nature and attributes of universe of knowledge.
- 2. Elaborate meaning and types of subjects and modes of subject formation.
- 3. Illustrate knowledge as mapped in different classification schemes.
- 4. Express the meaning, purpose, functions, theories and canons of library classification.
- 5. Elucidate various facets of notation and call number.
- 6. Discuss the characteristics, merits and demerits of different species of library classification schemes.
- 7. Highlight salient features of major classification schemes.
- 8. Review current trends in library classification.

#### **Unit 1: Universe of Knowledge**

- Universe of Knowledge: Nature, Attributes.
- Modes of Subject Formation.
- Universe of Knowledge as Mapped in Different Classification Schemes (DDC, UDC,CC)

# **Unit 2: Library Classification**

- Concept, Purpose, Functions.
- Canons and Postulates.
- Knowledge Classification and Book Classification.

#### **Unit 3: Classification Schemes**

- Dewey Decimal Classification (DDC)
- Colon Classification (CC)
- Universal Decimal Classification (UDC)

#### **Unit 4: Notational System**

- Postulation approach.
- Concept of Fundamental Categories, Facet Analysis and Facet Sequence.
- Principles of facet sequences

- Phase- Relation, Devices and their types.
- Isolates & auxiliaries: Common and special isolates; Standard subdivisions .
- Notation: Meaning, Need, Functions, Types, Qualities.
- Call number and its structure.

#### **Unit 5: Recent Trends**

- Classification and Information Technology: Role of Classification in Organizing and Searching the WWW.
- Trends in Classification : Simple Knowledge Organization Systems (SKOS), Taxonomies, Folksonomies
- Knowledge Organizations: ISKO, CRG and EDUG, etc.

- 1. Chan, L. M. and Salaba, Athena (2015). *Cataloguing and classification: an introduction*. 4<sup>th</sup> ed. Lanham, MD: Rowman & Littlefield Publishers
- 2. Dhyani, Pushpa (2000). Theory of library classification. Delhi: VishwaPrakashan.
- 3. Jennifer, E. R. (1987). *Organizing knowledge: an introduction to information retrieval*. Aldershot: Gower.
- 4. Joudrey, Daniel N. & Taylor, Arlene G. (2015). *Introduction to cataloguing and classification*, 11<sup>th</sup> ed. Santa Barbara: Libraries Unlimited.
- 5. Krishan Kumar (1993). *Theory of classification*. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House.
- 6. Kumbhar, Rajendra (2011). *Library classification trends in 21<sup>st</sup> century*. Oxford:Chandos Publishing.
- 7. Lazarinis, Fotis (2014). *Cataloguing and classification: an introduction to AACR2, RDA, DDC, LCC, LCSH and MARC 21 standards.* Oxford: Chandos Publishing.
- 8. Mann, Margaret (1943). *Introduction to cataloguing and the classification of books*. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. Chicago: American Library Association.
- 9. Ranganathan, S. R. (2006). *Prolegomena to library classification*. 3<sup>rd</sup> ed. New Delhi: EssEss Publications.
- 10. Rowley, Jennifer & Hartley, Richard (2008). *Organizing knowledge: an introduction to managing access to information*. 4<sup>th</sup> ed. London: Routledge.

#### LIUATT3

# **Knowledge Organization - Cataloguing (Theory)** TM 100(Internal Assessment 30 + Theory 70) (Credit-04)

# **Objectives:**

To get the idea about various cataloguing schemes and to get knowledge how cataloguing scheme helps to retrieve information from the library.

# **Learning Outcomes:**

#### After studying this paper, students shall be able to:

- 1. Understand the concept of library catalogue
- 2. Comprehend various inner and outer forms of library catalogue
- 3. Understand the main and added entries of library catalogue
- 4. Understand various approaches of deriving subject headings
- 5. Know about the normative principles of cataloguing
- 6. Understand the concept of co-operative and centralized cataloguing
- 7. Explain the current trends in library cataloguing Know the standards for bibliographic interchange and communication.

#### **Unit 1: Library Catalogue:**

- Library Catalogue: Concept, Objectives, Functions
- Physical Forms of Library Catalogue: Conventional and Non-conventional
- Types of Catalogue: Dictionary Catalogue, Classified Catalogue, Alphabetico-Classed Catalogue, Alphabetico-Subject Catalogue

# **Unit 2: Catalogue Codes and Normative Principles**

- Catalogue Codes: History and Development
- Normative Principles
- Kinds of Entries.
- Fillings of Entries
- Silent Features of CCC and AACR: Comparative Analysis

# **Unit 3: Choice and Rendering of Headings**

- Personal Names Western and Indian
- Corporate Authors
- Pseudonyms and anonyms works
- **Uniform Titles**

