

गुरु घासीदास विश्वविद्यालय, बिलासपुर Guru Ghasidas Vishwavidyalaya, Bilaspur



1.3.2 List of Value Added Courses with Contents





Value Added Programme/Diploma Offered

University : Guru Ghasidas Vishwavidyalaya

List of Value AddedProgramme/Course

Sr. No.	Programme/Cour se Code	Name of the Programme		
	Value AddedProgrammes			
1	CYUATA1 CHEMISTRY IN EVERYDAY LIFE			
2	CYUATL1	SCIENCE COMMUNICATION AND POPULARIZATION		
3	PSUATA4	HUMAN RIGHTS		
4	RTUATA1	ORGANIC FARMING ENGLISH COMMUNICATION / MIL (HINDI COMMUNICATION)		
5	RTUATL1 & RTUALL1	HORTICULTURE AND LANDSCAPING		
6	ASUCTL3 & ASUCLL3	STATISTICAL PACKAGE FOR SOCIAL SCIENCE IN BIO- SOCIAL SCIENCES		
7	LSABU01, LBE01	STATISTICAL PACKAGE FOR SOCIAL SCIENCE		
8	HIUATLI	रचनात्मकलेखन		
9	HIUATA1	हिंदीव्याकरणऔरसम्प्रेष ण		
10	HIUATA2	हिंदीभाषा		
11	PPUATL1	ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES IN PHYSICS		
12	ZOUATL1	AQUACULTURE		
13	AMUATA2	BASICS OF STATISTICS		
14	BTUATA1	BIOTECHNOLOGY AND HUMAN WELFARE		
15	BOUDTL4	BOTANICAL GARDEN AND LANDSCAPING		

गुरू घासीदास विश्वविद्यालय (केन्रीय विश्वविद्यालय अधिनय 2009 क्र. 25 के अंतर्गत स्वापित केन्द्रीय विश्वविद्यालय) कोनी, बिलासपुर - 495009 (छ.ग.)



Guru Ghasidas Vishwavidyalaya (A Central University Established by the Central Universities Act 2009 No. 25 of 2009) Koni, Bilaspur – 495009 (C.G.)

16	SWUATL70	COUNSELING SKILLS FOR SOCIAL WORK PRACTICE
17	COUATA1	CREATIVITY AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP
18	HSUATA1	CULTURAL ECOLOGY: ISSUES AND CONCERN
19		TOURISM: HISTORY AND APPLICATION
20	COUATL1	E-COMMERCE
21	PLUATA1	ELECTRONICS IN DAILY LIFE
22	ESUATA4	ENGLISH COMMUNICATION
23	ESUATA5	ENGLISH LANGUAGE
24	FOUATA1	ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES AND DISASTER MANAGEMENT
25	PSUATA5	FEMINISM: THEORY AND PRACTICE
26	LAIATA5	GENERAL & LEGAL ENGLISH- I
27	FSUATL1	HANDWRITING IDENTIFICATION AND RECOGNITION
28	HSUATL1	UNDERSTANDING POPULAR CULTURE
29	COUATL2	STOCK MARKET OPERATIONS
30	COUATA2	SPIRITUAL MANAGEMENT
31	ESUATL6	SOFT SKILL DEVELOPMENT AND POWERPOINT PRESENTATION
32	AMUATA1	SET THEORY AND LOGIC
33	JMUATA2	RADIO PRODUCTION
34	BTUATL1	PLANT TISSUE CULTURE
35	JMUATA1	PHOTOGRAPHY
36	FOUATL1	NURSERY TECHNOLOGY
37	ENUATA1	NSS AND SOCIAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
38	SWUATA60	NGO MANAGEMENT
39	PLUATL1	NETWORK CIRCUIT ANALYSIS

गुरू घासीदास विश्वविद्यालय (केन्रीय विश्वविद्यालय अधिनय 2009 क्र. 25 के अंतर्गत स्वापित केन्द्रीय विश्वविद्यालय) कोनी, बिलासपुर - 495009 (छ.ग.)



Guru Ghasidas Vishwavidyalaya (A Central University Established by the Central Universities Act 2009 No. 25 of 2009) Koni, Bilaspur – 495009 (C.G.)

40	BOUATA3	MUSHROOM CULTURE TECHNOLOGY
41	ENUATL1	MONEY AND FINANCIAL MARKETS
42	JMUATL2	MEDIA, GENDER AND HUMAN RIGHTS
43	LIUATA1	LIBRARY LITERACY
44	PSUATL6	LEGISLATIVE PROCEDURES IN INDIA
45	AMUATL1	INTRODUCTION TO CRYPTOGRAPHY
46	FSUATA1	INTRODUCTION TO CRIMINALISTICS
47	CIUATA1	INFORMATION COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY
48	PPUATA1	INDIAN CONTRIBUTION TO PHYSICS
49	ZOUATA1	HUMAN HEALTH AND SEX EDUCATION
50	CIUATL1	HTML AND INTRODUCTION TO JAVA SCRIPT
51	CAUATA1	SOFT SKILLS
52	CYUATA2	CHEMINFORMATICS
53	CYUATL2	FERMENTATION SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY
54	FOUATA2	MEDICINAL PLANT & AROMATIC PLANT
55	AEC	WATER REMEDIATION AND CONSERVATION
56	FSUBTA2	FORENSIC RADIOLOGY
57	FSUBTL1	INTRODUCTION TO BIOMETRY
58	PLUATL2	SIMULATION AND DESIGN OF DIGITAL CIRCUIT COMPONENTS
59	PLUATA1	ELECTRONICS IN DAILY LIFE
60	ENUBTL2	ENVIRONMENTAL ECONOMICS
61	ESUBA2	LANGUAGE LEARNING THROUGH LITERATURE
62	SEC2	PUBLIC POLICY IN INDIA
63	AEC3	INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS AND

गुरू घासीदास विश्वविद्यालय (केन्रीय विश्वविद्यालय अधिनय 2009 क्र. 25 के अंतर्गत स्वापित केन्द्रीय विश्वविद्यालय) कोनी, बिलासपुर - 495009 (छ.ग.)



Guru Ghasidas Vishwavidyalaya (A Central University Established by the Central Universities Act 2009 No. 25 of 2009) Koni, Bilaspur – 495009 (C.G.)

		ENTREPRENEURSHIP
64	AMUATA1	SET THEORY AND LOGIC
65	HIUBTA2	हिंदी भाषा : एक सामान्य परिचय
66	BTUBTA1	BIO-MANAGEMENT OF ENVIROMENT
67	JMUBTL2	DOCUMENTARY PRODUCTION
68	CYUBTL1	IPR AND BUSINESS SKILL FOR CHEMIST
69	COUBTA1	BUSINESS COMMUNICATION
70	AMUBTL1	GRAPH THEORY
71	RTUBTL1	HERBAL PRODUCTION TECHNIQUES
72	JMUBTA1	INTRODUCTION TO FILM STUDIES
73	CIUBTL3	INTRODUCTION TO INTERNET OF THINGS
74	CIUBTA1	INTRODUCTION TO JAVA
75	PSUBTL5	MANAGING ELECTION AND ELECTION CAMPAIGN
76	COUBTL1	NEW VENTURE PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT
77	COUBTL2	PERSONAL TAX PLANNING AND TAX MANAGEMENT
78	BOUBTA	PLANTS IN TRADITIONAL SYSTEM OF MEDICINE
79	SWUBTL2	PROGRAMME MEDIA IN SOCIAL WORK
80	SWUBTA2	SOCIAL ACTION AND SOCIAL MOVEMENTS
81	AMUBTA1	THEORY OF INTERPOLATION
82	COUBTA2	TRIBAL ECONOMICS
83	HIUBTL1	साहित्य और हिंदी सिनेमा
84	AECPP02	PHYSICS FOR SUSTAINABLE FUTURE
85	SECPP02	RENEWABLE ENERGY AND ENERGY HARVESTING
86	RTUFTD3	RURAL HEALTH CARE

गुरू घासीदास विश्वविद्यालय (केन्रीय विश्वविद्यालय अधिनयम 2009 क्र. 25 के अंतर्गत स्थापित केन्नीय विश्वविद्यालय) कोनी, बिलासपुर - 495009 (छ.ग.)



Guru Ghasidas Vishwavidyalaya (A Central University Established by the Central Universities Act 2009 No. 25 of 2009) Koni, Bilaspur – 495009 (C.G.)

87	PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION			
Certificate Courses				
88	CERTIFICATE COURSE IN YOGIC SCIENCE			
89	VEDIC WISDOM & LIFE SKILLS			
90	BAMBOO WORK ARTISAN			
91	FITNESS TRAINER			
92	OCCUPATIONAL STANDARD FOR BEAUTY & WELLNESS			

Director

Internal Quality Assurance Cell Guru Ghasidas Vishwavidyalaya Koni, Rilaspur (C.G.) 495009



CHEMISTRY IN EVERYDAY LIFE

Learning Objective:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Understand the chemical processes involved in daily life
- 2. Know the respiration process in terms of chemistry
- 3. Understand chemicals hazardous for health
- 4. Understand chemical structures of various vitamins
- 5. Understand role of minerals in important biological processes.

Unit I: Respiration and energy production in human body

8 Lectures

Respiration, Respiratory enzymes, brief outline of hemoglobin and myoglobin, oxygen transport mechanism in body, co-operativity, Respiration in lower animals, hemocyanine, hemerythrine. Energy production in body, ATP; enzyme responsible for food digestion, mechanism of food digestion, active site of cytochrome c-oxidase.

Unit II: Chemical aspects of some common health hazards

5 Lectures

Anemia, sickle cell anemia, leukemia, blood pressure irregulation, blood sugar, arthritis, carbonmonoxide poisoning in mines, cyanide poisoning, fluorosis etc.

Unit III: Vitamins and minerals

5 Lecture.

Need for vitamin in body, types of vitamins, water soluble and fat-soluble vitamins, Vitamin B- 12, vitamin C (Cyanocobalamine), D, Vitamin K. Role of minerals in body, iodine deficiency andremedy.

Unit IV: Significance of Radical chemistry in living system

0 Lectures

Radical production in environment, superoxide and peroxide, health impact, action of radicals, cell mutation, diseases caused by free radical, cancer, radical quencher, anti-oxidants, natural anti-oxidants like vegetables, beverages like tea and coffee, fruits.Radical destroying enzymes: superoxide dismutase, catalase, peroxidase, mechanism of action.

Unit V: Chemistry of Materials

10 Lectures

Soaps and Detergents – their action, Biofuels – production of biofuels and its utility as alternative fuel source, Fibers: natural fibers, cotton, wool, silk, rayon, artificial fibers, polyamides, acrylic acid, PVC, PVA; Examples of natural biodegradable polymers, cellulose, cellulose acetate, cellophane, soy protein, corn, zein protein, wheat gluten protein, synthetic biodegradable polymers. Use of polymeric materials in dailylife.

Suggested Laboratory experiments:

- Analysis of soaps anddetergents.
- Analysis of Biofuels flash point, pour point, cloudpoint
- Preparation of Nylon6/6,6
- Testing of adulterant in food, oil andvegetable

SCIENCE COMMUNICATION AND POPULARIZATION

Learning outcomes:

After the completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- Identify the need and role of science communication in humandevelopment
- 2. utilize visual media science communication for creating scripts anddocumentaries
- Contribute in science popularization through internet communication and public sensitization

Keywords:

Print science, Visual media, Internet communication, Blogs, Outreach talks, Public sensitization

Unit 1: PrintScienceCommunication

9 lectures

Need for Science Journalism: Science has potential for breaking news, impact on Human life, impact on technology. Role of science and technology in human development. Framing policies at national and international levels. Writing and communicating popular articles effectively, case studies of celebrated works of science communicators including Cosmos by Carl Sagan, works of Bill Bryson, Richard Dawkins, Richard Feynman, Isaac Asimov, Carl Zimmer and Matt Riddley, importance for communication through regionallanguages.

Unit II: Visual MediaScienceCommunication

7 lectures

Science outreach through visual media: Creating science documentaries, creating the outline and expanding, scripts, citing authentic sources, case study: Famous documentaries of Carl Sagan, David Attenborough and Prof. Yashpal

Unit III: InternetScienceCommunication

7 lectures

Science outreach through internet: Social media, Websites, Blogs, Youtube, Podcast etc.

Unit IV: Science Outreach Talks and Public Sensitization

7lectures

Tactics for providing a charismatic and effective public talk, use of metaphors, speaking incontext, Science outreach for biodiversity conservation sensitization of public

Suggested Readings

- Selected works of Carl Sagan, works of Bill Bryson, Richard Dawkins, Richard Feynman, Isaac Asimov, Carl Zimmer and MattRiddley.
- Gigante, E. Marie (2018). Introducing Science Through Images: Cases of Visual Popularization (Studies in Rhetoric/Communication), University of South CarolinaPress.

Course Outcome:

Graduate will have understanding of:

- 1. Identify the need and role of science communication in human development
- Utilize visual media science communication for creating scripts and documentaries
- 3. Contribute in science popularization through internet communication and public sensitization



HUMAN RIGHTS

HUMAN RIGHTS

Course Objective:

The purpose of the course is to build conceptual understanding in students about human rights and enable them to critically examine key issues and areas often talked about in human rights discourses. Apart from state actors and institutions, agencies and law associated with them, which occupy the central place is discussion, the module also engages with social, religious, political and economic ideologies which unleash several critical issues pertaining to human rights. Thus, it is not the conflict zones but industrialization and pursuit of political and religious hegemony also throw serious human rights challenges.

Learning Outcomes:

- a. The student will be able to explain the meaning of human rights and examine human rights issues in different social, political and cultural contexts.
- b. The students will be able to relate human rights with other rights of individuals.
- c. They will come to know how ideologies which seek to create hegemony; religious or political, pose threats to the human rights of individuals.
- d. Students will be able to examine and explain issues of human rights when state and its agencies apply the methods and techniques of surveillance, interrogation and counter-terrorism operations.
- e. They will come to know about the human rights of the armed forces.

Unit I: Introduction to Human Rights

- a. Meanings of Human rights and its correlation with other rights
- b. Institutionalization of Human Rights: Universal Declaration of Human Rights

Unit II: Conflict Zones, Violence and the Issues in Human Rights

a. Terrorism, Police Encounter and Human Rights

Unit III: Human Rights Discourses in India

- a. Gender, Caste and Untouchability
- b. Industrialization, Displacement and Land questions

Readings:

- Aggarwal, G. P. et al. (2013). Human Rights in Changing Times. UK: Cambridge Scholars Publishing.
- Hoffman, J., & Graham, P. (2006). 'Human Rights', Introduction to Political Theory. Delhi: Pearson, pp. 436-458.



ORGANIC FARMING

Course Title: ORGANIC FARMING			
Course Code: RTUATA1	Credit: 01	Marks:100	

Learning outcomes

On completion of the this course, the students would be able to

- Understand the concepts of organic farming and disseminate the knowledge about organic farming among the farmers to overcome the threat of excess use of chemical fertilizer and pesticide.
- Understand about different components of organic farming and produce organic crop.

Organic farming- meaning, concept, definition, types of organic farming and benefits of organic farming. Principle of organic farming. Scope and present status of organic farming; India and Chhattisgarh.

Components of Organic farming –organic manure, green manure, animal based manure, agro industry based manure, crop rotation, biological management, Bio-fertilizers.

Organic crop management through – integrated pest management (IPM), integrated disease management (IDM), integrated nutrient management (INM), integrated water management (IWM), integrated weed management (IWM).

Organic crop production practice in - Rice, Wheat, Pigeon pea, plantation crops like Mango and Guava.

Organic farming Certification-Policies and incentive of organic production, Agencies and institution related to organic farming, procedures of certification for organic farming.

Course Title: LABORATORY COURSE BASED ON THEORY			
Course Code: RTUALA1	Credit:01	Marks:100	

- 1. To study the components of organic farming.
- 2. To study the production methods of organic manures.
- 3. To study the methods of application of organic manures.
- 4. To study the IPM, IDM, IMM and IWM for organic farming.
- 5. To study the certification process of organic farming

HORTICULTURE AND LANDSCAPING

Course Title: HORTICULTURE AND LANDSCAPING			
Course Code: RTUATL1	Credit: 02	Marks:100	

Learning outcomes

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the knowledge about horticulture practices and its importance.
- Learn detail information of orchard establishment and management will able to disseminate this knowledge to the farmers.
- Adopt horticulture as entrepreneurship.

Horticulture: Concept, scope, definition, economic importance and classification of horticultural crops, fruit and vegetable zones of India, exports and imports opportunities, Government schemes / programs related to horticulture and landscaping.

Establishment of orchard: site selection, principles, planning and layout of orchard, tools and implements. Management of orchard-Planting systems, training and pruning, nutrient, water, weeds, and pests management in orchard trees. Cultivation practices of major fruit crops-Citrus fruits, papaya, banana, ber, Guava and Mango.

Fundamental of Floriculture, Scope and importance of floriculture in India, Importance and production technology of cut flowers and loose flowers. Production techniques of ornamental plants like rose, marigold, chrysanthemum, gladiolus, jasmine, dahlia, tuberose and gerbera.

Landscaping: Principles and components, landscape designs, Styles of garden: formal, informal and free style gardens; types of landscape: Urban landscaping, bio-aesthetic planning, eco- tourism, theme parks, indoor gardening.

Plant components for landscaping: Lawns-Establishment and maintenance, Plants- herbs, annuals, hedges, climbers and creepers, cacti and succulents, flower borders and beds, ground covers, carpet beds, bamboo groves.





STATISTICAL PACKAGE FOR SOCIAL SCIENCE IN BIO SOCIAL SCIENCES

Course Objectives

- · The course is designed to provide the basic concept of SPSS software.
- · To study the types of variables, data presentation & summarization.
- To understand descriptive statistics & solving statistical problems.

Syllabus Contents

Unit I: Descriptive statistics: Types of variables

Unit II: Measures of Central Tendency,

Unit III: Measures of dispersion

Unit IV: Frequency Distribution: Histogram, Bar graph, Pie Chart, Polygraph

Unit V: Test of Inference

Suggested Readings

- 1. B.L. Agarwal. Basic Statistics. New Age International Publishers. Fourth Edition, 2006.
- 2. Fox and Alan. Elementary Statistics in Social Research. Gian Publishing House,
- Sunder Rao, P.S.S. et al. An introduction to Biostatistics & Research Method. New Arrivals-PHI
- Wackerly Dennis D, Mendelhall III, Wiliam et al. Mathematical Statistics with application Duxbury Press, Pacific Grove.
- Gaur AS, Gaur SS. Statistical Methods for Practice and Research. A guide to data analysing using SPSS. SAGE Response, New Delhi, India, 2009.
- Sunder Rao, P.S.S. et al. An introduction to Bio-statistics & Research Method. New Arrivals. PHI
- Conover W.J. Practical Nonparametric Statistics. Third Edition. Wiley India (P) Ltd. Ansari Road, Daryaganj, New Delhi. 1999.