# **Unit 4: Subject and Union Catalogue**

- Subject Catalogue: Meaning, Purpose - Union Catalogue: Concept, Purpose

- Tools and Techniques for Deriving Subject Headings
- Cooperative and Centralized Cataloguing

## **Unit 5: Current Trends in Cataloguing**

- ISBD, CCF, RDA, FRBR and Bibframe.
- MARC 21, DUBLIN CORE, and Others

- 1. Bowman, J. H. (2003). Essential cataloguing. London: Facet Publishing.
- 2. Brenndorfer, Thomas (2016).*RDA Essentials*. Chicago, American Library Association.
- 3. Bristow, Barbara A. (2018). *Sears List of subject headings*. 22<sup>nd</sup> ed. New York: Grey House Publishing.
- 4. Chan, L. M., & Hodges, T. (2007). *Cataloging and classification: An introduction*. 3<sup>rd</sup> ed. Lanham, Md: Scarecrow Press.
- 5. Chowdhury, G. G., & Chowdhury, S. (2007). *Organizing information: From the shelf to the Web.* London: Facet Publishing.
- 6. Girja Kumar & Krishan Kumar (2011). *Theory of cataloguing*. 5<sup>th</sup> ed. Delhi: Vikas Publishing House.
- 7. Gorman, M., & Winkler, P. (2005). *Anglo-American Cataloguing Rules -2R*. Chicago: American Library Association.
- 8. Krishan, G. (2000). Library online cataloguing in digital way. Delhi: Authors press.
- 9. Lazarinis, Fotis (2014). *Cataloguing and classification: An introduction to AACR2, RDA, DDC, LCC, LCSH and MARC 21 Standards.* London: Chandos Publishing.
- 10. Mitchell, A. M., & Surratt, B. E. (2005). *Cataloging and organizing digital resources: A how to-do-it manual for librarians*. London: Facet Publication.
- 11. Ranganathan, S. R. (1964). *Classified catalogue code: With additional rules for dictionary catalogue*. 5<sup>th</sup> (Reprint) ed. New Delhi: EssEss Publications.
- 12. Taylor, A. G. & Miller, D. P (2007). *Introduction to cataloging and classification*. 10<sup>th</sup> ed. Westport, Conn: Libraries Unlimited.
- 13. Welsh, A., &Batley, S. (2012). *Practical cataloguing: AACR, RDA and MARC 21*. London: Facet Publishing.

#### LIUATT4

# Basics of Information and Communication Technology (Theory) TM 100(Internal Assessment 30+Theory 70) (Credit-04)

# **Objectives:**

To get the basic knowledge about the Information and Communication Technology and its implication in the Library fields.

# **Learning Outcomes:**

# After studying this paper, students shall be able to:

- 1. Understand the structure of computer and functions of its various units
- 2. Plan and implement automation in library housekeeping operations and services
- 3. Evaluate various library management software
- 4. Identify and state the features of telecommunication channels, modes, media, modulation, standards and protocols
- 5. Highlight the nature and components of computer networks and their protocols and standards
- 6. Discuss of Internet, search engines and network security
- 7. Examine the concept of library networks and highlight their types and importance

#### **Unit 1: Fundamentals of Computers**

- Concept, Generations, Types, Hardware
- Units of Computers: Arithmetic and Logic Unit, Control unit, Input and Output Unit, Memory Unit
- Software: System Software; Application Software
- Introduction to Character Recognition
- Database

#### **Unit 2: Library Automation**

- Definition, Purpose, Historical Development of Library automation software.
- Library Management Software: Proprietary, Free and Open Source Software (FOSS); Evaluation

#### **Unit 3: Telecommunication Technologies**

- Transmission Channels, Mode, and Media, ISDN, PSDN, Hubs, Router, Modem
- Wireless Communication: Media, Wi-fi, Li-fi, Satellite Communication, Mobile Communication

#### **Unit 4: Computer Networks & Security**

- Computer Networks: Concept, Need, Topologies, Types: LAN, MAN, WAN
- Internet: Web Browsers, WWW, E-mail; Search Engines; Web2.0, Web3.0
- Internet Protocols and standard
- Intranet and Extranet, Internet Security

- 1. Bharihoke, Deepak (2012). Fundamentals of Information Technology. 4<sup>th</sup> ed. New Delhi: Excel Books.
- 2. Borgman, Christine L. (2017). *Big data, little data, no data: Scholarship in the networked world.* Cambridge: The MIT Press.
- 3. Haravu, L. J. (2014). *Library automation: Design, principles and practice*. Allied Publishers, New Delhi.
- 4. Hennig, Nicole. (2017). *Keeping up with emerging technologies: Best practices for information professionals.* Santa Barbara: Libraries Unlimited.
- 5. Joiner, Ida. (2017). *Emerging library technologies: It's not just for geeks*. Oxford: Chandos Publishing.
- 6. Leon-Garcia, Alberto & Widjaja, Indra (2006). *Communication networks:* Fundamental concepts and key architectures. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. New Delhi: McGraw-Hill.
- 7. Phadke, D. N. (2017). Library information technology. Pune: Universal Publications.
- 8. Rajaraman, V. & Adabala, Neeharika (2014). *Fundamentals of computers*. 6<sup>th</sup> ed. New Delhi: Prentice-Hall of India.
- 9. Tanenbaum, Andrew S. &Wetherall, David J. (2013). *Computer networks*. 5<sup>th</sup> ed. New Delhi: Prentice Hall.