Course Outcomes

- Understand different variables, summarization & presentation of data.
- · Understand textual, tabular & graphical illustration of data.
- Students will be able to use the knowledge in solving statistical problems
- Meaningful research inferences and conclusion can be drawn by students.

Statistical Package for Social Science (SPSS)

Presentation and summarization of data: Types of variables and Data presentation (tabulation, illustration)

Test of Inference: Chi-Square Test, Students't' test, ANOVA, Z score.

Correlation: Coefficient of Co-variation, Coefficient of Correlation

Practical

Descriptive statistics & Solving Statistical problems: Measures of Central Tendency, Frequency Distribution: Histogram, Bar graph, Pie Chart, Polygraph

Suggested Readings

- 1. B.L. Agarwal. Basic Statistics. New Age International Publishers. Fourth Edition, 2006.
- 2. Fox and Alan. Elementary Statistics in Social Research. Gian Publishing House,
- Sunder Rao, P.S.S. et al. An introduction to Biostatistics & Research Method. New Arrivals-PHI
- Wackerly Dennis D, Mendelhall III, Wiliam et al. Mathematical Statistics with application Duxbury Press, Pacific Grove.
- Gaur AS, Gaur SS. Statistical Methods for Practice and Research. A guide to data analysing using SPSS. SAGE Response, New Delhi, India, 2009.
- Sunder Rao, P.S.S. et al. An introduction to Bio-statistics & Research Method. New Arrivals-PHI.
- Conover W.J. Practical Nonparametric Statistics. Third Edition. Wiley India (P) Ltd. Ansari Road, Daryaganj, New Delhi. 1999.

रचनात्मकलेखन

रचनात्मक लेखन

पार्वकम् मंख्या : HIUATLI

- 💠 रचनात्मक लेखन : स्वरूप एवं मिद्धांत
 - जनभाषा और लोकप्रिय संस्कृति
 - लेखर के विविध रूप मीखिक-लिखित, गरा-परा, कथानमक-कथेतर, नाटय-पाठय
- 💠 विविध विधाओं की आधारभूत संरचनाओं का व्यावहारिक अध्ययन

क. कविता : संवेदमा, काव्यरूप, भाषा-सीष्ठव, छंट, लय, गति और तुक

ख. विविध गद्म-विधाएँ : कहानी, नाट्क, निवंध, संस्मरण और व्यंख

ग, बाल बाहिता की भाषारभूत बंरचवा

- 🗘 म्चना-तत्र के लिए लेखन
 - पिंट माध्यम : फीचर त्येवन वाहा वृत्तात मामान्यम पुम्तक ममीक्षा.
 - इलेक्ट्रॉनिक माध्यम : रेडियो, दुरदर्शन, फिल्म पटकथा लेखन, टेलीबिजन।

संदर्भ सची :

- L. आस्था और सौन्दर्व डॉ. रामविलास शर्मा, राजकमल प्रकाशन, नई हिल्ली
- 2. भवन्ती अजेव, हिन्ही साहित्य सम्मेलन, प्रयाग, इलाहाबाट
- एक माहिलिक की डाल्सी- गलावव माधत मुक्तिलोध, भारतीय नावपीठ, वर्ड दिल्ली
- 4. हिन्दी स्वरूप और संबेदना का विकास- रामस्वरूप चतुर्वेदी, लोकभारती प्रकाशन, इलाहाबाद
- 5. एक कवि की नोरबुक गावेश वोशी, राजकमल प्रकाशन, नई दिल्ली
- अधिता का जनपद अशोक वाजपेची, राधाकृष्ण प्रकाशन, नई दिल्ली
- 7. मंडी में मीडिया बिनीत कुमार, वाणी प्रकाशन, नई टिल्ली
- हिन्दी पत्रकारिता- कृष्ण बिहारी मिक्रा, प्रभात प्रकाशन, दिल्ली

हिंदी व्याकरण और सम्प्रेषण

पारवक्रम संख्या : HIUATA 1

- हिंदी व्याकरण एवं रचना संज्ञा, मर्वनाम और विशेषण। उपमार्ग, प्रत्यय तथा समाम। पर्यायवाची जब्द, विलोम शब्द, अनेक शब्दों के लिए एक गब्द, शब्द शुद्धि, बाक्य शुद्धि, मुहाबरे और लोकोक्तियां।
- 🗲 मंग्रेषण की अवधारणा और महत्व
- 🗲 संप्रेषण के प्रकार एवं माध्यम
- 🗲 संप्रेषण की तकनीक
- 🗲 संप्रेषण के बरण। श्रवण एवं अभिव्यक्ति

संदर्भ गची :

- हिर्म्दं व्याक्रमण-कामत प्रमार गुरू प्रभात प्रकाशन, हिल्ली
- 2. हिम्हें अनुशासन किमोरी प्रसाद राजपेयों, नागरी प्रवारिणी सभ, काशी
- अच्छी हिन्दी गमचन्द्र वर्मा, साहित्य रत्नमाता, बरारस
- आधुनिक हिन्दी व्याकरण और रचमा बसुदेव नन्दन प्रमाइ, भारती भवन प्रकाशन, पटना
- सामान्य हिन्ही ओक्सनाथ शर्मा, अरिडंत प्रकाशन, मेरठ

गुरु घासीदास विश्वविद्यालय (केन्रीय विश्वविद्यालय अधिनय 2009 इ. 25 के अंतर्ज स्वापित केन्नीय विश्वविद्यालय) कोनी, बिलासपुर - 495009 (छ.ग.)



Guru Ghasidas Vishwavidyalaya (A Central University Established by the Central Universities Act 2009 No. 25 of 2009) Koni, Bilaspur – 495009 (C.G.)

हिदी भाषा

पावकम संख्या : HIUATA2

भाषा एवं रचना :

हिंटी ध्वनियों का सामान्य परिचय, ध्वनि परिवर्तन, ध्वनि परिवर्तन के कारण, हिंटी में आगत विटेशी ध्वनियाँ।

साहित्य-खंड (गद्य) :

पंच परमेश्वर : प्रेमचंट फुलो का कुर्ता : वशपाल

भोलाराम का जीव : हरिप्रोकर परमाई

माहित्य-खंड (काव्य) :

हिमादी तुंग शृंग से... ; जवशंकर प्रसाट

आओ-आओ जल्द-जल्द पैर बदाओ : सूर्यकांत त्रिपाठी निराला

पदिए गीता : स्पृबीर सहाय

मदर्भ मुची :

- भाषा और समाज डॉ. रामविलाम शर्मा, राजकमल प्रकाशन, नई दिल्ली
- 2. भाषा विज्ञान-भोलानाथ तिवारी, किताव महल, दिल्ली
- 3. बहानी : स्वरूप और संबेटना राजेंद्र पाटब, वाणी प्रकाशन, नई टिल्ली
- विवेक के रंग देवी शंकर अवस्थी, भारतीय जानपीठ, नई दिल्ली.
- 5. कहानी : नई कहानी डॉ. नामबार सिंह, लोकभारती प्रकाशन, इलाहाबाट
- कुछ कहानियां कुछ विचार विश्वनाथ त्रिपाठी, राजकमल प्रकाशन, नई दिल्ली
- छावाबार- डॉ. नामवर सिंह, राजकमल प्रकाशान, नई टिल्ली
- राग-विराग- डॉ. रामविस्तास शर्मा, राधाकृष्ण प्रकाशन, नई दिल्ली
- 9. कविता के नए प्रतिमान डॉ. नामवर सिंह, राजकमल प्रकाशन, नई दिल्ली

Analytical Techniques in Physics

Course Code: SECPP01

Course Objective

The course focuses on the properties, functions of the internal structure, and arrangement of atoms in a
crystalline material. It offers an insight into how x-ray diffraction, can solve crystallographic issues
related to single and poly-crystalline material, right from the base. This course will also cover the basic
principles and techniques of scanning electron microscopy and Atomic Force microscopies along with
demonstrations on the instrument details and imaging experiments. The sample preparation techniques

for the microstructural analysis and surface Morphology analysis will be discussed. Structural studies by Fourier transform IR (FTIR) and Raman spectroscopies will be discussed.

Course learning outcomes:

 Students will have achieved the ability to: 1. apply appropriate characterization techniques for microstructure examination at different magnification level and use them to understand the microstructure of various materials 3. Determine crystal structure of specimen and estimate its crystallite size by X-ray Diffraction technique 4. Use appropriate spectroscopic technique to measure vibrational / electronic transitions.

Unit – I: Structure and Microstructure analysis by X-ray and electron diffraction: The geometry of crystals and reciprocal lattice, Basics of x-rays and their production and detection, X-ray diffraction, Determination of crystal structure: Qualitative and quantitative analysis, Particle size determination by x-rays, X-rays and stress analysis,

Unit – II: Scanning electron microscopy techniques and Composition analysis by Energy dispersive X-ray (EDX): Introduction to Scanning electron microscopy, Basic principles and components, Different examination modes (Bright field illumination, Oblique illumination, Dark field illumination, Phase contrast, Instrumental details and image formation, Energy-dispersive x-ray spectroscopy (paired with scanning electron microscopy) analysis to gain elemental information about samples.

Unit – III: Structural studies by Fourier transform IR (FTIR) and Raman spectroscopies: Basics of Fourier Transform Infrared (FT-IR) spectrometry, Different regions in infrared radiations, Modes of vibrations in diatomic molecule, characteristic absorption bands, Instrumental details, Qualitative treatment of Rotational Raman effect, Vibrational Raman spectra, Stokes and anti-Stokes lines; their intensity difference. Instrumental details& data accusation process.

Unit – IV: Ultra-violet and Visible Absorption Spectroscopy: Principle of UV Spectroscopy, Beer's Law and Quantitation, Deviations and limitations to Beer's Law, Instrumentation for UV-VIS spectroscopy i) Components and design ii) Actual commercial instruments, Methods and applications of absorption spectroscopy

Reference Books:

- 1. Li, Lin, Ashok Kumar Materials Characterization Techniques Sam Zhang; CRC Press, (2008).
- 2. Cullity, B.D., and Stock, R.S., "Elements of X-Ray Diffraction", Prentice-Hall, (2001).
- Murphy, Douglas B, Fundamentals of Light Microscopy and Electronic Imaging, Wiley-Liss, Inc. USA, (2001).

SEC -1: Analytical Techniques in Physics Lab Course Code: SECPP01

Credits = 1(0+0+1)

- Study X-ray diffraction for the purpose of (a) identifying (cubic) crystal systems, (b) determining the lattice constant. a.
- Study scanning electron microscopy (SEM) technique to obtain real space atomic resolution images of conductive surfaces, Energy-dispersive x-ray spectroscopy (paired with scanning electron microscopy) analysis to gain elemental information about samples.
- 3. Observation and analysis of a given Spectra to understand IR & Raman spectroscopy.
- StudyUltra-violet and Visible Absorption Spectroscopy for finding the bandgap of a given sample. (Only Data Analysis)



Guru Ghasidas Vishwavidyalaya (A Central University Established by the Central Universities Act 2009 No. 25 of 2009)

Koni, Bilaspur - 495009 (C.G.)

AQUACULTURE

About the course

This course will give the students an understanding of the principles of aquaculture, including production systems, water quality, nutrition, spawning, larval culture and culture methodologies with special reference to fish, and prawn. The course will include an opportunity to conduct hands-on activities related to culture and husbandry of animals

Learning outcomes

After completing this course the learners will be able to

- understand the aquaculture systems
- Understand conditioning factors and how they can be manipulated
- Describe water depuration mechanisms
- Understand the environmental impacts of aquaculture

Theory

Unit I: Freshwater aquaculture systems

Aquaculture concept, Culture systems: Freshwater prawn culture, fish culture in paddy fields, Brackish water culture, Mariculture: Oyster culture, Crab culture, Lobster culture, mussel culture, culture of Fels, Culture of aquatic weeds. Composite fish culture: Definition and various patterns. Mixed fish farming in India. Techniques of composite culture. Culture of buffalo fish ...Culture of Catfishes. Culture of miscellaneous fishes. Cray fish culture.

Unit II: Preparation and management of fish culture ponds

Nursery ponds. Predatory and Weed fishes and their control, Fish toxicants. Fertilization. Aquatic insects and their control. Fish food organisms and their production. Supplementary feeding. Transport of fish seed and Brood fish. Causes of mortality in transport. Methods for packaging and transport. Open systems. Closed systems. Use of chemicals in live fish transport. Anesthetic drugs. Antiseptics and Antibiotics.

Unit III: Fish pathology

Parasitic infections. Fungus infections. Protozoan diseases.suryodata; Worm diseases. Non parasitic diseases. Rearing ponds, Stocking ponds. Fish breeding: Natural and artificial. Harvesting: Fishing techniques, preservation & processing of fish, Fresh water prawn culture. Introduction. Breeding characteristics. Juvenile prawn migration. Seasonal & regional distribution of seeds. Identification of juveniles. Controlled breeding. Culture: Ponds, Monoculture. Mixed culture.

Unit IV: Technologies in Fisheries development

Role of hard water in culture of Macrobrachium species. Fertilization & feeds. Pearl culture: Introduction, Pearl producing mollusks, pearl formation, collection of oysters, Rearing of oysters, insertion of nucleus, harvesting of pearls, composition & quality of pearl. Recirculation technology, Geographic Information System (GIS) technology, passive Acoustics in fisheries, Use of Information Communication Technology (ICT) in fishes: production aspects, marketing aspects.

Recommended readings

- I. Jingran, V. G. (1983) Fish and fisheries of India, Hindustan pub. corp. New Delhi.
- 2. Hute, M. and Kahn, H. (2000) Textbook of fish culture, Blackwell Scientific Publication, Australia.
- 3. Srinivasulu, M., Reddy, K.R.S., Rao, S. (1999) Text book of Aquaculture, Discovery Publishing
- 4. Yawn Mehta, Fisheries & Aquaculture Biotechnology (2011) Campus Books International, Prahalad street, Ansari Road, Durga Ganj, New Delhi.

than

55 Jan Caus

BASICS OF STATISTICS

Paper Code: AMUATA2 BASICS OF STATISTICS

Course Learning Outcomes: This course will enable the students to:

- Explain the basic ideas of measures of central tendency, dispersion and their applications.
- 2. Adapt the knowledge of various Probability distributions and their applications.
- Apply statistical techniques for sampling of big data.
- Explain a formulation helping to predict one variable in terms of the other that I, correlation and linear regression.

Unit-1: Review on Probability

Measures of Central Tendency, Measures of Dispersion, Probability, Conditional Probability, Random Variables, Expected Value, Moment generating function, Probability Distributions, Binomial Distribution, Poission Distribution, Normal Distribution.

Unit-2: Sampling Methods

Random Sampling and Methods of Samplings, Sampling distribution and standard error, Sampling distribution of the Sample Mean, Central limit theorem, Sampling distribution of the sample proportion, Sampling distribution of the difference between two sample means and Sampling distribution of the difference between two sample proportions.

Unit-3: Correlation and Regression

Correlation Karl Pearson's Coefficient of correlation, Rank correlation, linear regression, Lines of regression, Inferences concerning the regression coefficients.

References:

- S. C. Gupta and V. Kapoor, Fundamentals of mathematical Stastics, Sultanchand and Son's, New Delhi.
- Robert V. Hogg, Joseph W. McKean & Allen T. Craig(2013), Introduction to Mathematical Statistics (7th Edition), Person Education.
- Irwin Miller & Marylees Miller (2014). John E. Freund's Mathematical Statistics with Applications (8thedition). Pearson. Dorling Kindersley Pvt. Ltd. India.JimPitman (1993). Probability, Springer-Verlag.
- Sheldon M. Ross (2014). Introduction to Probability Models (11th edition). Elsevier.
- A. M. Yaglom and I. M. Yaglom (1983). Probability and Information, D. Reidel Publishing Company. Distributed by Hindustan Publishing Corporation (India) Delhi.



BIOTECHNOLOGY AND HUMAN WELFARE

Course Objective

The objective of this course is to introduce the scope of biotechnology for human welfare.

Course Learning Outcomes

Learning outcomes on completion of this course the students will be able to;

- Understand industrial biotechnology related techniques.
- Understand agriculture and environmental biotechnology related techniques.
- Understand forensic science related technique
- Understand molecular diagnosis techniques.

Course contents

Unit I

Industry: protein engineering; enzyme and polysaccharide synthesis, activity and secretion, Enzyme immobilization: methods and application.

Unit II

Agriculture and Environments: Plant Tissue culture, N₂ fixation, transgenic plants: insect resistance, bacterial/ fungal stress tolerance, drought/salt tolerance, bioremediation, biofertilizers, biopesticides, biofuels and bioleaching.

Unit III

Forensic science: solving violent crimes such as murder and rape; solving claims of paternity and theft etc. using various methods of DNA finger printing, Polymerase chain reaction, Restriction fragment length polymorphism.

Unit IV

Health: development of non- toxic therapeutic agents, recombinant live and DNA vaccines, gene therapy, Molecular diagnosis: (monoclonal antibodies, DNA probes, Microarrays), transgenic animals.

Suggested Reading

- 1. Sateesh MK Bioethics and Biosafety, I. K. International Pvt Ltd.
- 2. Sree Krishna V Bioethics and Biosafety in Biotechnology, New age international publishers
- 3. Gupta, Elements of Biotechnology
- 4. Dubey, T. B. of Biotechnology
- 5. Kumar H. Modern Concept of Biotechnology
- 6. Jogdand, Advances in Biotechnology
- 7. Chatwal, T. B. of Biotechnology
- 8. Primrose, Molecular Biotechnology





BOTANICAL GARDEN AND LANDSCAPING

Botanical Garden and landscaping

Learning outcomes:

After the completion of this course the learner will be able to:

- Apply the basic principles and components of gardening
- Conceptualize flower arrangement and bio-aesthetic planning
- Design various types of gardens according to the culture and art of bonsai
- Distinguish between formal, informal and freestyle gardens
- · Establish and maintain special types of gardens for out door and indoor landscaping

Keywords:

Gardening, Landscaping, Flower arrangement, Vertical gardens, Roof gardens, Computer aided designing

UnitI

Principlesofgardening,gardencomponents,adornments,lawmaking,methodsof designingrockery,watergarden,etc.Specialtypesofgardens,theirwalk-paths,bridges, constructedfeatures.Greenhouse.Specialtypesofgardens,trees,theirdesign,valuesin landscaping,propagation,plantingshrubsandherbaceousperennials.Importance,design values,propagation,plating,climbersandcreepers,palms,ferns,grassesandcacti succulents.

UnitII

Flower arrangement: importance, production details and cultural operations, constraints, posterior and constraints are constraints.

harvestpractices. Bioaesthetic planning, definition, need, round country planning, urban planning and planting avenues, schools, villages, beautifying railways tations, damsites, hydroelectric stations, colonies, riverbanks, planting material for play grounds.

Unit III 8lect

Verticalgardens,roofgardens.Cultureofbonsai,artofmakingbonsai.Parksandpublicgardens.Landscapedesigns,Stylesofgarden,formal,

Informal and free style gardens, types of gardens, Urban landscaping, Landscaping for specifics ituations, institutions, industries,

residents, hospitals, road sides, traffic is lands, damsites, IT parks, corporate.

Unit IV 7lect

Establishmentandmaintenance, specialtypes of gardens, Bio-aesthetic planning, ecotourism, themeparks, indoorgardening, the rapeutic gardening, non-plant components, water scaping, xeriscaping, hardscaping; Computer Aided Designing (CAD) for outdoor and indoors caping Exposure to CAD (Computer Aided Designing)





COUNSELLING SKILLS FOR SOCIAL WORK PRACTICE

Course Objective:

- 1. Counselling is a chance to work with a professional counsellor to make positive changes in your life.
- 2. Counselling can help you to sort through thoughts and feelings in a safe environment, and to find strategies to help you cope with difficult situations.

Title of Paper: COUNSELLING SKILLS	Meaning of Counseling			
FOR SOCIAL WORK PRACTICE UNIT- I	Counseling –Meaning ,Definition, goals and Objectives; counseling process, stage of counseling Counseling situations :Developmental, preventive, facilitative, crisis; general factors and their influences on counseling			
UNIT-II	Process and Principle Processes of counseling Basic Principles of Counseling			
UNIT-III	Individual and Group Counseling Individual counseling: Client as a person(Client system as a unit), voluntary and non-voluntary, expectation, Behavior, communication-verbal and non verbal; couple and family counseling Counseling for group: process, advantages and disadvantages; crisis counseling with bereavement affecting communities.			
UNIT-IV	Approaches and Techniques Approaches to counseling: person centered, rational emotive, transactional analysis,			

	behavioral approaches, gestalt, existential approaches, egan's three stage model, eclectic model Techniques of counseling: initiating contact, intact, rapport-establishing, structure, interaction. attending behavior, observation, responding, rating and its interpretation
UNIT-V	Application of Counseling Counseling in Social Work Practice; Social Worker as a Counselor Application of Counseling in various setting

CREATIVITY AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP

Objective: The course aims to enable learners to explore approaches used by managers and organizations for creating and sustaining high levels of innovation.

Learning Outcomes: After completion of the course, learners will be able to:

- 1. Analyze the creative thoughts of renowned personalities in the past and its contribution towards the success and shortcomings of
- 2. Generate Innovative idea for business and defend/ justify the same:
- Interpret the Business Competence achieved by various organisations by using the Innovative Business Model;
- 4. Describe the significance of Innovative Leadership:
- 5. Analyze patents already granted in their field of interest and make a case with innovative idea for filing a new patent.

COURSE CONTENTS:

Unit	Contents	Weightage of Marks (in %)	C & K	A & A
Unit-1	Introduction Meaning & Concept of Creativity; Creativity Process; Nature & Characteristics of Creativity and Creative Persons; Factors affecting Creativity; Recognizing and Avoiding Mental Blocks; Thinking Preferences; Risk Taking; Creativity Styles; Creative Thinking Tools; Innovation vs Creativity.	20	٧	
Unit - 2	Idea Generation & Creativity in Problem Solving Ideation; Pattern Breaking Strategies; Mind stimulation: games, brain-twisters and puzzles; Idea-collection processes: Brainstorming/Brain-writing.	20	٧	٧
Unit - 3	Innovation Management Invention and Discovery- Process and Typology; Methods and Techniques; Arenas of Innovative Competence; Categories of Innovation: Product, Process, and Service Finance (Venture Capital, Angel Investors).	20	٧	
Unit - 4	Setting the Right Ecosystem for Innovation The Essence of Right Ecosystem; Intrinsic Motivation & Extrinsic Motivation; Leadership Styles fostering Innovation; Creating Self-Sustaining Cultureof Innovation.	20	٧	٧
Unit - 5	Intellectual Property Introduction to Intellectual property: Patents (novel, useful, and not obvious), Copyrights, Trademarks.	20	٧	٧

Practical Exercises:

The learners are required to:

- 1. Identify a creative person to comprehend, study, analyze, and present a report highlighting the contribution of his/her creative work.
- 2. Generate a creative idea for business and present the same in the class for critical evaluation by other learners regarding its uniqueness and feasibility.
- 3. Identify an Innovative Business Model (like Amazon, Redubs, Flipkart, Ola, Uber, Big Basket, Zomato, Swingy, etc.) used by an organisation recently and present a report on Business Competence achieved by it.
- 4. Analyze the case study on Innovative Leader like Steve Jobs who launched Apple's iPod & iPhone or any other case study on innovation and present a report on the key learnings.
- 5. Select an aspect (in the field of their interest) on which patent has been granted already and think of an innovative idea so that it makes a case for filing a new patent application.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Harvard Business Essentials. (2003). Managing Creativity and Innovation. Boston: Harvard Business School Publishing.
- 2. Prather, C. (2010). The Manager's Guide to Fostering Innovation and Creativity in Teams. New York: McGraw-Hill Education.

Note: Learners are advised to use the latest edition of textbooks.

Prof. Ashok Kumar Mishra Ex-efficio Churman, BoS

lead & Professor Department of Commerce, made Victoritystops, Bilasper (C.G.)

Prof. O. P. Chandrakar External Expert, BoS Principal, Govt. PG College, Kurud (C.G.) Dr. Blurana Venkaframan Mentser, BoS Associate Profissor Department of Commerce, Ghasidas Valmeroldpalaja, Blaupar (C.G.) Gont G

Dr. Mukesh Agarwal Member, BoS Assistant Professor

CULTURAL ECOLOGY: ISSUES AND CONCERNS

Paper - I (HSUATA1): Cultural Ecology: Issues and Concern

Learning outcomes: This course aims to introduce students to important issues related to the environment and ecology and to develop their thoughts about cultural ecology. They will learn to appreciate the ethical value, cross-cultural and historical context of environment issues and the links between human & natural system. Also understand the conservation through ages including comparison between past & present.

Unit-1: Understanding the Concepts of Cultural Ecology

- a) Definition, Objectives, Scope & Significance
- b) Components of Environment
- c) The interrelationship of exploitative or productive technology and environment
- d) Impact of the human-environment nexus on the other aspects of culture

Unit 2: Relationship between Human and Environment

- a) Human's place in Nature, Srishti / Universe and its Attributes
- b) Agriculture and Animal Husbandry
- c) Representation of environment in popular and classical tradition
- d) Environmental consciousness in Religious belief (in reference to Hindu, Islam and Christian)
- e) Changes and continuity

Unit-3: Development and environmental concerns

- a) Mainstream view, reformist view, furtive View
- b) Critical discourse Deep ecology, Social ecology, Eco-Socialism
- c) Present challenges

Unit-4: Conservation through ages

- a) Indian view of Conservation
- b) Conservation practice in History

ESSENTIAL READINGS

R. Mash, The Rights of Nature, Madison, 1989

O.P. Dwivedi & S.N. Tiwari, Environmental crisis and Hindu Religion, New Delhi, 1987

Environmental science, William P. Cunningham & Barbara Woodworth Saigo, USA, 1990

Fundamental of Ecology, (ed.) E.P. Odum, W.B. Philadelphia Pennsylvania USA-1959

Social, Cultural and Economic History of India Vol-1

Chopra, Puri & Das, The Princeton Report, Man's Role in Changing the Face of the Earth

Department of History, Guru Ghasidas Vishwavidyalaya, Bilaspur

11 (

TOURISM: HISTORY AND APPLICATION

This course will enable students to understand the different facetsof heritage and their significance. It highlights the legal and institutional frameworks for heritage protection in India as also thechallenges facing it. The implications of the rapidly changing interface between heritage and history will also be examined. The course will be strongly project-based and will require visits to sites and monuments. At least two Projects will be based on visits to Museums/Heritage Sites.

I. Meaning, Definition, Characteristic and Importance

II. Types of Tourism

- [a]Eco Tourism
- [b]Historical Tourism
- [c]Spiritual and Religious Tourism
- [d]Folk art and Tourism

III. Tourism in India

- [a] Tourism Opportunity in India.
- [b] Major tourist places in India
- -Delhi, Aagra, Amritsar, Varanasi, Sarnath, Puri, Khajuraho, Tirupati, Kanyakumariete

IV. Tourism in Chhattisgarh

- [a] Tourism Opportunity in Chhattisgarh
- [b] Major tourist place in Chhattisgarh
- -Champaranya, Rajim, Ratanpur, Bhoramdev, Baster, Sirpur, Mainpat, Sarguja, Giraudhpurietc

V. Skill and Management in Tourism

- [a] Tourism Policy in India
- [b] Tourism as an Industry

ESSENTIAL READINGS

- David Lowenthal, Possessed By The Past: The Heritage Crusade and The Spoils of History, Cambridge, 2010.
- Layton, R. P. Stone and J. Thomas. Destruction and Conservation of Cultural Property. London: Rutledge, 2001.
- Lahiri, N. Marshaling the Past Ancient India and its ModernHistories.Ranikhet: Permanent Black. 2012, Chapters 4 and 5.
- S.S. Biswas, Protecting the Cultural Heritage (National Legislations and International Conventions).
 New Delhi: INTACH, 1999.
- O.P. Agrawal, Essentials of Conversations and Museology, Delhi, 2006.
- 6. S. Chainani, Heritage and Environment, Mumbai: Urban Design Research Institute, 2007.





E_-COMMERCE

Objective: The course aims to enhance skills for effective and contemporary applications of E-commerce.

Learning Outcomes: After completion of the course, learners will be able to:

- 1. Describe the challenging needs of the society in the field of E-commerce;
- 2. Identify various activities and operations in the context of online transactions;
- 3. Describe various e-payment systems;
- 4. Analyse security issues in E-commerce and determine various provisions in the IT Act, 2000.

COURSE CONTENTS:

Unit	Contents	Weightage of Marks (in %)	C & K	A & A
Unit - 1	Introduction to E- Commerce Concepts and significance of E-commerce; driving forces of E-commerce; E-commerce business models - Functions of E- Commerce; Types of E-Commerce; E-Commerce Systems and Prerequisites, Scope of E-Commerce, E- Commerce Models.			
	E-Commerce Activities and Operations Various E-Commerce activities; various manpower associated with e-commerce activities; Types of E-Commerce Providers and Vendors; Modes of operations associated with E- Commerce; E-Commerce types. E-commerce applications in various industries (banking, insurance, payment of utility bills and others), e- marketing, e-tailing, online services, e-auctions, online portal, online learning, e-publishing and e-entertainment, online shopping.	50	٧	٧
Unit - 4	E-payment System E-payment Methods- Debit card, Credit card, Smart cards, E-Money, E-Wallets; Digital signatures- procedures and legal position; Payment gateways; Online banking-concepts, importance; Electronic fund transfer; Automated Clearing House. Automated Ledger Posting, Emerging modes and systems of E-payment (M-Paisa, PayPai and other digital currency), UPI Apps, Aadhar Enabled Payment Systems, BHIM App E-payments risks. Security and Legal Aspects of E-commerce E-commerce security — meaning and issues. Security threats in the E-commerce environment- security intrusionsand breaches, attacking methods like hacking, sniffing, cyber-yandalism etc.; Technology solutions- encryption.	50	٧	٧

Practical Exercises:

The learners are required to:

- 1. Help others to learn the use of e-wallet, e-payment, and digital signatures. Prepare a report on the skills used by them to help others learn.
- 2. Design their own webpage (Blog), highlighting their strengths, weaknesses, and prepare their CV. Use the link in their CV while applying for the job.
- 3. Use the internet banking facility to buy a product from any online website.
- 4. Open internet banking account and operate it.
- 5. Create their own YouTube channel and post one video on awareness of cyber security and crime.

Prof. Ashok Kumar Mishra Ex-efficio Chairman, BoS lead & Professor Department of Commerce,

Frot. O. P. Chandrakar Esternal Espect, BoS Principal, Govt. PG College, Kurud (C.G.)

Dr. Bhuvana Venkatraman Member, BoS Associate Professor Department of Commerce,

Dr. Mukesh Agarwal Member, BoS Assistant Professor Department of Commerce,

ELECTONICS IN DAILY LIFE

Course Code: AECPL01 Credits = 2(2+0+0)

Unit – I: History of Electronics: The vacuum tube era, The semiconductor revolution, Integrated circuits, Compound Semiconductor, Digital electronics Materials, Optoelectronics, Superconducting electronics, Flat-panel displays

Unit – **II:** Different Electronic Components / Semiconductor Components, Passive Components-Resistors: specifications and colour coding. Capacitors: Principle, specifications and colour coding. Inductors: Principle, specifications and classification, Battery, Battery holders and connectors ,Fuses ,Transistors, Oscillation, thyristors ,Light-emitting diodes (LEDs) AC fundamentals: Generation of alternating voltages, Basic electronic functions Rectification, Amplification Using n-p-n transistor, Multimeters, MOSFETs.

Unit – **III:** Application of Electronics: Consumer Electronics Office Gadgets like calculators, Personal computers, Digital Camera, FAX machines, Printers, Scanners, Front Projector, etc. Home appliances Robot Vacuum Cleaner, Electric Deep Fryer Refrigerator, AC, Coffee Maker Machine, Hair dryer Water Purifier/Dispenser, Storage Devices

Advanced Consumer Electronic Devices: Smart Phones, iPod and Tablets, Wi-Fi and the Internet, barcode scanners, ATM, Dishwasher and POS terminals.

Medical Electronics: Stethoscope, Respiration Monitors Glucose meter, The Pacemaker, MRI, CT scan

Unit – **IV:** Industrial and Automotive Electronics: Power Windows, Electronic Control Unit (ECU), Airbag control , all vehicles etc. Meteorological and Oceanographic Electronics: Barometer: Anemometer: Anemometer Hygrometer ,Data logger Smart Grid Systems Image Processing, Entertainment and Communication Electronics: Smart TVs, Set Top Boxes, Speakers , receivers etc.

Defence Application: RADAR technology, Electronic Warfare Systems, Military electronic equipments etc.

Reference Books:

- 1. Getting Started in Electronics by Forrest, M.Mims, Master Publishing, Inc
- 2. Make Electronics Learning by Discovery by Charles Platt ,Maker Media Publishers
- 3. Practical Electronics for Inventors, Paul Scherz, McGraw-Hill Education
- 4. Everyday Electronics and You: A Guide to Maintaining and Getting the Best Out of Your Everyday Electronics Devon A. Smith Kindle Edition,
- 5. Complete Guide to Home Appliance Repair Evan Powel, Better Homes & Garden Books Publication.
- 6. A Text book of Electrical Technology Vol. 1 and 2,.B.L.Thereja S. Chand & Company
- 7. Domestic appliances servicing, K.P.Anwer, Scholar Institute Publications.
- 8. Basic Electrical Engineering, M.L. Anwani, DhanpatRai Publication.

ENGLISH COMMUNICATION

Learning outcomes-

- · To develop a deep understanding of the fundamentals of communication in business world.
- To understand basic rules of business etiquette and how to follow them, both in person and online.
- To improve communication skills by appreciating the importance of speaking, and learning essential techniques to improve the same.
- To develop good presentation and interview skills by learning the essential steps for its planning and preparation.
- To enhance writing skills of the learners by enabling them to write effective resume and other forms of business correspondence.

Unit-I Communication in Business

- i. Role of communication in the business world
- ii. Patterns of business communication

UNIT- II Business Correspondence-

- Business letters
- ii. Writing memos
- iii. Writing minutes
- iv. Writing agenda
- v. Writing circulars
- vi. Writing notices
- vii. Writing CV
- viii. E-communication

UNIT-3 Etiquettes of Communication

- Etiquettes of Telephonic Communication.
- ii. Office Etiquettes
- iii. E-mail Etiquettes
- iv. Meeting and Social Etiquettes

UNIT-4 Oral Communication

- i. Placement interview
- ii. Presentation skills

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Bhatia, R.C., Business Communication, New Delhi: Ane Books Pvt Ltd
- 2. Scot, Q. Contemporary Business Communication, New Delhi: Biztnatra
- 3. Parikh, JP et al, Business Communication: Basic Concepts and Skills Hyderabad: Orient Blackswan
- 4. Ramon & Prakash, Business Communication, Oxford.
- Sydney Greenbaum Oxford English Grammar, Oxford
- Successful Communications, MalraTreece (Allyn and Bacon)
- 7. Effective Technical Communication, M. Ashraf Rizvi.
- 8. Anjanee Sethi & Bhavana Adhikari, Business Communication, Tata McGraw Hill
- 9. Creative English for Communication, Krishnaswamy N, Macmillan
- 10. Communication skills, Sanjay Kumar, Pushpalata, 1stEdition, Oxford Press, 2011
- 11. Organizational Behaviour, Stephen .P. Robbins, 1stEdition, Pearson, 2013
- The Ace of Soft Skills: Attitude, Communication and Etiquette for success, Gopala Swamy Ramesh, 5thEdition, Pearson, 2013



ENGLISH LANGUAGE

Course Level Learning Outcomes

The purpose of this course is to introduce students to the theory, fundamentals and tools of communication and to develop in them vital communication skills which should be integral to personal, social and professional interactions. One of the critical links among human beings and an important thread that binds society together is the ability to share thoughts, emotions and ideas through various means of communication: both verbal and non-verbal. In the context of rapid globalization and increasing recognition of social and cultural pluralities, the significance of clear and effective communication has substantially enhanced.

The present course hopes to address some of these aspects through an interactive mode of teaching-learning process and by focusing on various dimensions of communication skills. Some of these are:

Language of communication, various speaking skills such as personal communication, social interactions and communication in professional situations such as interviews, group discussions and office environments, important reading skills as well as writing skills such as report writing, note-taking etc.

1	d

गुरु घासीदास विश्वविद्यालय (केत्रीय विश्वविद्यालय अधिनम 2009 क्र. 25 के अंतर्गत स्थापित केन्नीय विश्वविद्यालय) कोनी, बिलासपुर - 495009 (छ.ग.)



Guru Ghasidas Vishwavidyalaya (A Central University Established by the Central Universities Act 2009 No. 25 of 2009) Koni, Bilaspur – 495009 (C.G.)

While, to an extent, the art of communication is natural to all living beings, in today's world of complexities, it has also acquired some elements of science. It is hoped that after studying this course, students will find a difference in their personal and professional interactions.

The recommended readings given at the end are only suggestive; the students and teachers have the freedom to consult other materials on various units/topics given below. Similarly, the questions in the examination will be aimed towards assessing the skills learnt by the students rather than the textual content of the recommended books.