#### LIUATT5

# Information Sources, Systems and Services TM 100 (Internal Assessment 30 + Theory 70) (Credit-04)

# **Objectives:**

To acquire the concepts of information, its sources, Systems and Services.

# **Learning Outcomes:**

#### After studying this paper, students shall be able to:

- 1. Understand, identify and explore the different types of information sources.
- 2. Evaluate various types of information sources.
- 3. Explore, collate and facilitate access to the electronic resources, such as e-journals, e-books, databases and institutional repositories.
- 4. Provide library services using sources such as blogs, portals, wikies, subjectgateways, digital libraries.
- 5. Understand the concept of library resource sharing and consortia.
- 6. Comprehend the nature and functions of various information systems and networks.

#### **Unit 1: Information Sources**

- Nature, Characteristics, Types.
- Documentary and Non-Documentary Sources
- Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Sources of Information

#### **Unit 2: Reference Sources and Electronic Information Sources**

- Reference Sources: Characteristics, Types, Usefulness.
- Online databases, Open access resources, Internet sources, E-books, E Journals, E-Thesis, E-News papers, Blogs.
- Subject Gateways, Web Portals, Library Portals, Bulletin Boards, Multimedia Resources, Institutional repositories.

#### **Unit 3: Reference and Information Services**

- Reference Service: Concept, Purpose, Types, Theories.
- Documentation Services: Current Awareness Service (CAS), Selective Dissemination of Information (SDI), Translation Services, Indexing and Abstracting Services, Bibliographical Services.
- Document Delivery Services, Inter Library Loan (ILL) Service

# **Unit 4: Information Systems and Networks**

- National Information Systems and Networks: NISCAIR, NASSDOC, DESIDOC,, ENVIS, NICNET; National Knowledge Network (NKN)
- Global Information Systems and Network: MEDLARS, AGRIS, INIS, INSPEC, BIOSIS, ERIC, Patent Information System (PIS).
- Library Networks and Resource Sharing: DELNET, INFLIBNET, resources sharing and Consortia, Indian Initiatives

#### Unit 5: Information Sources& Services on Web

- Web Resources: Concept and Use & types.
- Different types of Web Resources: Information Portals, Subject Directories, Subject Gateways, Online Databases
- E-resources in Science and Technology, Social Science and Humanities.

- 1. Bopp, R. E. & Smith, L. C. (Eds.). (2011). *Reference and information services: An introduction*. Santa Barbara: ABC-CLIO Publishing.
- 2. Cassell, K. A. & Hiremath, U. (2013). *Reference and information services: An introduction*. Chicago: American Library Association.
- 3. Chowdhury, G. & Chowdhury, S. (2001). *Information sources and searching on the World Wide Web*. London: Facet Publishing.
- 4. Cheney, F. N. & Williams, W. J. (2000). Fundamentals of reference sources. Chicago: American Library Association.
- 5. Grogan, Dennis (1982). Science and technology: An introduction to literature. London: Clive Bingley.
- 6. Guha, B. (1999). *Documentation and Information Services (2nd Ed.). Kolkata:* World Press.
- 7. Higgens, C. (Ed.). (1980). *Printed reference materials*. London: Library Association.
- 8. Katz, W. A. (2000). *Introduction to Reference work*. London, Butterworths.
- 9. Krishan Kumar (1984). *Reference Service*. New Delhi, Vikas Publishing House.
- 10. Ranganathan, S. R. (1991). Reference Service. Bangalore: SaradaRanganathan Endowment for Library Science.
- 11. Rowley, J. E. (1996). *The basics of information systems*. London: Facet Publishing.
- 12. Shuman, Bruce A. (2004). *Issues for libraries and information science in the internet age*. London: Libraries Unlimited Inc.

#### **Generic Elective (GE)**

#### LIUATG1

# **Statistics for Librarianship**

#### TM 100 (Internal Assessment 30 + Theory 70 ) (Credit 4)

# **Objectives:**

To know the Implication of statistical techniques and methods for the research purpose in Library science discipline.