COURSE CONTENT

- Introduction: Theory of Communication, Types and modes of Communication
- 2. Language of Communication:

Verbal and Non-verbal

(Spoken and Written)

Personal, Social and Business

Barriers and Strategies

Intra-personal, Inter-personal and Group communication

Speaking Skills:

Monologue

Dialogue

Group Discussion

Effective Communication/ Mis- Communication

Interview

Public Speech

4. Reading and Understanding

Close Reading Comprehension

Summary Paraphrasing

Analysis and Interpretation

Translation (from Indian language to English and vice-versa) Literary/Knowledge Texts

5. Writing Skills

Documenting

Report Writing

Making Notes

Letter writing

Recommended Readings:

- 1. Fluency in English Part II, Oxford University Press, 2006.
- Business English, Pearson, 2008.
- 3. Language, Literature and Creativity, Orient Blackswan, 2013.
- Language through Literature (forthcoming) ed. Dr. Gauri Mishra, Dr Ranjana Kaul, Dr Brati Biswas

ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES AND DISASTER MANAGEMENT

CR:2

Introduction to environmental studies, Scope and importance, Ecosystems: Structure and function Natural Resources management, biodiversity and tribal populations. Biodiversity and its Conservation. Environmental Pollution: types, causes, effects and controls of air, water, soil and noise pollution. Solid waste management, Environmental legislation and Practices. Human and the Environment, Sustainable development, Environmental movements. Public awareness, natural disasters, climate change, man- made disaster, Disaster Management.

PRACTICAL

Field work: Visit a local area to document environmental assets river/ forest/ grassland/hill. Visit to a local polluted sites- urban/ rural/ industrial/ agricultural. Study and documentation of common herbs, shrubs and trees, insects, birds. Study of simple ecosystem- pond, river, hill slopes etc. Nature trail, Soil waste analysis.

Suggested Readings:

- P.H.Gleickm (1993). Waterin Crisis. Pacific Institute for Studies in Dev., Environment & Security. Stockholm Environmental Institute, Oxford Univ. Press.
- R. Grumbine, Edward, and M.K. Pandit (2013). Threats from India's Himalaya dams. Science Journal
- R. Sengupta (2003). Ecology and economics: An approach to sustainable development. OUP.
- N.S. Sodhi, L. Gibson and P.H. Raven (2013). Conservation Biology: Voices from the Tropics. John Wiley & Sons.

FEMINISM: THEORY AND PRACTICE

FEMINISM: THEORY AND PRACTICE

Course Objective:

This course seeks to understand the nature, phases and core issues of the feminist movement, both in Anglo-American and India. Besides, attempts have been made to understand how the social and cultural construction of role for the women has not only undermined her position as an equal member in the society but also does not take cognizance of her contribution to the family.

Learning Outcomes:

After reading this course the students will be able to explain

- a. How different schools have understood patriarchy and feminist questions differently.
- b. The origin, evolution and key issues which are at the core of the feminist movement both in Anglo-American world and India.
- c. The representation of the women in the political space of India.
- d. How the immense contribution that women make to the family are neglected in computation?

Unit I: Understanding Patriarchy

- a. Meaning of Patriarchy
- b. Sex /Gender Distinction
- c. Theories of Feminism: Liberal, Marxist and Feminist (Liberal, Socialist, Radical Schools)

Unit II: Women and Politics

Women and their Representation in Politics and Administration

Unit III: Violence and Discrimination against Women

- a. Domestic Violence
- b. Sexual Harassment
- c. Women Trafficking

Readings:

- Shinde, T. (1993). Stree Purusha Tulna. In Lalitha, K., & Tharu, S. (Eds.), Women Writing in India, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, pp. 221-234.
- Mcdermott, R., & Hatemi, P. (2011). Distinguishing Sex and Gender. Ps: Political Science and Politics, 44(1), pp. 89-92.
- Kachuck, B. (1995). Feminist Social Theories: Theme and Variations. Sociological Bulletin, 44(2), pp. 169-193.
- Sinopoli, R., & Hirschmann, N. (1991). Feminism and Liberal Theory. The American Political Science Review, 85(1), pp. 221-233.
- Graham, G. (1994). Liberal Vs Radical Feminism Revisited. Journal of Applied Philosophy, 11(2), 155-170.

GENERAL AND LEGAL ENGLISH

GENERAL AND LEGAL ENGLISH Marks: 100 [70+30] Course credits: 2

Legal Language:

Legal terminology. Legal terms - meaning.

Explanation of the following Latin Glossary/Maxims either in English or Hindi-Ab-inito, Ad hoc, Adinterim, Ad-litem guardian, Actus non-faciet reum nisi mens sit rea, Abuse of process, Injuria sine Damnum, Damnum sine injuria, Novus actus interveniens, Respondent superior, Res Ipsa loquitur, Restitution in integrum, Caveat emptor, Res- judicata, Prima facie, Malafides, Bonafides, Expost facto, Ex-parte, Ex-gratia, Tresspass-ab-initio, Sine-die, Non-compos mentis, Nemo-dat-quod-non habeat.

Abbreviation of Law Magazines & Journals

The following Abbreviations are prescribed for study.

AIR, S.C.C., M.P.LJ., J.LJ., M.P.W.N., Cal. LR, S.C.R, S.C.W.R., AL.I.L.J., Cal. L.J., O.LR, Cr. L.J., All L.J., I.B. Rev., I.L.R., AI. Cr. C., S.C.J., I.T.R., I.T.J., Bom. L.R., An. L.T.

- Translation of the Hindi passage into English
- Proficiency in regional language: Translation of the English passage into Hindi.
- Precise writing
- Essay writing on the following topics of legal interest

Marriage under Hindu Law, Marriage and Divorce under Mohmmedan Law, Essentials of a valid contract, Master's liability under the law of Tort, Right of private defence under Criminal Law, Fundamental Rights under the Indian Constitution, Emergency provisions, Theories of punishment, Independence of Judiciary.

General English

Gender, Number (Singular, Plural), Article, Tenses, Active and Passive voice, Preposition, Narration, One word Substitution, Antonyms and synonyms, Correction of Common Errors.





HANDWRITING IDENTIFICATION AND RECOGNITION

Handwriting Identification and Recognition

Credits: 2

Learning Objectives: After studying this paper the students will know

- a. The importance of examining questioned documents in criminal cases.
- b. The tools required for examination of questioned documents.
- c. The significance of comparing handwriting samples.
- d. The importance of detecting frauds and forgeries by analyzing questioned documents.

Unit 1: Handwriting Identification

Basis of handwriting identification, Characteristics of handwriting – scope and application, class and individual characteristics. Arrangement, alignment, margin, slant, speed, pressure, spacing, line quality, embellishments, movement and pen lifts. Factors influencing handwriting – physical, mechanical, genetic and physiological.

Unit 2: Handwriting Examination

Basis of handwriting comparison, Collection of handwriting samples, Forgery detection, Counterfeiting, Examination of altered and erased documents. Tools used in handwriting examination.

Unit 3: Handwriting Recognition

Basis of handwriting recognition, off-line and on-line handwriting recognition. Steps involved in handwriting recognition – pre-processing, feature extraction and classification. Application of handwriting recognition.

Unit 4: Basic tools for examination of Documents

Application of basic tools for the examination of Questioned Document, Ultraviolet, Visible and Fluorescence Spectroscopy. Photomicrography, Video Spectral Comparator, Electrostatic Detection Apparatus.

UNDERSTANDING POPULAR CULTURE

Paper - I (HSUATL1): Understanding Popular Culture

The paper examines some popular cultures expressed in different mediums like visual, oral and cultural. In the process of their evolution, these cultures eclectically draw from traditions, articulate anxieties, and even give rise to new traditions. The paper endeavours to equip students with understanding such phenomena historically, with special reference to India. It is imperative that the students use electronic devices to view, record, and document the subject matter.

I. Introduction

a) Defining Popular Culture and Understanding it Historically

II. Visual Expressions

Visual Expressions
b) Folk Art, Painting, Photography

III. Performance

- a) Indian Art of Music
- b) Indian Art of Dancing
- c) Indian Architecture

IV. The Audio-Visual: Cinema and Television

- a) Indian cinema in Pre-Independence (1930s and 40s)
- b) Indian cinema in Post-Independence.
- c) Changing Mood of Indian Cinema in 1970s and 80s.
- d) Expressions of Popular Culture in Television

V. Fairs and Festivals

- a) Religious and Regional festivals of India
- b) Famous Festivals in Different States of India

VI. Popular culture in a globalized world

a) The Impact of the Internet and Audio-Visual Media

ESSENTIAL READINGS

- Dissanayake, W. and K. M. Gokul Singh, Indian Popular Cinema, Trentham Book, London, 2004
- John Storey, Cultural Theory and Popular Culture, London, 2001
- Oberoi, Patricia, Freedom and Destiny: Gender, Family and Popular Culture in India, Delhi, 2009
- Christopher Princy, Camera Indica: The Social Life of Indian Photographs, Chicago,
- Pankaj Rag, Dhunoke Yatri, Rajkamal, New Delhi, 2006
- Ramaswamy, V. 'Women and the 'Domestic' in Tamil Folk Songs' in Kumkum Sangari and Uma Chakravarti, eds., From Myths to Markets: Essays on Gender, Shimla, 1999
- Singh, Lata (ed.), Theatre in Colonial India: Playhouse of Power, New Delhi, 2009

por Clandy

STOCK MARKET OPERATION

Objective: The course aims to impart basic knowledge about the structure and functioning of the stock market in India and to learn trading on the stock exchange.

Learning Outcomes: After completion of the course, learners will be able to:

- 1. Explain the basic concept of securities market;
- 2. Practice trading on stock market;
- 3. Explain different segment of Stock Exchange;
- 4. Perform demat trading.

COURSE CONTENTS:

Unit	Contents	Weightage of Marks (in %)	C & K	A & A
Unit - 1	Introduction: Concept and types of Securities; Concept of return; Concept, types and measurement of risk; Development of Securities market in India.	15	٧	
Unit - 2	Primary Market: Concept, Functions and Importance; Functions of New Issue Market (IPO, FPO & OFS); Methods of Floatation-fix price method and book building method; Pricing of Issues; Offer Documents; Appointment and Role of Merchant Bankers, Underwriters, Lead Managers, Syndicate Members, Brokers, Registrars, Bankers, ASBA and Listing of Securities.	35	٧	٧
Unit - 3	Secondary Market: Concept; Functions and Importance; Mechanics of Stock Market Trading-Different Types of Orders, Screen Based Trading, Internet-Based Trading and Settlement Procedure; Types of Brokers.	35	٧	
Unit - 4	Demat Trading: Concept and Significance; Role of Depositories and Custodian of Securities in Demat Trading.	15	٧	٧

Practical Exercises:

The learners are required to:

- Prepare the steps involved in pre and post management of hypothetical case of IPO/FPO.
- 2. Make a comparative analysis of IPOs to identify parameters of success and causes of failure.
- Equip them to trading screen of National Stock Exchange (www.nseindia.com) and demonstrate Procedure of placing buying /selling order.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Gordon E. and Natarajan K. (2019). Financial Markets and Services. New Delhi: Himalaya Publishing House.
- 2. Benjamin, G. (1949). The Intelligent Investor. New York: Harper Publishing.
- 3. Dalton, J. M. (2001). How The Stock Market Works? New York: Prentice Hall Press.
- 4. Machiraju, H. R. (2019). Merchant Banking. New Delhi: New Age Publishers.
- 5. Gala, Jitendra (2020). Guide to Indian Stock Market. Mumbai, Maharashtra: Buzzingstock Publishing House
- 6. Kiyosaki, Robert T. (2017). Rich Dad, Poor Dad. USA: Plata Publishing
- Basu, Debashis & Dalal, Sucheta (2019). The Scam: From Harshad Mehta to Ketan Parekh. Mumbai, Maharashtra: KenSource Information Services Pvt. Ltd.
- 8. SEBI Regulations from SEBI Website



SPIRITUAL MANAGEMENT

Objective: This course aims at gaining insight into spirituality. The spiritual process is not logical or linear but associative and re-iterative. Further, we learn spirituality by going more subtly into what we already know. Like the undercurrents of the sea, barely seen but certainly felt, much of spiritual growth goes on subtly underneath the surface and for this reason sometimes it is difficult to describe.

The key purpose of this course is to help the students to develop an awareness of their inner peace, powers, and potentials and a moral compass for living and to teach practical spiritual skills and tools for expressing their potential.

Learning Outcomes: After completion of the course, learners will be able to:

- 1. Define emotional energy.
- 2. Describe healing emotional scars.
- 3. Establish regular meditation. Describe insecurity.
- Describe self-hypnosis/trance.
- 5. Describe the astounding effects of visualization.
- 6. Summarize positive and negative affirmations.
- 7. Define personal beliefs and values.
- 8. Describe the conference of the spirits.
- 9. Describe using fear to your advantage.

COURSE CONTENTS:

Unit	Contents	Weightage of Marks (in %)	C & K	A & A
Unit -1	 ✓ Understanding of Origin and Development of Spirituality ✓ Elements of Spirituality: Truthfulness, Integrity, Honesty, Dutifulness, Ethics, Values and their roles in Spirituality ✓ Spiritual values: - Signs of success-Reflection points- Introspection—Peace—Courage—Self-authority—Self Sovereignty—Dedication-Self-actualization ✓ Personality Development: Communication - Proper and adequate communication, Spiritual leadership, considering elements for decision-making. 	50	٧	٧
Unit - 2	 ✓ Spirituality in Everyday Life - Right Thought, Deed and Practices ✓ Spirituality for Managerial Excellence: Strategies for performance Power of Problem Solving and Analytical Techniques- Brainstorming - Generating Options - ✓ Critical Path Analysis - Planning and Scheduling Complex Tasks-Decision Trees - Powerful Quantitative Analysis of Decision Impact-Force Field Analysis - Analysis of all Pressures For and Against Change ✓ Consciousness - What is consciousness - Religious perspectives - scientific perspectives - Spiritual perspectives-Vies of philosophers, Self Image & Self Motivation. Motivation Effect on thoughts- External influences on thoughts-Roots of low Self esteem-3 steps to a good self Image-Motivating factors- Criticism for motivation-Signs of De motivators-Laws of motivation-Skills for -Wheel of motivation-Principles of Motivational Leader. 	50	٧	٧





SOFT SKILL DEVELOPMENT AND POWER POINT PRESENTATION

Paper 1: Soft Skill Development and Power Point Presentation

- Soft Skills: Communication: Verbal and Non-Verbal, Teamwork, Problem Solving, Decision-Making, Ability, Time Management, Negotiation and Conflict Resolution, Persuasion
- · Mock interview
- Emotional Intelligence
- Group discussion
- · PowerPoint Presentation: techniques and application
- Digital Literacy: Using web for development of individuals.

RECOMMENDED READINGS

- Keep Talking:Friederike Klippel ,CUP
- Speaking power point. The new language of business by Bruce k Gabriella.
- Presentation Zen by Garr Reynolds.
- Slide:ology:The Art and Science of Creating Great Presentations. Nancy Duarte
- Bridging the Soft Skills Gap by Bruce Tuglan.
- Personality Development and Soft Skills. BY Braun Mitra
- · Communication skills by Sanjay kumar
- Professional speaking Skills:Aruna Koneru,OUP

SET THEORY AND LOGIC

SET THEORY AND LOGIC

Introduction, propositions, truth table, negation, conjunction and disjunction. Implications, biconditional propositions, converse, contra positive and inverse propositions and precedence of logical operators. Propositional equivalence: Logical equivalences. Predicates and quantifiers: Introduction, Quantifiers, Binding variables and Negations.

Sets, subsets, Set operations and the laws of set theory and Venn diagrams. Examples of finite and infinite sets. Finite sets and counting principle. Empty set, properties of empty set. Standard set operations. Classes of sets. Power set of a set.

Difference and Symmetric difference of two sets. Set identities, generalized union and intersections. Relation: Product set, Composition of relations, Types of relations, Partitions, Equivalence Relations with example of congruence modulo relation, Partial ordering relations, and n-ary relations.

Books Recommended:

- R.P. Grimaldi, Discrete Mathematics and Combinatorial Mathematics, Pearson Education, 1998.
- 2. P.R. Halmos, Naive Set Theory, Springer, 1974.
- 3. E. Kamke, Theory of Sets, Dover Publishers, 1950.

RADIO PRODUCTION

Radio Production

Course contents:

Unit 1 -

Broadcast Formats, Public service advertisements*, Jingles*, Radio magazine*, Interview, Talk Show, Discussion, Feature, Documentary

Unit 2:

Broadcast Production Techniques, Working of a Production Control Room & Studio: Types and functions, acoustics, input and output chain, studio console: recording and mixing. Personnel in Production process – Role and Responsibilities

Unit 3- Stages of Radio Production Pre-Production – (Idea, research, RADIO script)
Production—Creative use of Sound; Listening, Recording, using archived sounds, (execution, requisite, challenges)
Editing, Creative use of Sound Editing.

Suggested Exercise- Producing any Radio format mentioned in the Unit 1. (Duration-5 minutes).

*Only introductory in nature. These formats will be dealt with in detail in Advanced Broadcast paper.

Suggested reading list-

- 1. Aspinall, R. (1971) Radio Production, Paris: UNESCO.
- 2. Flemming, C. (2002) The Radio Handbook, London: Routledge.
- 3. Keith, M. (1990) Radio Production, Art & Science, London: Focal Press.
- 4. McLeish, R. (1988) Techniques of Radio Production, London: Focal Press.
- 5. Nisbett, A. (1994) Using Microphones, London: Focal Press.
- 6. Reese, D.E. & Gross, L.S. (1977) Radio Production Work, London: Focal Press.
- 7. Siegel, E.H. (1992) Creative Radio Production, London: Focal Press.





PLANT TISSUE CULTURE

Course Objective

The course deals with the Plant tissue culture principles and basic techniques. The objective of the course is to make students well-versed with the methods and techniques of plant tissue culture and its application.

CourseLearningOutcomes

- Students will acquire skills related to plant tissue culture
- Students will acquire skills on plant tissue culture techniques
- Students will acquire skills on Micropropagation
- Students will acquire skills related to In-vitro Fertilization

Course contents

Unit-I (Introduction to Plant Tissue culture)

Introduction to Plant Tissue culture, Terms and definitions, Historical background, Laboratory organization, Tools and techniques, methods of sterilization. Laboratory contaminants- it's control and measures.

Unit-II (Media and Culture Preparation)

Role of Micro and macro nutrients, Vitamins and carbon source in tissue culture, Media preparation- pH, Temprature, Solidifying agents, Slant Preparations etc. Maintenance of cultures, Environmental Conditions, explants characteristics.

Unit-III (Culture techniques)

Explants selection, sterilization and inoculation; Various media preparations; MS, B5, SH PC L-2; Callus and cell suspension culture.

Unit-IV (Initiation of Cultures)

Induction and growth parameters; Culture initiation, Callus culture., Micropropagation through various explants

Unit-V (In-vitro Fertilization)

Role of Ovary and ovule in In-vitro Fertilization in production of agricultural and horticultural crops. Techniques and significance of Androgensis and Gynogenesis (ovary, ovule, egg, synergids culture)

Suggested Reading

- 1. Bhojwani S.S. And Rajdan M.K. (1983). Plant Tissue Culture: Theory and practice.
- 2. Reinert J.and Bajaj Y.P.S. (1977). Applied and Fundamental Aspects of Plant

गुरू घासीदास विश्वविद्यालय (केत्रीय विश्वविद्याल अधिनय 2009 इ. 25 के अंतर्गत स्वापित केत्रीय विश्वविद्यालय) कोनी, बिलासपुर - 495009 (छ.ग.)