# **Learning Outcomes:**

# After studying this paper, students shall be able to:

- 1. Know the use of statistical tools and techniques for data analysis and interpretation of research findings
- 2. Aware the methods of presenting and reporting research findings

#### **Unit 1: Methods of Data Collection**

- Data Collection Techniques: Primary and Secondary Data
- DataCollectionTools:Questionnaires,Schedule,Interview,ObservationScales And Check Lists, and Reports
- Sampling Techniques

# **Unit 2: Data Analysis and Interpretation**

- Descriptive Statistics: Measures of Control Tendency; Mean ,Median and Mode
- Measures of dispersion
- Graphical Presentation of Data-Bar, Pie, Line Graphs, Histograms

#### **Unit 3: Report Preparation**

- Research Reporting: Structure, Style, Contents; Style Manuals-Chicago, MLA, APA etc.
- Codes and Standards
- Selective and Simplified Cataloguing

# **Unit 4: Measuring Techniques for Library Data**

- Statistical Librarianship Librametrics, Bibliometrics, Scientometrics, Informetrics.
- Bibliographic Coupling, Co-citation Analysis
- Content Analysis, Citation Studies and Metrics

- 1.Busha, CH & Harter, SP: Research Methods in Librarianship: Techniques and Interpretation, New York Academic 1980.
- 2. Mohsin, SM: Research Methods in behavioural Sciences, Kolkatta Orient Longman, 1984.
- 3. Sharma, RN & Sharma, RK: Research methods in Social Sciences, Bombay, Media Promoters & Publishers Pvt. Ltd., 1987.
- 4. Sing, Sadhu: Research Methodology in Social Sciences, Bombay, Himalaya Publishing House, 1980.
- 5. Stevens, RE. Ed: Research Methods in Librarianship, London, Bingley 1971.
- 6. Wilson, EB: Introduction to scientific Research, New Delhi, Mc-Graw Hill, 1952.
- 7. Young, PV: Scientific Social Surveys and research, Ed 4, New Delhi, Prentice Hall, 1982.
- 8. Charles, H. et.al.: Research methods in librarianship: Techniques and interpretations, New Delhi: Sage, 1993.
- 9. Fowler, F.J.: Survey research methods. New Delhi: Sage, 1993. 10. Goode, W.J. and Hatt, P.K.: Methods in social Science research. New Delhi: McGraw Hill, 1986.

#### **Generic Elective (GE)**

#### LIUATG2

# **Digital Library: Fundamentals**

# TM 100 (Internal Assessment 30 + Theory 70) (Credit 4)

# **Objectives:**

- To develop skills for handling information sources.
- To provide practical exposure to different information sources.

# **Learning Outcomes:**

#### After studying this paper, students shall be able to:

- 1. Understand and work on experience with IT products and services.
- 2. Get knowledge to work with digital library software and management tool Dspace etc.
- 3. Gain Overall knowledge of Digital Library and the parts of its operations using different types of software
- 4. Gain knowledge of both system software and application software related to Digital Library and management.

# **Unit 1 : Digital Libraries**

- Digital Libraries : Concept and definition
- Historical development of Digital Libraries
- Major Digital Library Initiatives in India

#### **Unit 2: Digitization Process**

- Digitization: Definition, Purpose and Process,
- Selection of materials for digitization
- Software, hardware and best practices
- Scanners and scanner types
- OCR and OCR software.

# **Unit 3: ICT Application for DLs**

- Open source software for Digital Library
- DSpace, GSDL: Features and comparative study of Dspace, Eprints and Fedora
- Open Standards and File formats, harvesting metadata.

#### **Unit 4: Digital Library Architecture**

- Components of Digital Library, Principles of Design
- Digital Preservation: Persistent identifiers :DOI and CNRI Handles
- User Interface-Principles of design

- 1. Arms, W. Y. (2005). Digital libraries. New Delhi: Ane Books.
- 2. Bose, Kausik. (1994). Information Networks in India: Problems and Prospects. New Delhi: Ess Ess,
- 3. Chowdury, G.G. (2003). Introduction to Digital Libraries. London: Facet Publishing,
- 4. Cohn, John M., Kelsey, Ann L., and Fiels, Ketih Micheal. (1998). Planning for Library Automation: A Practical Handbook. London: Library Association.
- 5. Papy, F. (2013). Digital Libraries. Somerset: Wiley.
- 6. Pedley, Paul. (2001). The invisible Web: Searching the hidden parts of the Internet. London: Aslib.
- 7. Xavier, C. (2000). World Wide Web Design with HTML, New Delhi: TMH.