Guru Ghasidas Vishwavidyalaya (A Central University Established by the Central Universities Act 2009 No. 25 of 2009) Koni, Bilaspur – 495009 (C.G.)

Cell, Tissue and Organ Culture, By Springer - Verlag, Berlin

- 3. Amritrao, P.V.D.A. Evans, W.P.Sharp and Bajaj Y.P.S. (1990) Handbook of Plant Cell Culture volumes I-V, McGraw Hill Publishing Co., New York.
- 4. Chawla, H.S. 2000. Introduction to Plant Biotechnology. Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 5. Dixon, R.A. and Gonzales, R. A. (Eds.) 1994. Plant Cell Culture A Practical Approach. Oxford University Press, New York.
- 6. Gamborg, O.L and Phillips, G.C. 1998. Plant Cell, Tissue Organ Culture. Narosa Publishing House, NewDelhi.



PHOTOGRAPHY

JMUATA1 Photography

Course Objectives:

- 1. To know the concept of photography and its development
- 2. To know the mechanism of photography
- 3. To know the different camera handling and their process
- 4. To know the photo journalism

Course contents:

Unit I:

History of Photography Definition and origin of Photography , The birth of Camera and its evolution, Modernization of Photography and its use in Mass Media Invention of Digital Photography

Unit II

Equipments of Photography Cameras, Lenses, Tripods, Monopods Camera bags, Digital storage

Unit III

Lighting -the different types of lighting-Natural lighting-and Artificial Lighting, The reflection of light Recommended equipment for outdoor lighting , Introduction to indoor lighting and Photographing

Unit IV:

Types of Photography and Photo Journalism, News Photography, Sports Photography, Nature photography, Portrait photography, Fashion photography and, advertisement photography, The basics of photojournalism and importance of context in photojournalism.

Unit V:

Editing Photo editing software: Microsoft Office Picture manager, Corel Draw, Adobe Photoshop Elements, Photoshop CC (Creative Cloud) Correcting imperfect images: Picture Orientation, Cropping, Levels, Altering brightness and contrast, Red eye.

Course outcomes:

- 1. Understanding of the concept of photography and its historical development
- 2. Understanding of photography process
- 3. Understanding of the uses of different photography camera and lights
- 4. Learning of art of the photo journalism and the photo editing

Suggestive Readings:

The Photography Book by Editors of Phaidon Press, 30 April 2000.

All about Photography by Ashok Dilwali, National Book trust, Year of Publication:2010 New Delhi. Practical photography by O.P. SHARMA HPB/FC (14 March 2003.

The Photographer's Guide to Light by Freeman John Collins & Brown, 2005.

Lonely Planet's Best Ever Photography Tips by Richard l'Anson published by Lonely Planet



NURSERY TECHNOLOGY

Nursery, introduction, objectives and scope, types of nursery, choosing nursery site, design and layout of the nursery, preparation of nursery beds, producing plant from seed, seed handling, dormancy and treatments, methods of sowing, time and season, potting mixtures, transplanting of young seedlings, plant containers, compost and mulches, nutrient and soil management, disease and pest control, sale and marketing.

PRACTICAL

Site selection and its assessment, preparation of different types of nursery bed, study of plant containers, seed treatment, seed sowing, preparation of potting mixtures, application of mulches, application of weedicides, Compost preparation, Tools and instruments, nursery record. Assessment of plantation site, visit of nursery and plantations, pruning methods in newly and old plantations, fertilizer and weed management practices. Marketing management of nursery grown seedlings.

Suggested Readings:

Keats C Hall. 2003 Manual on nursery practice. Forest Department, Jamaica. E book Kumar, Vinod, (2016), Nursery and Plantation Practices in Forestry, Scientific publishers India. Luna RK. (2006). Plantation forestry in India. International book distributor, Dehradun India. PawarPankaj (2007). Practical Manual of plantation forestry. Scientific publisher, Jodhpur Sharma and Singh NP. (2011). Soil and orchard management. Daya Publishing House, Delhi





NSS AND SOCIAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Objectives : The main objectives of this course are:

- 1. To help learners know about environmental issues and disaster management.
- 2. To understand the role of entrepreneurship in social development.
- 3. To learn documentation and reporting.

Outcome: Learners will learn to appreciate the concerns regarding the environment. They will have the background information to start a venture. They will also be able to prepare a socio-economic development plan.

UNIT 1: Environmental Issues

Natural Resource Management, Sustainable Development, Renewable & Non Renewable Resources, Environment & Development Trade-off;

UNIT 2: Disaster Management

Introduction; Definitationsandtypes of disasters; Disaster Management, Role of NSS in disaster management; Civil defence& Disaster Management.

UNIT 3: Entrepreneurship

Definition and meaning; Characteristics of Entrepreneurs; Types of Entrepreneurs Types of Entrepreneurship; Entrepreneurs and the Economy;

UNIT 4: Funding a Venture

Sources of funding and formalities

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Biodiversity, Environment and Disaster Management by ShamnaHussain (Unique Publishers)
- 2. Environmental Studies by P K Pandey (Mahaveer Publications)
- 3. Fundamentals of Entrepreneurship by H Nandan (PHI)

NGO MANAGEMENT

Objectives:

- 1. Develop an understanding of non-governmental organizations
- 2. Acquire skills and competence in managing NGOs

Course Content:

Unit I: Conceptual Framework and Historical Development

 Basic concepts: NGOs, Voluntary Action, Voluntary Organization, Civil Society Organisations Historical development of NGOs in India

Unit II: Initiating an NGO

- Formation of By-laws
- Registration of NGO

Unit III: Managing NGO.

- · Record keeping, documentation, budgeting, accounting and auditing
- Staffing Capacity Building, Training and Development Organizational behaviour

Unit IV: Resource Mobilization and management

- Mobilizing human and material resources
- · Fund raising and Grant-in-aid

Unit V: Project planning and execution

- Formulation of project proposals
- Project implementation
- Project appraisal -Social, Technical and Financial
- Project Monitoring and Evaluation
- Documentation

Readings:

- PRIA 2000 Defining Voluntary Sector in India: VoluntaryCivil or Non-profit, New Delhi:
 PRIA (Unit I)
- PRIA 2001 Historical Background of Non-profit Sectorin India, New Delhi PRIA (Unit I)

गुरु घासीदास विश्वविद्यालय (केटीय विश्वविद्यालय अर्थियम 2008 क्र. 25 के अंतर्गत स्थापित केटीय विश्वविद्यालय) कोनी, बिलासपुर - 495009 (छ.ग.)



Guru Ghasidas Vishwavidyalaya (A Central University Established by the Central Universities Act 2009 No. 25 of 2009) Koni, Bilaspur – 495009 (C.G.)

- Levis, David &Ravichandran, N.2008 NGO And Social Welfare Administration New Research Approaches, Jaipur: Rawat Publication. (Unit II)
- Levis, David 2001 The Management of Non-Governmental Development Organization an Introduction, London: Rout ledge. (Unit II & V)
- Edwards, Michael 2002 The Earthscan Reader on NGO Management, London: Alan Fowler. (Unit II & III)
- Dadrawala, N.H. 2004 The Art of Successful Fund Raising, NewDelhi: CAP
- (Unit IV)
- Mukherjee, K.K. Mukherjee, S.1999 A Guide Book for Strengthening Voluntary Organizations. Ghaziabad: Gram Niyojan Kendra. (Unit I & II)
- Padaki, V. &Vaz, M.2004 Management Development and Non-Profit Organization. New Delhi: Sage Publication (Unit IV)
- Goel, S.L. & Jain, R.K.1988 Social Welfare Administration: Theory and Practice, (Vol. I & II). New Delhi: Deep and Deep Publications. (Unit II, III, IV& V)
- Robbins, S.P. &Sanghi, S.2005 Organizational Behaviour. Delhi: PearsonEducations. (Unit V)
- Jackson, J 1989 Evaluation for Voluntary Organizations. Delhi: Information and News Network. (Unit III)
- Coley, S.M. & Sheinberg, C.A.1990 Proposal Writing (Sage Human ServicesGuides).
 New Delhi: Sage Publications (UnitIII)
- Chandra, S. 2001 Non-Governmental Organizations: Structure, Relevance and Function.
 New Delhi: Kanishka Publishers (Unit I & II)





Network Circuit Analysis

Network Circuit Analysis Credits = 1 (1+0+0)

Course Objectives:

- 1. The objective of the course is that the student acquires the knowledge of basics of electrical network.
- To gain the knowledge and critical analysis of electrical circuit withnetwork theorem.

Course Outcomes:

1. Understand the basic concepts, basic laws and methods of analysis of electrical networks and reduce the complexity of network using different network theorems.

Unit-1

Analysis of Electrical Network: Active and passive element of circuit. Resistance Colour Code, Review of series, parallel and series-parallel circuit, Voltage divider and current divider circuit, Ground Connections in Electrical Network, Short circuit and open circuit, Electrical power, power in short and open circuit.

Unit—II

Electrical Network: Concept of Branch, Node, Loop, Mesh and Super-Mesh, Kirchhoff's Current Law (KCL), Kirchhoff's Voltage Law (KVL), Node Analysis, Mesh Analysis, Star-Delta Conversion.

Network Theorems: Concept of Ideal and practical Sources, Thevenin theorem, Norton theorem, Thevenin-Norton conversion, Superposition theorem, Maximum Power Transfer theorem.

Reference Books

- 1. Grob's Basic Electronics, 11th ed., Mitchel E. Schultz, McGraw Hill.
- 2. Electronic Device and Circuit Theory, Boylestad&Nashelsky, 11th ed. Pearson Publication.
- 3. Engineering Circuit Analysis J David Irwin et al Wiley India 10th Edition, 2014
- 4. Electric Circuits Mahmood Nahvi McGraw Hill 5th Edition, 2009
- Introduction to Electric Circuits Richard C Dorf and James A Svoboda Wiley 9th Edition, 2015
- 6. Circuit Analysis; Theory and Practice Allan H Robbins Wilhelm C Miller Cengage 5th Edition, 2013 project managers.

Lab Work for Network Circuit Analysis

List of Experiments

- 1. Use a Multi-Meter for measuring (a) Resistances, (b) AC and DC Voltages, (c) DC Current, (d) Capacitances, and (e) Checking electrical fuses.
- 2. Soldering of Electrical wires and Networks.
- 3. To verify the Open Circuit Voltage, Thevenin's resistance and Thevenin Theorems.
- 4. To verify Short-Circuited Current and Norton theorems.
- 5. To verify Maximum power transfer theorem.
- 6. To study response curve of a Series LCR circuit and determine its (a) Resonant frequency, (b) Impedance at resonance, (c) Quality factor Q, and (d) Band width.
- 7. To study the response curve of a parallel LCR circuit and determine its (a) Anti-resonant frequency and (b) Quality factor Q.



MUSHROOM CULTURE TECHNOLOGY

Learning outcomes:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- Recall various types and categories of mushrooms.
- Demonstrate various types of mushroom cultivating technologies.
- Examine various types of food technologies associated with mushroom industry.
- Value the economic factors associated with mushroom cultivation
- Device new methods and strategies to contribute to mushroom production.

Keywords:

Edible mushrooms, Poisonous mushrooms, Cutivation technology, Mushroom bed, Mushroom unit, Storage and Nutrition

Unit I

Introduction, History. Nutritional and medicinal value of edible mushrooms; Poisonous mushrooms. Types of edible mushrooms available in India - *Volvariellavolvacea, Pleurotuscitrinopileatus, Agaricus bisporus*.

Unit II

Cultivation Technology: Infrastructure: substrates (locally available) Polythene bag, vessels, Inoculation hook, inoculation loop, low cost stove, sieves, culture rack, mushroom unit (Thatched house) water sprayer, tray, small polythene bag. Pureculture: Medium, sterilization, preparations of spawn, multiplication. Mushroom bed preparation - paddy straw, sugarcane trash, maize straw, banana leaves. Factors affecting the mushroom bed preparation-Low cost technology; Composting technology in mushroom production.

Unit III

Storage and nutrition: Short-term storage (Refrigeration – up to 24 hours) Long term Storage(canning,pickels, papads),drying, storage in salt solutions. Nutrition- Proteinsamino acids, mineral elements nutrition-Carbohydrates,Crudefibre content-Vitamins.

UnitIV

Food Preparation: Types of foods prepared from mushroom. Research Centres-National level and Regional level. Cost benefit ratio-Marketing in India and abroad ,ExportValue.

MONEY AND FINANCIAL MARKET

Money and Financial Market

Course Outcomes

This course exposes students to the theory and functioning of the monetary and financial sectors of the economy. It highlights the organization, structure and role of financial markets and institutions. It also discusses interest rates, monetary management and instruments of monetary control. Financial and banking sector reforms and monetary policy with special reference to India are also covered.

Course Outline

1. Money

Concept, functions, measurement; theories of money supply

2. Financial Institutions, Markets, Instruments and Financial Innovations

Money and capital markets: organization, structure and reforms in India, role of financial institutions

3. Banking System

Indian banking system: Changing role and structure, hanking sector reforms.

4. Central Banking and Monetary Policy

Central Bank: Functions, goals, targets, instruments of monetary control, current monetary policy of India.

Readings

- 1, F. S. Mishkin and S. G. Eakins, Financial Markets and Institutions, Pearson Education, 6th edition, 2009.
- F. J. Fabozzi, F. Modigliam, F. J. Jones, M. G. Ferri, Foundations of Financial Markets and Institutions, Pearson Education, 3rd edition, 2009.
- J. M. Bhole and J. Mahnkud, Francial Institutions and Markets, Juta McGraw Hill, 5th edition, 2011.
- 4. M. Y. Khan, Indian Financial System, Tata McGraw Hill, 7th edition, 2011.
- Various latest issues of R.B.I. Bulletins, Annual Reports, Reports on Currency and Finance and Reports of the Working Group, IMF Staff Papers.

MEDIA, GENDER AND HUMAN RIGHTS

Media, Gender and Human rights

Course contents:

Unit I

Media and the social world, Media impact on individual and society, Democratic Polity and mass media, Media and Cultural Change, Rural-Urban Divide in India: grass-roots media

Unit II

Gender Conceptual Frameworks in Gender studies, Feminist Theory, History of Media and Gender debates in India (Case studies), Media and Gender - Theoretical concerns., Media and Masculinity, Media: Power and Contestation, Public Sphere and its critique, "Public sphere" of the disempowered?

Unit III

Media and Social Difference: class, gender, race etc. Genres – Romance, Television, Soap Opera, Sports Presentation: a)Watch a Indian TV Soap Opera /reality show for a week and for representation of Family. b) Project on use of internet by the marginalized groups.

Unit IV

Media and Human Rights, Human Rights-Theoretical perspectives, Critique Universal Declaration of Human Right, Human Rights and Media (Case Studies)

Presentation: Representation of Human Rights issues and violations in International and media

Essential Readings

- 1. Street, John. Mass media, politics and democracy. Palgrave Macmillan, 2011.
- 2. Balnaves, Mark, Stephanie Donald, and Brian Shoesmith. Media theories and approaches:
- A global perspective. Palgrave-Macmillan. 2009 (Pg No. 3-10, 11-34, 35-53)
- Mackay, Hugh, and Tim O'Sullivan, eds. The media reader: continuity and transformation.
 SAGE Publications Limited, 1999. 13-28, 43-73, 287-305.
- Asen, Robert &Brouwer, Daniel, 2001. Counter Publics and the State, SUNY Press. 1-35, 111-137

Readings:

- Ninan, Sevanti. Headlines from the heartland: Reinventing the Hindi public sphere. SAGE Publications Pvt. Limited, 2007.
- Curran, James. "Rethinking mass communication." Cultural studies and communications. London: Arnold (1996).
- 3. McQuail, Denis. Mass communication theory: An introduction. Barcelona, 1991. 79-111
- Berger, Arthur Asa. Media and society: A critical perspective. Rowman& Littlefield, 2012.Pg 9-21,167-180
- Nichols, Joe& Price, John, Advanced Studies in Media, Thomes Nelson, 1999. 42-55
- 6. Thirumal, P., and Gary Michael Tartakov. "India's Dalits search for a democratic opening

LIBRARY LITERACY

Objectives:

Basic objectives of this course are to-

- · Provide basic knowledge about library and its uses.
- Literate about library services.
- Provide basic training on information storage ,searching & retrieval system.
- To inculcate the ethical use of information among the learners.
- To familiarize the learners with the organization of information sources.

Learning Outcomes:

- Create awareness among the learners about various information sources & their use.
- To develop necessary skills among learners for utilizing the library and information services to supplement studies and for solving day-by-day problems.
- Inculcate interest in the learners in the LIS which may help them to opt the subject as a career

Unit -1 Library and Society

- · Libraries Definition, Functions, types.
- · Five laws of Library Science
- Library rules and users
- Librarianship as a profession

Unit - 2 Knowledge Organizations and Retrieval

- Classification
- Cataloguing
- Indexing and Abstracting

LEGISLATIVE PROCEDURES IN INDIA

LEGISLATIVE PROCEDURES IN INDIA

Course Objective:

The purpose of this course is to familiarize the students with the legislative activities in India both in the states and the center and to train them in skills of back-end support to the legislatures and parliamentarians through research inputs in order to strengthen the legislative business. It requires, therefore, a proper understanding of the process, procedure and working of the parliament and state legislature and the role of the legislators and the parliamentarians. Besides, the purpose of the course is also to equip the students about media monitoring which involves news analysis and their use in the legislative and policy - making activities. Apart from teaching the texts, the students would be exposed to workshops for imparting skills in providing legislative support to the parliamentarians.

Learning Outcomes:

- a. Students will be able to know how the bills are drafted and presented in the parliament and state legislatures and what are the stages they pass through before becoming a law.
- b. Students will be able to know about the role of the legislature in the parliament and what are the research inputs they need to make an effective contribution to the parliamentary debates and legislative businesses.
- c. The students would know how to scan and filter out media reports and use them for legislative inputs.

Unit I: Functions of Legislative Members

- a. How laws are made?
- b. What are stages and procedures of legislation?
- Unit II: Legislative Communications
- a. Working of Parliamentary Committees
- Unit III: Budget
- a. Budget Preparation and Passage of Budget

Reading list:-

- Kashyap, S. (2011). Our Parliament, New Delhi: National Book Trust.
- Sharma, B. K. (2018). Introduction to Indian Constitution. New Delhi: PHI Learnings.
- Hiranandani, S. (1964). Legislative Drafting: An Indian View. The Modern Law Review, 27(1), 1-8.
- Motiwal, O. P. (1974). The Principles of Legislative Drafting. Journal of Law Institute, (16), Indian Law Institute, Delhi, pp. 11-47.