#### **Generic Elective (GE)**

#### LIUATG3

# **Collection Development**

# TM 100(Internal Assessment 30+ Theory 70) (Credit 4)

**Objectives:** To know the importance and policies of collection development in library.

# **Learning Outcomes:**

# After studying this paper, students shall be able to:

- 1. Understand the various types of collection in library
- 2. Gain knowledge about different selection procedure ,evaluation techniques ,preservation processes and policies related to collection development

# **Unit 1: Basics of Collection Development**

- Definition, Need and Function
- Collection Development Policy
- Collection Development Vs Collection Management

# **Unit 2: Types of Collection**

- Collection: Importance of collection in library
- Conventional Documents
- Electronic Resources

#### **Unit 3: Document Selections and Acquisition Procedure**

- Acquisition Programme: Objectives and Functions
- Allocation of Library Funds: Norms and Standards
- Problems in Acquisition of reading Materials
- Good Office Committee

#### **Unit 4: Collection Evaluations and Weeding**

- Collection Evaluation: Definition, Need, and Utility
- Techniques/Methods of collection evaluation
- Weeding: Need and Importance

# **Unit 5: Preservation, Its Impact on Collection Development**

- Preservation: Need, Methods, Limitations and Remedies
- Causes of deterioration and preventive methods of preservation
- Impact of IT on Collection Development

- 1. Academic Libraries: Role in the National Development, by Dorothy Issac, A.A.N. Raju and L.S. Ramaiah (Ed) (1993). Madras: T.R. Publications. (Section 2 : Collection Development).
- 2. Advisory Committee for Libraries. (Chairman: K.P. Sinha) (1960). Report. Rev. ed. Manager of Publications p. 63 (Govt. of India); 1961, Delhi, India.
- 3. American Library Association (1956). Public Library Service: A Guide to Evaluation with Minimum Standard. Chicago, ALA. American Library Association. (1977). Resources and Technical Services Division. Guidelines for the Formulation of Collection Development Policies. In Library Resources & Technical Services, Volume 21. pp. 40-47.
- 4. Gelfand, M.A. (1974). University Libraries for Developing Countries. Delhi: The University Book. 5. Hingwe, K.S. (1982). Management of University Libraries in India: Principles and Practices. Calcutta: The World Press.
- 6.India. University Grants Commission (1965). Library Committee (Chairman: S.R. Ranganathan) University and College Libraries: Report. New Delhi: UGC.
- 7.Indian Library Association. 13th All India Library Conference, Jaipur, January 28-31, 1985. Building Library Collections and National Policy for Library and Information Services. Seminar Papers. Ed. by P.B. Mangla, Delhi: Indian Library Association.
- 8. Krishan Kumar (1985). Library Manual, New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House.
- 9. Mittal, R.L. (1993). Library Administration: Theory and Practice. Ed.5. New Delhi: Metropolitan Book.
- 10. Ranganathan, S.R. (1989). Library Book Selection. Ed.2. Bangalore: Sarada Ranganathan Endowment for Library Science.

#### Second Semester

#### LIUBTT1

#### **Library Management**

# TM100 (Internal Assessment 30 + Theory 70) (Credit-04)

# **Objectives:**

To know the importance and role of "management" to perform the Library Services and activities.

# **Learning Outcomes:**

# After studying this paper, students shall be able to:

- 2. Understand the concept and history of management
- 3. Elaborate principles and functions of management
- 4. Carry out various operations of Library and Information Centres
- 5. Manage, preserve and provide access to various print and non-print information sources
- 6. Comprehend the concept of financial management and human resource management
- 7. Maintain the library statistics and prepare annual report

# **Unit 1: Principles and Functions of Management**

- Management: Concept, Scope and functions
- Schools of Management Thoughts
- Principles and Elements of Management
- TOM (Total Quality Management)

#### **Unit2: Resource Development**

- Information Resources; Definition, features and types
- Different Types of Selection Tools and Their Importance
- Human Resource Management : Concept and Principles

# **Unit 3: Maintenance of Library**

- Acquisition of Books and Subscription of Periodicals
- Technical Processing
- Circulation Methods and Processes
- House Keeping Operations: Stock Verification, Shelf-rectification, Binding, Preservation

# **Unit 4: Financial and Human Resource Management**

- Sources of Library Finance, Estimation of Library's Financial Requirements
- Budgeting, Accounting, Auditing.
- Cost Effectiveness Analysis and Cost Benefit Analysis

#### **Unit 5: Library Committee, Rules, and Reports**

- Library Committee : Role and functions
- Library Statistics; Annual Report
- Library Rules and Regulations
- Library Building and Space Management

- 1. Beard W. Ian & Holden, Len. (1996). *Human Resource Management: A contemporary perspectives*. London: Longman.
- 2. Bryson, Jo. (1996). *Effective library and information management*. New Delhi: JaicoPublising House.
- 3. Evans, G. Edward &Layzell, Patricia. (2007). *Management basics for information professionals*. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. London: Libraries Unlimited.
- 4. Harvey, Poss. (1993). Preservation in libraries: a reader. London: R.R. Bowker.
- 5. Johnson, P. (2014). *Fundamentals of collection development and management*. 3<sup>rd</sup> ed. Chicago: American Library Association.
- 6. Koontz, H. &Weihrich, H. (2015). *Essentials of management*. 10<sup>th</sup> ed. Chennai, McGraw Hill Inc.
- 7. Krishan Kumar, (2007). *Library management in electronics environment*. New Delhi: Har -Anand Publications.
- 8. Mittal, R. (2007). *Library administration: Theory and practice*. New Delhi: EssEss Publications.
- 9. Narayana, G J. (1991). *Library and information management*. New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India.
- 10. Stoner, James A.F. et al. (1996). *Management: Global perspectives*. 10<sup>th</sup> ed.New Delhi: McGraw Hill Inc.
- 11. Stueart, Robert D. & Moran, B. (2007). *Library and information centremanagement*, 7<sup>th</sup>, ed. London: Libraries Unlimited.

#### LIUBLT2

# **Knowledge Organization - Classification (Practice)\***

# TM 100(Internal Assessment 30 + Practice 70) Credit-04)

# **Objectives:**

To get the practical knowledge about various Classification schemes and to get knowledge how to use of classification scheme in the Libraries.

# **Learning Outcomes:**

# After studying this paper, students shall be able to:

- 1. Construct class numbers for documents with simple, compound and complex subjects
- 2. Synthesize class numbers by using the standard subdivisions/common isolates/auxiliary tables
- 3. Compile book numbers and be able to use index of the classification scheme

# Unit 1: Classification of documents with simple subjects

# Unit 2: Classification of documents with compound subjects

# Unit 3: Classification of documents with complex subjects using standard subdivisions/common isolates/special isolates/auxiliary tables/add notes from schedules

# **Unit 4: Assigning Book Numbers**

\*Note: Departments may impart practical training on Dewey Decimal Classification and Colon Classification Latest Editions.

- 1. British Standards Institute (2006). *Universal Decimal Classification*. 2 vols. Standard ed. London: BSI.
- 2. Dewey, Melvil and Mitchell, Joan S. (2011). Dewey *Decimal Classification and Relative Index*. 23<sup>rd</sup> ed. Dublin: OCLC
- 3. Ranganathan, S. R. (2008). *Colon classification*. 6<sup>th</sup> rev. ed. New Delhi: EssEss Publications.
- 4. Ranganathan, S. R. & Gopinath, M. A. (1989). *Colon classification*. 7<sup>th</sup>ed. Vol. 1, schedules for classification. Banglore, SaradaRanganathan Endowment for Library Science.
- 5. Schedules of Library of Congress Classification Schemes

#### LIUBLT3

# **Knowledge Organization - Cataloguing (Practice)\***

#### TM 100(Internal Assessment 30 + Practice 70) (Credit-04)

#### **Objectives:**

To get the Practical knowledge about various Cataloguing schemes and to get knowledge how to use cataloguing Scheme in the libraries to helps to retrieve information from the library.

# **Learning Outcomes:**

# After studying this paper, students shall be able to:

- 1. Use the catalogue codes and standards
- 2. Prepare catalogue entries for various types of information sources
- 3. Derive subject headings using various methods and tools

# Unit 1: Cataloguing of Works of Single Authorship, Shared Authorship, Pseudonyms,

#### **Mixed Responsibilities**

- Unit 2: Cataloguing of Editorial Works, Composite Works, Multi-volume Works
- **Unit 3: Cataloguing of Serial Publications, Uniform Titles**
- **Unit 4: Cataloguing of Works of Corporate Authorship**

\*Note: Departments may impart practical training on AACR-2 and Classified Catalogue Code.

- 1. Bristow, Barbara A. (2018). *Sear's list of subject headings*. 22<sup>nd</sup> ed. New York: Grey House Publishing.
- 2. Gorman, M., & Winkler, P. (2005). *Anglo-American Cataloguing Rules -2R*. Chicago: American Library Association.
- 3. Ranganathan, S. R. (1964). *Classified catalogue code: with additional rules for dictionary catalogue*. 5<sup>th</sup> (Reprint) ed. New Delhi: EssEss Publications.

#### LIUBLT4

# **Basics of Information and Communication Technology (Practice)**

#### TM 100(Internal Assessment 30+ Theory 70) (Credit-04)

# **Objectives:**

To get the basic practical knowledge about the Information and Communication

Technology and its implication in the Library fields.

# **Learning Outcomes:**

#### After studying this paper, students shall be able to:

- 1. Create, edit and manage files using Word Processing, Spread Sheet and Power Point Presentation software
- 2. Carry out library housekeeping operations using library management software
- 3. Generate different types of report using library management software
- 4. Search information from internet and databases adopting suitable search strategies
- 5. Get to know about bibliographic information

**Unit1:**Computer Hardware: Computer Structure, Input and Output Devices, Memory Devices and their use, Use of Operating System; Application Software: Use of Word Processing Software, Spread Sheet Management Software and PowerPoint Presentation Software,

**Unit2:**Integrated Library Management Software, Definition, Modules, Open Source ILMS-KOHA, its features and functions.