INTRODUCTION TO CRYPTOGRAPHY

INTRODUCTION TO CRYPTOGRAPHY

(02 Credit: L: 2-T: 0-P: 0)

Basic Concept of Cryptography, Information security, Background on functions, Basic terminology and concepts, Symmetric-key encryption, Digital signatures, Authentication and identification, Public-key cryptography, Hash functions, Protocols and mechanisms, Key establishment, management and certification, Pseudorandom numbers and sequences, Classes of attacks and security models, Identification and Entity Authentication, Digital Signatures, Efficient Implementation, Patents and Standards. Basic concepts of elliptic curve and quantum cryptography.

Text Books:

- 1. Wenbo Mao, Modern Cryptography: Theory and Practice. Pearson Education, 2004
- 2. J Buchmann, Introduction to Cryptography, Springer (India) 2004
- A. Menezes, P. van Oorschot and S. Vanstone, Handbook of Applied Cryptography, CRC Press

INTRODUCTION TO CRIMINALISTICS

Introduction to Criminalistics

Credits: 2

Learning Objectives: After studying this paper the students will know

- a. The importance of criminology.
- b. The causes of criminal behavior.
- c. The significance of criminal profiling to mitigate crime.
- d. The consequences of crime in society.
- e. The elements of criminal justice system.

Unit 1: Introduction to Crime and Criminology

Nature and Scope, Concept of Crime, Criminals and Criminology, Classification of Crime and Criminals, Methods and Techniques in Criminology, Introduction to IPC, CrPC, IEA and their relevant sections.

Unit 2: Organised Crime and Police Administration

Crime Against Women and Children, Crime Against Property, Juvenile Delinquency, Cyber Crimes, Economic Crimes, Inquest, INTERPOL

Unit 3: White Collar Crime

History and Definition, Elements of White-Collar Crime, Types of White-Collar Crime, White Collar Crime in India.

Unit 4: Punishment and Prison System

Concept and Types of Punishment, Theories of Punishment, Probation and Parole, Criminal Behavior, Recidivism.

INFORMATION COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

This course aims at acquainting the students with basic ICT tools which help them in their day-to-day life as well as in office and research.

UNIT-I: Fundamentals of Internet: Internet applications & threats, Internet addressing, URL and its parts, Browsers and utility of Browsers, Search Engines, Introduction to Social Networking apps: Twitter, Tumblr, LinkedIn, Facebook, flickr, Skype, yahoo, YouTube, WhatsApp

UNIT-II: Introduction to Electronic mail: Email Addresses, Domain Names, Mailers, parts of an E-mail Message, Composing E-mail Message, Mail Management through pop client apps online/offline.

UNIT-III: Overview of Internet security: E-mail threats and secure E-mail, Viruses and antivirus software, Firewalls, Cryptography, Digital signatures, Copyright issues. UNIT-IV: Google Apps: Google drive, Google documents, Google spread sheets, Google Slides and Google forms, Google Meet, Google Classroom

UNIT-V: GOI digital initiatives in higher education: SWAYAM, SwayamPrabha, National Academic Depository, National Digital Library of India, E-Sodh-Sindhu, Virtual labs, e-acharya, e-Yantra and NPTEL

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. In-line/On-line: Fundamentals of the Internet and the World Wide Web by Raymond Greenlaw Publishers: McGraw Hill Education
- Internet Technology and Web Design, McGraw Hill Education India.
 Information Technology The Breaking Wave, Dennis Curtin, Kunal Sen, Kim Foley and Cathy Morin, TMH.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Students would

- · Understand the literature of social networks and their properties.
- · Explain which network is suitable for whom.
- · Develop skills to use various social networking sites like twitter, flickr etc.
- Learn few GOI digital initiatives in higher education.
- Apply skills to use online forums, docs, spreadsheets, etc. for communication, collaboration and research.
- · Get acquainted with internet threats and security mechanisms.

INDIAN CONTRIBUTION TO PHYSICS

Course Objectives

- This course would empower the student to understand the ancient contribution of India towards Classical Physics.
- It will also enable the students to analysis Vaiseshika Darshan originated by Kanada with the principles
 of Classical Physics.
- The students will also be able to understand the great contribution of Indian Physicists towards the growth of Science and Technology

Learning Outcomes

- Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to understand understand the ancient contribution of India towards Classical Physics.
- It will also enable the students to analysis Vaiseshika Darshan given by Kanada with the principles of Classical Physics.
- The students will also be able to understand the great contribution of Indian Physicists towards the growth of Science and Technology

Unit -1

- Need to understand the ancient contribution of India towards Classical Physics.
- Devlopment of Classical Physics in Western civilization, Ancient Engineering, temples, Dam, Monastery etc.
- . Basic framework of Classical Physics of ancient indian origin.
- vaisheshika darshan- introductioncommentries on important vaisheshika sutras
- Dharma of physical world, Kanada atomic theory of universe, importance of ancient thoughts in this
 context.

Unit -2

- Contributions of contemporary indian physicists towards the growth of science and technology:
 - a) Dr. C.V. Raman (1888-1970), and discovery of Raman effect.
 - b) Satyendranath Bose (1894-1974), Bose-Einstein condensate.
 - c) Dr. Chandrashekhar (1910-1995) and Chandrashekhar limit in Astrology.
 - d) Dr. Meghnad Saha (1893-1956) and Saha Ionization equation.
 - e) Dr. H.J.Bhabha (1909-1966)
 - f) Vikram Sarabhai (1919-1971)
 - g) G.N. Ramachandran (1922-2001)
 - h) Jayant Narlikar (1938)

Suggested Readings:

- O. Hilton, Scientific Examination of Questioned Documents, CRC Press, Boca Raton (1982)
- A.A. Moenssens, J. Starrs, C.E. Henderson and F.E. Inbau, Scientific Evidence in Civil and Criminal Cases, 4th Edition, Foundation Press, New York (1995)
- 3. Albert S. Osborn; Questioned Documents, 2nd Edition, Universal Law Pub., Delhi.
- 4. Wilson R. Harrison; Suspected Documents and their Scientific Examination.
- 5. Saferestein, Criminalistics: An Introduction to Forensic Science. Prentice, Hall.
- Sharma, B.R.: Forensic Science in Criminal Investigation and Trials, Central Law Agency, Allahabad, 1974.





HUMAN HEALTH AND EDUCATION

About the course

The course is designed to address problems associated with health and sex thereby, promoting fitness and well being.

Learning outcomes

After the completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- understand the importance of good health.
- observe clean sexual habits thereby warding off sexually transmitted diseases.

Theory

Unit I: Health: Physical and spiritual

Health as a state of wellbeing, health awareness, Physical health, immunization and vaccination, healthy food, balanced diet, food supplements, proper sleep, exercise and keeping away from stress, pathogens and pollution. Reproductive health, adolescence, senescence. Prevention from mental illness and disabilities, alcoholism, tobacco addiction, de-addiction, lifestyle diseases. Spiritual health, yoga and meditation.

Unit II: Human reproductive and developmental cycle

Human reproductive system: structural details of male reproductive system, semen, hormonal control. Female reproductive system- structure of ovary, puberty, reproductive cycles and hormonal control, gestation period, hysterectomy, menopause. Events of human reproduction: Gametogenesisspermatogenesis and oogenesis, ovulation, fertilization, embryonic development, parturition.

Unit III: Infertility and assisted reproductive techniques

Human intervention in reproduction: Contraception and birth control-barrier method, hormonal methods, natural methods, sterilization, termination of pregnancy. Infertility-male and female infertility, causes and treatment for infertility. Advanced Reproductive Technologies- IVF, GIFT, ZIFT, Donor Insemination (DI). Sperm transfer techniques. Surrogacy.

Unit IV: Sex education and prevention from Sexually transmitted diseases

Sexually transmitted diseases: Syphilis, chlamydia, trichomoniasis, gonorrhea, AIDS, Sex education: Adolescent sexual activity, teenage pregnancy, sexual harassment, sexual awareness and policies (legal aspects), lesbian and gay sex, bisexual, transgender youth, adolescent stress management

Recommended readings

- 1. Kothari P. (1994) Common sexual problems and solutions by, UBS Publishers and Distributors Ltd.
- Hadley, Mac. E.. (2004) Endocrinology. (5th edition) Pearson Education, Singapore.
 Taylor, D.J., Green, N.P.O., Stout G. W. (2005) Biological Science. (Editor R. Soper) 3rd Edition, Cambridge University Press.
- 4. The Complete Manual of Fitness and Well-being. The Reader's Digest Association, Inc. Pleasantville, New York / Montreal.
- 5. Guyton, A.C. and Hall, J.E. Textbook of Medical Physiology.

HTML AND INTRODUCTION TO JAVA SCRIPT

HTML and Introduction to JAVA Script

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To impart the basic concepts of HTML
- To understand concepts about web Pages and CSS
- To Understand basic concepts about JavaScript.
- To understanding about creating web pages and step by step approach in making the web pages attractive and interactive with the help of HTML Tags, CSS and embedding JavaScript in HTML.

SYLLABUS:

UNIT I: INTRODUCTION TO HTML

Introduction: Overview of HTML, need of HTML, Use of it, HTML Tags: concept of Tag, types of HTML tags, structure of HTML program **Text formatting through HTML**: Paragraph attributes, line breaks, background formatting **Emphasizing material in a web page**: Heading styles, drawing lines, text styles. Text styles and other text effects-centering, spacing, controlling font size & color Lists: Using unordered and ordered lists.

UNIT II: TABLES, LINKS and FRAMES

Handling Tables: Use of table tag and its attributes. **Linking Documents**: Concept of hyperlink, types of hyperlinks **Frames**: Introduction To frames, using frames & frameset tags, targeting named frames.

UNIT III: INTRODUCTION TO CSS

Introducing CSS, Types of CSS, Use of color attributes, Use of background and Text attributes in CSS, External Style Sheets.

UNIT IV: INTRODUCTION TO JAVA SCRIPT

Overview of Java Script: advantages, client side java Script, capturing user input, writing JavaScript into HTML ,**Basic JavaScript Techniques:** Data types, literals, variables, operators and expressions Java Script Programming .

UNIT V: JAVA SCRIPT CONSTRUCTION

JavaScript Decision Making and Branching Statements: If and else if, while and do while loop. JavaScript Functions: Function declaration, Types of functions in Java Script- Built in functions, User defined functions, Dialog boxes: Alert dialog box, prompt dialog box, confirm dialog box.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Web Enabled Commercial Application Development Using HTML, DHTML, JavaScript, Perl CGI by Ivan Bayross (bpb publication)
- 2. HTML5 by Mark Pilgrim O'Reilly publication
- **3.** D.R. Brooks, An Introduction to HTML and JavaScript for Scientists and Engineers, Springer W. Willard, 2009
- 4. HTML A Beginner's Guide, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2009.
- 5. J. A. Ramalho, Learn Advanced HTML 4.0 with DHTML, BPB Publications, 2007

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of this course students should have-

- Ability to analyze the usability of a web site.
- Ability to Implement basic JavaScript.
- Ability to Create attractive web Pages using CSS.
- Ability to have knowledge of client side scripting language concepts

•





SOFT SKILLS

Course Outcomes

Some of the course learning outcomes that studentsof this courseare required to demonstrate runs thus:

- CO 1: to communicate with others effectively
- CO 2:to develop qualities of leadership...
- CO 3: to take responsibility to undertake a work and complete it.
- CO 4: to work in groups either as members or leaders
- CO 5: to think critically or laterally and solve problems
- CO 6: to negotiate with others to solve problems (conflict resolution)
- CO 7: to cope with pressure and problems

COURSE CONTENT

Teamwork

Emotional Intelligence Adaptability, Leadership Problem solving

Suggested

Readings

English and Soft Skills. S.P. Dhanavel. Orient BlackSwan 2013

English for Students of Commerce: Precis, Composition, Essays, Poems eds. Kaushik, et al.



CHEMINFORMATICS

Learning Objective:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- i. Know about the history and prospects of chemo-informatics
- Represent molecules and chemical reaction using different notations, SMILES andMatrix representation
- Search chemical structure and application of chemo-informatics in vario fields

Unit I 5 Lectures

Introduction to Chemo-informatics: History, Prospects of chemoinformatics, Molecular Modelling and Structure elucidation.

Unit II 10 Lectures

Representation of molecules and chemical reactions: Nomenclature, Different types of notations, SMILES coding, Matrix representations, Structure of Molfiles and Sdfiles, Libraries and toolkits, Different electronic effects, Reaction classification.

Unit III 10 Lectures

Searching chemical structures:Full structure search, sub-structure search, basic ideas, similarity search, three dimensional search methods, basics of computation of physical and chemical data and structure descriptors, data visualization.

Unit IV 15 Lectures

Applications: Prediction of Properties of Compounds; Linear Free Energy Relations; Quantitative Structure-Property Relations; Descriptor Analysis; Model Building; Modeling. Toxicity; Structure-Spectra correlations; Prediction of NMR, IR and Mass spectra; Computer Assisted Structure elucidations; Computer Assisted Synthesis Design, Introduction to drug design; Target Identification and Validation; Lead Finding and Optimization; Analysis of HTS data; Virtual Screening; Design of Combinatorial Libraries; Ligand and structure based drug design; Applications in Drug Design.

Recommended Books/references:

- Andrew R. Leach and Valerie, J. Gillet (2007) An introduction to Chemoinformatics. Springer: The Netherlands.
- Gasteiger, J. and Engel, T. (2003) Chemoinformatics: A text-book. Wiley-VCH.
- Gupta, S. P. (2011) QSAR & Molecular Modeling. Anamaya Pub.: New Delhi.

Course Outcome:

Graduate will have understanding of:

- 1. The history and prospects of chemo-informatics.
- Represent molecules and chemical reaction using different notations, SMILES and Matrix representation.
- 3. Search chemical structure and application of chemo-informatics in various fields.

FERMENTATION SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY

Learning outcomes:

After completing this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Employ the process for maintenance and preservation of microorganisms
- Analyze the various aspects of the fermentation technology and apply for Fermentative production
- Demonstrate proficiency in the experimental techniques for microbial production of enzymes: amylase and protease, bio product recover

Unitl

8 Lectures

Preparation of microbial culture, Preparation and sterilization of fermentation media. Isolation and improvement of industrially important microorganisms.

UnitH 8Lectures

Maintenance and preservation of microorganisms, Metabolic regulations and overproduction ofmetabolites. Kinetics of microbial growth and product formation.

UnitIII 8 Lectures

Scope and opportunities of fermentation technology. Principles of fermentation: Submerged, solid state, batch, fed-batch and continuous culture. Fermentative production of vinegar, alcohol (ethanol, wine, beer), acids (citric acid and gluconic acid), amino acids (lysine and glutamic acid) and antibiotics (penicillin and streptomycin).

UnitIV 6Lectures

Microbial production of enzymes: Amylase and Protease. Bioproduct recovery.

Suggested readings

- Waites M.J. (2008). Industrial Microbiology: An Introduction, 7th Edition, Blackwell Science, London, UK.
- Prescott S.C., Dunn C.G., Reed G. (1982). Prescott & Dunn's Industrial Microbiology, 4th Edition, AVI Pub. Co., USA.
- Reed G. (2004). Prescott & Dunn's industrial microbiology, 4th Edition, AVI Pub. Co., USA
- JR Casida L.E. (2015). Industrial Microbiology, 3rd Edition, New Age International (P) Limited Publishers, New Delhi, India.
- Waites M.J., Morgan N.L., Rockey J.S. and Higton G. (2001) Industrial Microbiology: An Introduction. 1st Edition, Blackwell Science, London, UK.
- Pelczar M.J., Chan E.C.S. and Krieg N.R. (2003) Microbiology. 5th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, NewDelhi.

Course Outcome:

Graduate will have understanding of:

- 1. Employ the process for maintenance and preservation of microorganisms
- Analyze the various aspects of the fermentation technology and apply for Fermentative production
 - Demonstrate proficiency in the experimental techniques for microbial production of enzymes: amylase and protease, bio products recover





MEDICINAL PLANT & AROMATIC PLANT

Medicinal diversity in India, Indian Traditional knowledge on Medicinal plants: history, scopes, opportunities. Merits and demerits of using herbal products. Important medicinal plants viz. Paper cardimum, Roulfiasarpentina, Withaniasomnifera, DioscoreaBaladona, CinconaCitronellgrass, khus grass, Mentha, Sweat flag (butch), Ocimum, Safedmusli, Giloe. Soil and climate requirements, Export and import potential of medicinal plants. Cultivation techniques. Utilization of medicinal and aromatic plants. Value addition and processing techniques. Medicinal/herbal garden, National Medicinal Plant Development Board, Medicinal plant conservation area (MPCA).

PRACTICAL

Identification of different medicinal and aromatic plants. Collection and processing of medicinal and aromatic plants, processing techniques, storage, packaging. Visit of MPCA, forest area. Application of locally available medicinal plants, interaction with Vaidya and local healers.

Suggested readings:

Amritpal Singh Saroya (2018). Textbook of Medicinal and Aromatic Plants. Indian Council of Agriculture Research, New Delhi.

Anand Singh Bisht (2019). Hand Book of Medicinal and Aromatic Crops, Brillion Publishing House, New Delhi.

N Deepa Devi (2017). A Text Book of Medicinal and Aromatic Crops. Aavishkar Publishers, Distributors, Jaipur

Guru Ghasidas Vishwavidyalaya (A Central University Established by the Central Universities Act 2009 No. 25 of 2009)

Koni, Bilaspur - 495009 (C.G.)

WATER REMEDIATION AND CONSERVATION STUDIES

Learning Objective:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- · Know about the various sources of water pollution
- · Know the normal standard of potable water as per WHO recommendation
- · Understand water conservation and erosion of soil
- · Develop various water remediation and conservation studies

Unit-1 10 Lectures

Sources of water pollutants, pollutants, Industrial and human contribution, WHO recommendation about potable water, current scenario of drinking water quality, chemistry of toxicants like arsenic, fluoride, chromium, lead and mercury, cause and effects of water pollution, remediation, techniques involved such as adsorption, coagulation-filtration, Nalgonada techniques, reverse osmosis, activated charcoal detoxification, applications of non-toxic oxides and mixed oxides, regeneration and recycling, mechanisms of detoxification, bio-remediation, need of green chemistry, futurescope.

Unit-II 10 Lectures

Introduction to water conservation and erosion of soil, forms of water erosion, factors affecting water erosion, types of water erosion, mechanics of water erosion control, agronomical measures of water erosion control, Terraces for water erosion control:

Modeling of watershed processes, Case study of water-shed modeling for water conservation and water quality.

Recommended Books/references:

- Cittenden J. C., Trussell J. R., Hand D. W., Howe K. J., Tchobanoglous G., Water treatment: Principles and Design MWHpublication.
- 2. De A. K. Environmental Chemistry, WileyEastern
- Clarson D., Dara S. S. A text book of Environmental chemistry and pollution control, S Chand Co. Soil and water analyticalmethod
- Edzwald J., Water Quality & Treatment: A Handbook on Drinking Water (Water Resources and Environmental EngineeringSeries)

Course Outcome:

Graduate will have understanding of:

- 1. The various sources of water pollution
- 2. The normal standard of potable water as per WHO recommendation
- 3. Water conservation and erosion of soil
- 4. Develop various water remediation and conservation studies

FORENSIC RADIOLOGY

Forensic Radiology

Credits: 02

Learning Objectives: After studying this paper the students will know-

- · Basic principles of radiology
- Forensic significance of radiology
- Importance of radiological examination in species, age estimation and sex identification

Unit I: Introduction to Forensic Radiology

Definition, Historical aspects, Scope of forensic radiology.