**Unit3:**Searching and Retrieval: Search Strategy and Techniques, Keyword Search, Phrase Search, Boolean Search, Proximity Search, Field Search, Use of different search filters

**Unit4:**Searching Information from Internet using Different Search Engines; Searching Web OPAC, WorldCat, IndCat, Sodhganga, National Digital Library (NDL), Directory of Open Access Journals (DOAJ), Directory of Open Access Books (DOAB), Google Scholar

- 1. Brown, Christopher & Bell, Suzanne (2018). Librarian's guide to online searching: cultivating database skills for research and instruction. 5<sup>th</sup> ed. London: Libraries Unlimited
- 2. Clayton, Marlene (2018). *Managing library automation*. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. London: Routledge.
- 3. Markey, Karen (2019). *Online searching: A guide to finding quality information efficiently and effectively.* 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. Lanham, Maryland: Rowman & Littlefield Publishers.

- 4. Marmel, Elaine (2015). *Office 2016 Simplified*. Hoboken. New Jersey: John Wiley & Sons.
- 5. Mishra, Vinod Kumar (2016). *Basics of library automation, Koha library management software and data migration: Challenges with case studies.* New Delhi: EssEss Publications.

# **Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course - AECC**

#### LIUBLA1

#### Soft Skill

# TM 100(Internal Assessment 30 + Project 70 ) (Credit 2)

#### **Objectives:**

To increase the communication ability and to improve the skills to become more effective library professionals.

# **Learning Outcomes:**

# After studying this paper, students shall be able to:

- 1. Get knowledge about the fundamental of communications .
- 2. Get to know about the work place skills and overall communications skills.

#### **Unit 1: Communication Fundamentals**

- Communication, definition, types and purpose
- Listening Skills
- Speaking Skills
- Writing Skills

# **Unit 2: Preparing for Job Interview**

- Resume Writing
- Preparing for an Interview
- Effective Interview Skills
- Group Discussion

## **Unit 3: Workplace Skill**

- Inter personal communication
- Working in Teams
- Presentation Skills
- Negotiation Skills

# **Unit 4 : Personality Development**

- Time Management
- Stress Management
- Leadership

- 1.Gladis, S. D. (1993). Write type, personality types and writing styles. Amherst, Mass.: Human Resource Development Press.
- 2.Gupta, S. (2009). Personality development and communication skills. Jaipur, India: Book Enclave.
- 3. Karten, N. (2010). Presentation skills for technical professionals achieving excellence.. Ely: IT Governance Publications.
- 4.Masters, L. A., Wallace, H. R., & Harwood, L. (2011). Personal development for life and work (10th ed.). Australia: South-Western Carnage Learning.
- 5.McMurry, J. H. (2002). The etiquette advantage: personal skills for social success. Wilmington, NC: Stellar Publications.

#### Skill Enhancement Course – SEC

# LIUBLL1

# Information Sources and Services (Practice) TM 100(Internal Assessment 30 + Practical 70) (Credit-02)

# **Objectives:**

- To understand the practical knowledge of information sources.
- To study documentary and non-documentary sources of information.
- To familiarize students with Print and Electronic versions of information sources
- To understand the Primary, secondary and tertiary information sources

# **Learning Outcomes:**

## After studying this paper, students shall be able to:

- 1 Understand the basic concept, importance, characteristics, functions, and evolutions of both print and non-print sources of information.
- 2 Gain the knowledge of primary, secondary and tertiary sources of information
- 3 Know the categories of information like documentary and non documentary sources as well as the human and institutional sources of both print sources and e-resources.
- 4 Clearly understand the major print and electronic resources related to primary sources of information.
- 5 Understand the important secondary sources of both print & electronic versions information sources.
- 6 Trace the relevant tertiary sources of both print & electronic sources of information.
- 7 Know the different non-documentary sources of human and institutional sources of information
  - A. Evaluation of Various Reference Sources
  - B. Visit to various Library & Information Centers and Evaluate Library Services at College, University, and Special Library Level.
  - c. Preparation of Current Awareness List, Press Clippings: Local, National and International Newspapers and Content list
  - D. Preparation of Bibliography/ Webliography, Preparation of Indexing and Abstracting records

#### Annexure – I

# Suggested List of Reference/Information sources for Evaluation and Information Queries

#### (A) Encyclopedias

- 1 .New Encyclopaedia Britannica
- 2. Encyclopaedia Americana
- 3. International

Encyclopaediaof Social

Sciences

4. McGraw Hill Encyclopaedia of

Science and Technology

5. Encyclopaedia of Library and

**Information Science** 

#### (B)Dictionaries

1. Webster's Third New

International Dictionary of

English Language

- 2. The Oxford English Dictionary
- 3. Funk and Wagnall Dictionary

#### (c) Year Books and Almanacs

- 1. Statement's Year Book
- 2. Europe Year Book
- 3. India: A Reference Annual
- 4. Manorma Year Book
- 5. World Almanac and Book of Facts

#### (D)Directories

- 1. World of Learning
- 2. University Handbook
- 3. Directory of Scientific Research Institutions

in India

#### (E)Biographical Sources

- 1. International Who's who
- 2. India's who's who
- 3. Directory of National Biography

#### (F)Geographical Sources

1. Chamber's

World Gazetteers

andGeographical

**Dictionary** 

- 2. Webster's Geographical Dictionary
- 3. Gazetteer of India: India Union
- 4. Fodor's India/India Handbook
- 5. Britannica Atlas

# (G) Serial Reference Sources

1. Ulrich's

International

periodical

Directory

- 2. Keeping's Record of World Events
- 3. Asian news digest
- 4. Index India
- 5. Guide to Indian

Periodical Literature

# (H)Bibliographies

- 1. Indian National Bibliography
- 2. British National Bibliography
- 3. National

Bibliography of

**Indian**Literature

- 4. Cumulative Book Index
- S. Books in Print
- 6. Indian. Books in Print

#### (I) Hindi Sources

- l. Hindi Vishwakosh
- 2. Bhartiy Kahavat Sangrah

- 1 Dhiman A.K. & Rani Y. (2005). Reference Sources and Services. New Delhi: Ess Ess Publications.
- 2 Guha, B. (1983). Documentation and information: Services, techniques and systems. Calcutta: World Press.
- 3 Gupta, B. M. et al. (1991). Handbook of libraries, archives, information centres in India. New Delhi: Aditya Prakshan.
- 4 Katz, W A (1992). Introduction to Reference Work. New York: McGraw-Hill.
- 5 Krishan Kumar. (1990). Reference service. New Delhi: Vikas.
- 6 Neelameghan, A. & Prasad, K. N. (Eds.). (2005). Information systems and services in India. Bangalore: SRELS.
- 7 Ranganathan, S.R. (1992). Reference Service. Bangalore: SRELS.
- 8 Rowlay, J E & Turner. (1987). Reference Service and sources of Information. New Delhi: EssEss.
- 9 Sharma, J S. & Grover, D. R. (1992). Reference Service and Sources of Information. New Delhi: EssEss publications.
- 10 Singh G (2013). Information Sources, Services and Systems. Delhi: PHI learning Pvt.ltd.
- 11 Singh, S. (1997). International Manual of Reference and Information Services. Delhi: Beacon.
- 12 Subramanayam, K/ (2001). Scientific and Technical Information Resources, New Delhi: Anmol.
- 13 Sunitha, A. (1998). Documentation services in India: A review of some selected documentation centres. New Delhi: Academic Publications.
- 14 Vickery, B. C. (1987). Information systems. London: Butterworths.
- 15 Walford, A.J. (1990). Guide to Reference Materials, London: Library Association

# **Discipline Specific Elective – DSE**

#### LIUBPD1

# Internship -Project work / Field Work / Survey Report/ Literature Survey TM 100 (Internal Assessment 30+ Practice 70) (Credit 04)

# **Objectives:**

- To know the impact of different Library and information system toward the society
- how the Library services run in the various library structure along with the importance and implication of Media Centers.
- To get the information about various kind of the libraries.

# **Learning Outcomes:**

# After studying this paper, the students shall be able to:

- To get knowledge how to do internship -project work, field work and different types of perspective.
- Understand the nature and role of different types of Libraries and Information Systems
- To get knowledge how to select, organize, analyze and maintain of reading material in the libraries.

Themes: Library Services, Classification, Cataloguing, Reference Services, Indexing, abstracting, Library Digitization, E-resources, Collection development, Resource sharing and Library Networking, User Education, Use of Libraries, Library Literacy.

**Note:** This paper is related to major areas of Project work / Field Work / Survey Report/ Literature Survey in the field of library and information science. Every Students has to prepare and submit Project work from any one area related to the topics given below.

- Public Libraries
- School Libraries
- College Libraries
- University Libraries
- National Libraries
- Special Libraries
- Children Libraries
- Libraries for Prisoners

- Private Libraries
- Libraries for Specially-able
- Online Libraries
- Mobile Libraries
- Village Libraries,
- Personal library, etc.

# \*Evaluation Criteria and Distribution of marks:

Total =	100		
(e) Resources used –	10		
(d) Presentation skill including ability to answer the questions-			
(c) Justification of scope-			
(b) Review of Literature-			
(a) Concept Note including the formulation of objectives and hypothesis-			

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HEAD
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