Unit II: Techniques applied in Forensic Radiology

X-Ray, Ultrasound, CT and MRI scan, Nuclear medicine scan etc.

Unit III: Identification

Identification of dead- need, methods. Identification of living- animal or human, age, and sex determination.

Unit IV: Applications of Forensic Radiology

Smuggling/ border control, dental identification, gun-shot wounds.

SUGGESTIVE READINGS:

- Petrovečki, Vedrana. "Lo Re G, Argo A, Midiri M, Cattaneo C, eds. Radiology in Forensic Medicine: from Identification to Post-mortem Imaging
- Thali, M.J., Viner, M.D., & Brogdon, B.G. (Eds.). (2010). Brogdon's Forensic Radiology (2nd ed.).
- Vidua, Raghvendra Kumar. "Application of Radiology Techniques and Technologies in Forensic Investigations."
- 4) Govindiah D. "Forensic Radiology made easy".
- 5) Richard W, Brant W. "Fundamentals of body CT".

INTRODUCTION TO BIOMETRY

Introduction to Biometry

Credit: 2

Learning Objectives: After studying this paper the students will know

- a. The importance of biometrics systems in criminal cases.
- Knowledge and awareness regarding current and advanced biometric identification systems.
- c. Use of biometrics in personal identification.
- d. To provide information regarding the applications of biometric parameters and technologies.

Unit 1: Introduction to Biometrics

Definition of Biometrics, Features and function of biometric system, working of biometrics, Classification of biometric systems – physical and behavioral, Strength and weakness of physical and behavioral biometrics.

Unit 2: Physical Biometrics

Physical biometrics: Fingerprints, Iris, Retina, Facial recognition, Hand geometry, DNA.

Unit 3: Behavioral Biometrics

Behavioral Biometrics: Speaker recognition, Signature, Gait biometrics

Unit 4:Biometric Parameters

Biometric parameters: FM, FNM, FTC, FTE, FAR, FRR, EER, ROC, DET; Emerging Biometric Technologies.





SIMULATION AND DESIGN OF DIGITAL CIRCUIT COMPONENTS

Course Objectives

- To acquaint students with various basic digital gates used in digital system and develop logical circuits using Boolean gates, construction of various logic circuits using basic gates.
- To impart practical working knowledge of Simulation and Analysis of digital circuits using MATLAB and/or SCILAB.

Learning Outcomes:

On successful Completion of the course, students will be able to:

- Understand the main features and importance of the MATLAB/SCI LAB mathematical programming environment.
- Apply working knowledge of MATLAB/SCI LAB package to simulate and solveDigital Electronics circuits and Applications.

Basics of the circuit components

Basics of Voltage, Current, Resistance and Power, Ohm's law, Series and parallel combinations of electrical components. Basics of electrical instruments such as multimeter, voltmeter and ammeter.

Basics and Applications of the MATLAB

Fundamentals of the MATLAB software. Logic Circuits, Equivalent circuits of an NOT Gate, Exclusive OR Gate, , NOR Gate as Universal Gate, NAND Gate, NAND Gate as Universal Gate, XNOR Gate, Half Adder, Full Adder, Half Adder using NAND Gate, Full Adder using NAND Gate, Comparator.

Reference Books:

- 1. Electrical Circuits, K.A. Smith and R.E. Alley
- 2. Modern Digital Electronics by R.P. Jain
- 3. Digital Electronics by Malvino and Leech
- 4. Digital Signal Processing with Examples in MATLAB by Samuel D.Strearns and Don R. Hush
- 5. Digital Signal Processing using MATLAB by Vinay K. Ingle and Johan G. Proakis

: Simulation and Design of Digital Circuits Components Lab Name of Experiments

- 1. Design the OR, AND &NOT Gate circuits using software and Verify with experiments
- 2. Design the NANDGate circuits using software and Verify with experiments.
- 3. Design the NOR Gate circuits using software and Verify with experiments.
- 4. Design the Half Adderusing NAND Gate using software and Verify with experiments.
- 5. Design the Full Adderusing NAND Gate using software and Verify with experiments.
- 6. Design the Comparator circuit using software and Verify with experiments.





Electronics in daily life

Unit – I: History of Electronics: The vacuum tube era, The semiconductor revolution, Integrated circuits, Compound Semiconductor, Digital electronics Materials, Optoelectronics, Superconducting electronics, Flat-panel displays

Unit – **II:** Different Electronic Components / Semiconductor Components, Passive Components-Resistors: specifications and colour coding. Capacitors: Principle, specifications and colour coding. Inductors: Principle, specifications and classification, Battery, Battery holders and connectors ,Fuses ,Transistors, Oscillation, thyristors ,Light-emitting diodes (LEDs) AC fundamentals: Generation of alternating voltages, Basic electronic functions Rectification, Amplification Using n-p-n transistor, Multimeters, MOSFETs.

Unit – **III:** Application of Electronics: Consumer Electronics Office Gadgets like calculators, Personal computers, Digital Camera, FAX machines, Printers, Scanners, Front Projector, etc. Home appliances Robot Vacuum Cleaner, Electric Deep Fryer Refrigerator, AC, Coffee Maker Machine, Hair dryer Water Purifier/Dispenser, Storage Devices

Advanced Consumer Electronic Devices: Smart Phones, iPod and Tablets, Wi-Fi and the Internet, barcode scanners, ATM, Dishwasher and POS terminals.

Medical Electronics: Stethoscope, Respiration Monitors Glucose meter, The Pacemaker, MRI, CT scan

Unit – **IV:** Industrial and Automotive Electronics: Power Windows, Electronic Control Unit (ECU), Airbag control, all vehicles etc. Meteorological and Oceanographic Electronics: Barometer: Anemometer: Anemometer Hygrometer, Data logger Smart Grid Systems Image Processing, Entertainment and Communication Electronics: Smart TVs, Set Top Boxes, Speakers, receivers etc.

Defence Application: RADAR technology, Electronic Warfare Systems, Military electronic equipments etc.

Reference Books:

- 9. Getting Started in Electronics by Forrest, M.Mims, Master Publishing, Inc.
- 10.Make Electronics Learning by Discovery by Charles Platt ,Maker Media Publishers
- 11. Practical Electronics for Inventors, Paul Scherz, McGraw-Hill Education
- 12. Everyday Electronics and You: A Guide to Maintaining and Getting the Best Out of Your Everyday Electronics Devon A. Smith Kindle Edition,
- 13. Complete Guide to Home Appliance Repair Evan Powel, Better Homes & Garden Books Publication.
- 14. A Text book of Electrical Technology Vol. 1 and 2, B.L. Thereja S. Chand & Company
- 15. Domestic appliances servicing, K.P.Anwer, Scholar Institute Publications.
- 16. Basic Electrical Engineering, M.L. Anwani, DhanpatRai Publication.

ENVIRONMENTAL ECONOMICS

ENVIRONMENTAL ECONOMICS

Course Outcomes

This course focuses on economic causes of environmental problems. In particular, economic principles are applied to environmental questions and their management through various economic institutions, economic incentives and other instruments and policies. Economic implications of environmental policy are also addressed as well as valuation of environmental quality, quantification of environmental damages, tools for evaluation of environmental projects such as cost-benefit analysis and environmental impact assessments. Selected topics on international environmental problems are also discussed.

Course Outline

1. Introduction

What are environmental economics; Importance and Scope of Environmental Economics.

2. Pollution

Types of Pollution - Soil, Air, and Water, Problems and Prospects of different pollution.

3. The Design and Implementation of Environmental Policy

Overview: Implementation of environmental policy.

4. International Environmental Problems

Environmental problems; economics of climate change;

5. Disaster Management and Sustainable Development

Meaning and Importance of Disaster Management, Process and effects on environment,

Readings:

- Charles Kolstad, Intermediate Environmental Economics, Oxford University Press, 2nd edition, 2010.
- Robert N. Stavins (ed.), Economics of the Environment: Selected Readings, W.W. Norton, 5th edition, 2005.
- Roger Perman, Yue Ma, James McGilvray and Michael Common, Natural Resource and Environmental Economics, Pearson Education/Addison Wesley, 3rd edition, 2003.
- Maureen L. Cropper and Wallace E. Oates, 1992, -Environmental Economics: A Survey, Journal of Economic Literature, Volume 30:675-740.





LANGUAGE LEARNING THROUGH LITERATURE

Learning Objectives

- Develop an understanding of the relationships between studies in language and literature.
- · Foster a lifelong interest in and enjoyment of language and literature.
- * To enhance students basic knowledge of various figure of speeches
- . Develop skills in interpretation, analysis and evaluation.
- To make students how to use literature in English communication skills

Unit 1: Understanding the Relationship between Language and Literature through Vocabulary, Literal versus

Metaphorical Meaning etc. Unit 2: Literary Devices

Figures of Speeches: Metaphor, Simile, Alliteration, Metonymy etc.

Unit 3: Rhetorical Devices

Introduction to Rhetoric, Structure and Style etc.

Unit 4: Study of Literary Texts: Dramas, Poetry, Fictions, Short Stories etc.

Suggested Readings

Hill, McGraw. Language Through Literature. McGraw, 2001.

Simpson, Paul. Language Through Literature: An Introduction. Routledge, 1996.

Martino, Emilia Di. Studying Language Through Literature. Cambridge, 2014.

Kaul, Ranjana. Language Through Literature. Delhi Publication House, 2019.

Howie, H. S. (1993). Critical thinking: A critical skill for students. Reading TODAY, 24.

PUBLIC POLICY IN INDIA

Objective: The paper seeks to provide an introduction to the interface between public policy and administration in India. The essence of public policy lies in its effectiveness in translating the governing philosophy into programs and policies and making it a part of the community living. It deals with issues of decentralization, financial management, citizens and administration and social welfare from a non-western perspective.

UNIT: I. PUBLIC POLICY

Meaning, Definition, Characteristics and Significance

UNIT: II. PUBLIC POLICY FORMULATION

UNIT: III. PUBLIC POLICY IMPLEMENTATION

UNIT: IV. PUBLIC POLICY AND SOCIAL WELFARE

- . Meaning of Social Welfare
- . Relationship between Public Policy and Social Welfare

UNIT: V. CASE STUDIES OF PUBLIC POLICY

- . Right to Information
- . Employment: MNREGA

Reading List

- T. Dye, (1984) Understanding Public Policy, 5th Edition. U.S.A: Prentice Hall
- M. Howlett, M. Ramesh, and A. Perl, (2009), Studying Public Policy: Policy Cycles and Policy subsystems, 3rd edition, Oxford: Oxford University Press
- T. Dye. (2002) Understanding Public Policy, New Delhi: Pearson
- Y. Dror, (1989) Public Policy Making Reexamined. Oxford: Transaction Publication

N.G.Jayal. Democracy and The State: Welfare, Secular and Development in Contemporary India, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1999

Noorjahan Bava. Development Policies and Administration in India, Delhi: Uppall Publishers, 2001

Singh, S. and Sharma, P. (eds.) Decentralization: Institutions and Politics in Rural India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2007. Jugal Kishore, National Health Programs of India: National Policies and Legislations. Century Publications. 2005

K. Lee and Mills. The Economic Of Health In Developing Countries, Oxford: Oxford University Press. 1983

K. Vijaya Kumar. Right to Education Act 2009: Its Implementation as to Social Development in India, Delhi: Akansha Publishers, 2012.

Marma Mukhopadhyay and Madhu Parhar(ed.) Education in India: Dynamics of Development, Delhi: Shipra Publications, 2007

Nalini Juneja, Primary Education for All in the City of Mumbai: The Challenge Set By Local Actors', International Institute For Educational Planning, UNESCO: Paris, 2001

Surendra Munshi and Biju Paul Abraham [eds.] Good Governance, Democratic Societies and Globalization, Sage Publishers, 2004





INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP

Course Objective

The objective of the course is to introduce the students about the basic knowledge on intellectual property rights and their implications in biological research and product development; students become familiar with India's IPR Policy; about concepts of entrepreneurship including identifying a winning business opportunity, gathering funding and launching a business, growing and nurturing the organization and harvesting there wards.

Course LearningOutcomes

Learning outcomes on completion of this course the students will be able to;

- Understand different types of intellectual property rights.
- Understand the protection of products derived from biotechnology research
- Understand Indian patent Act and issues related to application and obtaining patents.
- Understandentrepreneurial skills
- Understandrole of entrepreneurship in developing economy

Course contents

Unit I

Introduction to Indian Patent Law, World Trade Organization and its related intellectual property provisions, Intellectual/Industrial property and its legal protection in research, design, development in Biotechnology

Unit II

Essential requirements for patenting, types of patent, things that are patentable and non-patentable, Drug patents in India, various types of patent application in India, patenting of living organism, traditional knowledge, commercial exploitation and protection.

Unit III

Concept of entrepreneur, nature of entrepreneur, entrepreneurial characteristics, functions of an entrepreneur, role of entrepreneurship in developing economy.

Unit IV

Entrepreneurship: Selection of a product, line, design and development processes, economics on material and energy requirement, stock the product and release the same for making etc. The basic regulations of excise: Demand for a given product,





Guru Ghasidas Vishwavidyalaya (A Central University Established by the Central Universities Act 2009 No. 25 of 2009) Koni, Bilaspur – 495009 (C.G.)

feasibility of its production under given constraints of raw material, energy input, financial situations export potential etc.

Suggested Reading

- 1. Ganguli,P.(2001).IntellectualPropertyRights:UnleashingtheKnowledgeEcono my.New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill Pub.
- 2. NationalIPRPolicy, Department of Industrial Policy & Promotion, Ministry of Commerce, GoI
- 3. CompleteReferencetoIntellectualPropertyRightsLaws.(2007). Snow White PublicationOct.
- 4. Kuhse, H. (2010). Bioethics: an Anthology. Malden, MA: Blackwell.
- OfficeoftheControllerGeneralofPatents,Design&Trademarks;Departmentof IndustrialPolicy & Promotion; Ministry of Commerce & Industry; Government of India.http://www.ipindia.nic.in/
- 6. World Trade Organisation. http://www.wto.org
- 7. World Intellectual Property Organisation. http://www.wipo.int

Guru Ghasidas Vishwavidyalaya (A Central University Established by the Central Universities Act 2009 No. 25 of 2009) Koni, Bilaspur – 495009 (C.G.)

SET THEORY AND LOGIC

SET THEORY AND LOGIC

Introduction, propositions, truth table, negation, conjunction and disjunction. Implications, biconditional propositions, converse, contra positive and inverse propositions and precedence of logical operators. Propositional equivalence: Logical equivalences. Predicates and quantifiers: Introduction, Quantifiers, Binding variables and Negations.

Sets, subsets, Set operations and the laws of set theory and Venn diagrams. Examples of finite and infinite sets. Finite sets and counting principle. Empty set, properties of empty set. Standard set operations. Classes of sets. Power set of a set.

Difference and Symmetric difference of two sets. Set identities, generalized union and intersections. Relation: Product set, Composition of relations, Types of relations, Partitions, Equivalence Relations with example of congruence modulo relation, Partial ordering relations, and n-ary relations.

Books Recommended:

- R.P. Grimaldi, Discrete Mathematics and Combinatorial Mathematics, Pearson Education, 1998.
- 2. P.R. Halmos, Naive Set Theory, Springer, 1974.
- 3. E. Kamke, Theory of Sets, Dover Publishers, 1950.

हिंदी भाषा : एक सामान्य परिचय

Course	Course Name	Periods		ds	Duration	Scheme			Credits
Code		L	Т	P		IA	ESE	Sub Total	8
HIUBTA1	हिंदी भाषा : एक सामान्य परिचय	2	-	-	2 Hours	30	70	100	2

Course Objective:

हिंदी भाषा की बनावट और बुनावट का ज्ञान भाषागत प्रयोगों की दिशा और दशा को निर्धारित करती है।

Syllabus Content:

- 💠 भाषा की परिभाषा, प्रकृति एवं विविध रूप
- हिंदी की वर्ण-व्यवस्था : स्वर एंव व्यंजन ।
- 💠 स्वर के प्रकार हुस्व, दीर्घ तथा प्लुत।
- 💠 व्यंजन के प्रकार स्पर्श, अन्तस्थ, ऊष्म, अल्प्रप्राण, महाप्राण, घोष तथा अघोष ।
- 💠 वर्णों का उच्चारण स्थान : कण्ठ्य, तालव्य, मूर्धन्य, दन्त्य, ओष्ठ्य तथा दंत्योष्ठ्य ।
- 💠 बलाघात, संगम, अनुतान तथा संधि।

सहायक ग्रंथ :

- 1. आधुनिक हिन्दी व्याकरण और रचना वसुदेव नन्दन प्रसाद, भारती भवन प्रकाशन, पटना
- 2. सामान्य हिन्दी एवं हिन्दी व्याकरण- ब्रजिकशोर प्रसाद सिंह, यूनिकॉर्न पुस्तक, नई दिल्ली
- 3. हिन्दी व्याकरण कामता प्रसाद गुरु, प्रभात प्रकाशन, नई दिल्ली
- 4. भाषा विज्ञान- भोलानाथ तिवारी, किताब महल, नई दिल्ली
- 5. हिन्दी भाषा हरदेव बाहरी, अभिव्यक्त प्रकाशन, जोधपुर

Course Learning Outcomes:

हिन्दी भाषी प्रदेशों में उच्च शिक्षाप्राप्त विद्यार्थियों से न्यूनतम अपेक्षा है कि वे अपनी भाषा की सामान्य विशेषताओं, लिपि और उसकी वैज्ञानिकता आदि से उनका सामान्य परिचय जरूर हो। इसे ही ध्यान में रखकर यह पाठ्यक्रम तैयार किया गया है।





Guru Ghasidas Vishwavidyalaya (A Central University Established by the Central Universities Act 2009 No. 25 of 2009) Koni, Bilaspur – 495009 (C.G.)

BIO-MANAGEMENT OF ENVIROMENT

Bio-management of Environment (BTUBTA1) CREDITS: 2

CourseObjective

The aim of the course is to study the different techniques such as bioremediation (using microorganisms) and phytoremediation (using plants) techniques which is helpful for the degradation of environmental pollutants such as pesticides, heavy metals, radioactive substances etc. present in the soil, water and aquifers.

CourseLearningOutcomes

- On the successful completion of the course, students are aware of the biomanagement of soil.
- Have knowledge about biomanagement of petroleum contaminant.
- Aware of the biomanagement of heavy metal.
- Have the knowledge of bioremediation (using microorganisms) and phytoremediation techniques.

Course contents

Unit I

Biomanagement of soil: An overview of global market and available technologies local gain, global loss: The Environmental cost of action, bioavailability of contaminants in soil, microbial remediation of metals in soils

Unit II

Biomanagement of Petroleum Contaminants: benzene-contaminated underground aquifers. Biomining, Bioleaching, Enrichment of ores by microorganisms (Gold, Copper and Uranium). Environmental significance of genetically modified microbes, plants and animals, Molecular aspects and applications in biotechnology

Unit III

Biosurfactants, strategies based on the use of fungal enzymes, anaerobic Metabolism and bioremediation of BTEX Hydrocarbons (Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, and Xylene), Treatment of municipal waste and Industrial effluents, Bio-fertilizers, Role of symbiotic and asymbiotic nitrogen fixing bacteria in the enrichment of soil, Algal and fungal biofertilizers (VAM)

Unit IV

Heavy metal phytoremediation: Microbial indicators of soil health for the assessment of remediation efficiency. Environment and the tools in rhizo- and bioremediation of contaminated soil molecular tools for monitoring and validating bioremediation, genetic engineering of bacteria and their potential for bioremediation

Suggested Reading

- 1. S.C. Santra, Environmental Science
- 2. Pradipta Kumar Mohapatra, Environmental Biotechnology
- 3. Hans-Joachim Jordening and Jesef Winter, Environmental Biotechnology Concepts and

Applications

- 4. Metcalf and Eddy, Tata McGraw hill, Waste Water Engineering
- 5. S.S. Purohit, Agricultural Biotechnology
- 6. Alicia L. Ragout De Spencer, John F.T. Spencer, Environmental Microbiology : Methods and Protocols
- 7. Milton Wainwright, Introduction to Environmental Biotechnology
- 8. Gilbert Masters, Principles of Environmental Engineering
- 9. Metcalf & Eddy, Wastewater Engineering
- 10. Sibley, Law and Strategy of biotechnological patents. Butterworth publication
- 11. Ganguli-Tat McGrawhill, Intellectual property rights.
- 12 Wattal, Intellectual Property Right. Oxford Publication



Guru Ghasidas Vishwavidyalaya (A Central University Established by the Central Universities Act 2009 No. 25 of 2009) Koni, Bilaspur - 495009 (C.G.)

DOCUMENTARY PRODUCTION

Course Objectives:

- 1. To know the concept of documentary making
- 2. To know the production of documentary

Understanding the Documentary, Introduction to Realism Debate, Introduction to Shooting styles, Introduction to Editing styles, Structure and scripting the documentary.

Documentary Production, Pre-Production, Researching the Documentary, Research: Library, Archives, location, life stories, ethnography Writing a concept: telling a story Treatment ,Writing a proposal and

Suggested Practical Exercise- Shooting a short film (5-6 minutes) and Editing the same.

Course outcomes:

- 1. Understanding of the concept of the documentary
- 2. Learning of the production of documentary

Suggested Readings:

Erik Barnow and Krishnaswamy Documentary

Charles Musser "Documentary" in Geoffrey Nowell Smith edThe Oxford History of World Cinema

Oxford University Press: 1996, 322-333

Michael Renov "The Truth about Non Fiction" and "Towards a Poetics of Documentary" in Michael Renov ed. Theorizing Documentary AFI Film Readers, New York and London: Routledge: 1993, 1-36 Trisha Das How to Write a Documentary Double Take by PSBT

Suggested Screenings

Michael Moore: Roger and Me Nanook of the North by Robert J Flaherty Nightmail by Basil Wright Bombay Our City by AnandPatwardhan Black Audio Collective City of Photos by Nishtha Jain Films by PSBT

RURAL HEALTH CARE

Course outcomes

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Aware about the health problem, their causes and sanitation techniques.
- 2. Understand awareness programs for sanitation and health improvement.
- 3. Aware about the rural health management.

Rural Health: Understanding of health, epidemiology, natural history of diseases, determinants of health, indicators of health.

Rural Health and Nutrition Status: Health and nutrition linkages and status, dietary intake, trends in health and nutrition, factors influencing health and nutrition status.

Rural Health and Communicable Diseases: Understanding communicable diseases, different communicable diseases and etiology of – respiratory infection, water and food borne infections, contact diseases, arthropod borne diseases and zoonosis. Characteristics of communicable diseases. Prevention and control of communicable diseases.

Rural Health Management: Health care services- (a) general services, (b) Maternal and child health services (c) services provided under national health program

Rural Sanitation and hygiene: Government Schemes like, Swachchha Bharat Mission, Nirmal Bharat Abhiyan and Amrut Mission.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Objective: The course provides an introduction to the discipline of public administration. This paper encompasses public administration in its historical context with an emphasis on the various classical and contemporary administrative theories. The course also explores some of the recent trends, including feminism and ecological conservation and how the call for greater democratization is restructuring public administration. The course will also attempt to provide the students a comprehensive understanding on contemporary administrative developments.

UNIT: I. PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AS A DISCIPLINE

- . Meaning, Definition, Nature and Significance
- . Scope

Public Administration and Private Administration

UNIT: II. ORGANISATION: PRINCIPLE OF ORGANISATION

- .Hierarchy
- .Unity of Command
- . Coordination
- . Delegation
- . Centralization & Decentralization

UNIT: III. LEGISLATIVE CONTROL OVER ADMINISTRATION

UNIT: IV. EXECUTIVE CONTROL OVER ADMINISTRATION

UNIT: V. JUDICIAL CONTROL OVER ADMINISTRATION

Reading List

D. Rosenbloom, R. Kravchuk, and R. Clerkin, (2009) Public Administration: Understanding Management, Politics and Law in Public Sector, 7th edition, New Delhi: McGraw Hill

M. Bhattacharya, (2008) New Horizons of Public Administration, 5th Revised Edition. New Delhi: Jawahar Publishers

Shafritz, J. and Hyde, A. (eds.) Classics of Public Administration. 4th Edition. Forth Worth: Hartcourt Brace, 1997

N. Henry, Public Administration and Public Affairs, 12th edition. New Jersey: Pearson, 2013

Rumki Basu. Public Administration: Concepts and Theories Sterling Publishers, New Delhi 2014

B. Chakrabarty, And M. Bhattacharya, (eds), Public Administration: A Reader, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2003

Manoj Sinha, (2010), Prasashan Evm Lokniti, New Deli: Orient Blackswan.

Sahni, P. & Vayunandan, E. (2010) Administrative Theory. New Delhi; Prentice Hall of India.

Sapru, R.K.(2013), Administrative Theories and Management Thought(Third Edition), Delhi: Prentice Hall of India



गुरु घासीदास विश्वविद्यालय, बिलासपुर Guru Ghasidas Vishwavidyalaya, Bilaspur



A Central University established by the Central University Act 2009 No. 25 of 2009

Certificate on Yogic Science

Academic Session 2021-22



Department Organized: Physical Education

DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICAL EDUCATION GURU GHASIDAS VISHWAVIDYALA, BILASPUR (C.G.) SCHEME OF SIX WEEK CERTIFICATE COURSE IN YOGIC SCIENCE

1. General Objectives of the Course:

- i. To enable the student to understand the benefits of yoga.
- ii. To acquaint, student with the practical knowledge of Yogasana, Kriyas, Bandhas, Mudras and Pranayama.
- iii. To enable student to prepare the Yoga programme.
- iv. To enable student to become competent and committed professionals willing to perform as Yoga trainer.

2. Duration of the Course:

The duration of the course shall be of Six Weeks. Each working day, shall consist of Three Hours including Practical and Theory.

3. Eligibility for Admission:

This course is open for all bonafide students of Guru Ghasidas University, who are physically fit.

4. Medium of Instruction and Examination:

Medium of Instruction shall be Hindi and/or English and question papers shall be set in Hindi & English.

5. Passing Marks and Attendance:

- Classes will be held from Monday to Friday.
- ➤ It is compulsory to attend 75% classes in theory and Practical both for appearing in the examination for passing the certificate course in yoga.
- ➤ Candidates are required to come with appropriate and comfortable uniform/dress as prescribed bythe department at their own expenses.
- ➤ There will be a theory and practical test at the end of the course. Students have to obtain 40% or above marks in the theory and practical examinations to pass and to obtain their certificates;
- Marks shall be indicated on the certificate.

6. The examination scheme and their respective marks will be as follows:

Nature	Code	Subject	Max. Marks		
Theory	CPY101	Yogic Science Paper-1	100		
Practical	CPY102	Practical Theory Paper- II	100		
	CPY103	Performance Evaluation	100		
	CPY104	Teaching Skill	100		
	Total Marks				

7. Scope: After completion of Certificate Course in Yogic Science, one can work professionally as a trainer.

8. Programme Objectives:

PO1: To enable the student to well acquainted with theoretical knowledge of Yoga.

PO2: To acquaint, student with the practical knowledge of Yoga.

PO3: To make proficient Yoga expert for schools level

PO4: To cater experience Yoga expert for society. .

9. Programme Specific Objective:

PSO1: To make competent and committed professionals willing to perform as Yoga trainer/instructor for the country.

DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICAL EDUCATION GURU GHASIDAS VISHWAVIDYALA, BILASPUR (C.G.)

SYLLABUS - SIX WEEK CERTIFICATE COURSE IN YOGIC SCIENCE

I.THEORY: YOGIC SCIENCE- CPY101

Course Objective: Tobecome certified to teach yoga at the most basic level. The course deals with both abstract and practical aspects of Yoga. To develop, promote and propagate the philosophy, science and art of Yoga.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course the students will be:-

- 1. To enable the student to understand the benefits of yoga.
- 2. To acquaint, student with the practical knowledge of Yogasana, Kriyas, Bandhas, Mudras and Pranayama.
- 3. To enable student to prepare the Yoga programme.
- 4. To enable student to become competent and committed professionals willing to perform as Yoga trainer.

> INTRODUCTION OF YOGA:

- Meaning and Definition of Yoga
- Aims of Yoga
- Yoga in the Bhagavadgita Karma Yoga, Raja Yoga, Gyan Yoga and Bhakti Yoga

> THE ASTHANGA YOGA:

• Yama, Niyama, Asana, Pranayama, Pratyahara, Dharana, Dhyana& Samadhi.

PRANAYAMA

- Meaning of Pranayama
- Types of Pranayama
- Phases of Pranayama:Purak (inhalation), Kumbhak (retention) Rechak (exhalation)

> KRIYAS:

- Meaning of Kriyas
- Types of Kriyas
- Benefits of Kriyas

> MUDRAS:

Hasth Mudra: Gyan Mudra, Vaayu Mudra, Aakash Mudra, Shunya Mudra, Prithvi Mudra,
 Prithvi Mudra, Varun Mudra, Dhyan Mudra, Chin Mudra.

BANDHAS:

JalandharaBandha, UddiyanaBandha and Moolabandha

Essential Readings:

- 1. O.P. Tiwari Asana why and how, Kaivalyadham SMYM samiti, Lonavala, 2012.
- 2. M.L. Gharote Guidelines for Yogic Practices, Medha Publication, Lonavla.
- 3. Swami SatyanandaSaraswati Asan, Pranayama, Mudra, Bandha, Yoga publcation trust, Munger, 2006.
- 4. Pt. Shri Ram Sharma- Pragya Abhiyanka Yoga Vyayam, Brahmvarchas shodh Sanshan, Shantikunj, Haridwar, 1998.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. B.K.S. Iyengar Light on Yoga, Harper Collins publisher, New Delhi, 2012.
- 2. B.K.S. Iyengar Light on Pranayama, Harper collins publisher, New Delhi, 2012.
- 3. Swami Kuvlayanand Asana, Kaivalyadham SMYM samiti, Lonavala, 1993.
- 4. Swami Kuvlayanand- Prnayama, Kaivalyadham SMYM samiti, Lonavala, 2009.

Course Outcomes and their mapping with Programme Outcomes:

СО		PSO			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PSO1
CO1	3	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	2	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	2

Weightage: 1-Sightly; 2-Moderately; 3-Strongly

II. PRACTICAL: PRACTICAL THEORY - CPY102

- > YOGIC PRAYER
- SURYA NAMASKARAS

> YOGASANA (YOGIC POSTURES)

- **Standing Postures:**Tadasana,Virkshasana,Pada-Hastasana, ArdhakatiChakrasana, Trikonasana, Garudasana, EkaPadaUtkatasana, Natrajasana, Konasana, Virabhadrasana.
- Sitting Postures: Vajrāsana, Paschimottanasana, Bhadrasana, Ustrasana, ArdhaUstrasana, Suptavajrasana, ArdhaMatsyendrasana, Vakrasana, Marichasana, Sasankasana, AkarnaDhanurasana, Gumukhasana, JanuShirasasana, Badhakonasana, Padmasana, Raja Kapotasana, Shishuasana.
- Lying Postures (Prone Postures): Bhujangasana, Salabhasana, Dhanurasana, UrdhvaMukhaSvanasana, Makarasana, Ashtangasana.
- Lying Postures (Supine Postures):Halasana, Pavanmuktasana, Savasana, Naukasana, Chakrasana, Sarvangasana, Matsyasana, Setubandhasana,UttānaPādāsana, Viparitakarani.
- Balancing Postures: Vrikshasana, Garudasana, Namaskarasana, Tittibhasana, Natrajasana, Sirsasana, Tadasana

PRANAYAMA:

- Anulom-Vilom Pranayama
- Bhastrika Pranayama
- Shitali Pranayama
- Sitkari Pranayama
- Suryabhedan Pranayama
- Ujjai Pranayama
- Bhramri Pranayama
- Kapalabhati Pranayama

> MUDRAS:

Hasth Mudra: Gyan Mudra, Vaayu Mudra, Aakash Mudra, Shunya Mudra, Prithvi Mudra,
 Prithvi Mudra, Varun Mudra, Dhyan Mudra, Chin Mudra.

BANDHAS:

JalandharaBandha, UddiyanaBandha and Moolabandha.

III. PRACTICAL: Performance Evaluation - CPY103

The student will have to perform any five Exercises from the syllabus of his/her choice.

IV. PRACTICAL: Teaching Skill - CPY104

Practice of teaching of one lesson plan on any skill (TwoAsana, one Pranayama and oneKriya/Bandha/Mudra) on lesson format with chart.

DEPARTMENT OF ZOOLOGY

GURU GHASIDAS VISHWAVIDYALAYA, BILASPUR

Introduces

VEDIC WISDOM



Value added Course

(For all registered regular students enrolled

for any course in GGV)



- Personality Development
- **Stife Management Skills**
- **ORENIA STREET** Rekindling Vedic Wisdom
- **2** Credit Course

Register Now

COURSE FEE: RS. 2000

(30 hour 2 credit course, includes Books and Study Materials)

COURSE COORDINATOR

Dr. Rohit Seth

(Associate Professor of Zoology, GGV)



www.ggu.ac.in

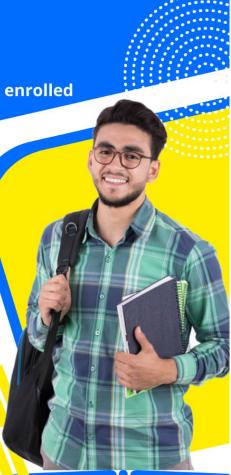
9630587045 / 8319990721 9439246336 / 9168308937

rohitseth123@gmail.com dasmanikishore2016@gmail.com



SCAN TO PAY





Vedic Wisdom & Life Skills

A Value Added Course

(Minimum 30 hours / 2 credit Course)

• Department: Zoology

Name of the Course: Vedic wisdom and life skills

• Nature of Course: Value-Added Course

Mode of Course: OfflineNumber of Seats: No limit

Eligibility Criteria for Admission: All registered regular students enrolled for any course in GGV

Introduction and relevance of the course:

Objectives of the course:

Learning outcome of the course: After successful completion of the course, the students will understand the fundamental principles imbibed in our rich Vedic wisdom and effectively apply this knowledge in their daily lives. Students will also learn the importance of Human values & Ethics and apply the same in their personality development.

Number of lectures: 15 (One lecture of 2hr every week)

Number of practical's: Practical assignments will be given towards the end of this course

Syllabus: Annexure I
Suggestive Readings: Annexure I

Course Coordinator (Name & Designation Dr. Rohit Seth, Associate Professor of Zoology, GGV

Evaluation Criteria: Continuous & progressive evaluation
Exam format: Multiple Choice Questions & Assignment

Fee for the Course: Rs. 2000/- per student (includes study material & books)

Module(s) & Content	Contact Hours
Module 1: Vedic Wisdom • Historical perspective	4
 Actual process of acquiring Vedic knowledge Relevance of this study in modern times 	
Module 2: Discover your inner self • Science of the soul – Who am I?	4
 Evidence of soul's existence Law of karma – why do bad things happen to good people? 	
Module 3: Mastermind behind the mysterious universe • God – Evidence from Shastras	4
• God or Gods – One God or many gods?	
• Aim of life – to love and serve.	
Module 4: Life skills	8
• Mind – Friend or Enemy?	
 Meditation – Art of conquering restless mind Power of Habits – Addictions 	
• Time Management	
• How to study effectively	
Module 5: Behavioral Science	10
 Modes of nature – Goodness, Passion, and Ignorance 	
• Family relationships and friendship – Role of an ideal - father, mother, son, daughter, friend, etc.	
Courage and consideration – maintaining a balanced lifestyle Ethics – Honorty morality and integrity	
 Ethics – Honesty, morality, and integrity The 7 habits of highly effective people 	
The / hadro of highly effective people	

References:

- Bhagavad Gita as it is by HDG A.C. Bhaktivedanta Swami Prabhupada, Founder-Acharya of ISKCON
- Basics of Bhagavad Gita a thematic study of Bhagavad Gita by HDG A.C. Bhaktivedanta Swami Prabhupada
- The 7 Habits of Highly Effective People by Stephen R Covey
- Recommendation: www.futurelearn.com/courses/improving-study-techniques by University of Groningen (Free Course)

Assessment of the Value-added Courses

Continuous & progressive evaluation of the students will be performed on the basis of Quizzes, Multiple Choice Questions & Assignments. The Question Papers will be framed to test different levels of learning based on Bloom's taxonomy viz. Knowledge, Comprehension, Application, Analysis, Synthesis, and Evaluation/Creativity.

Mode of Fee Payment:

For payment of course fees, students can visit our website i.e. https://ggu.ac.in/ or Click here to get redirected directly to the payment website. Course fee is Rs. 2000/- per student (includes study material & books).

Note: Students need to put course name i.e. "Vedic wisdom & life skills" as remarks during fee payment.

Passing Requirement and Grading

The passing requirement for value-added courses shall be 50% of the marks prescribed for the course. While a minimum of 40% marks in the terminal examination is essential, there is no passing minimum for internal assessment. A student shall be declared to have passed the course if he/she secures not less than 40% marks in the terminal examination and not less than 50% marks in aggregate taking Internal and End course Examination marks together. A candidate who has not secured a minimum of 50% of marks in a course (Internal + End course) shall reappear for the course in the next session with the prescribed fee.

Examinations

S. No.	Paper	Internal assessment (Formative)	Terminal Examination (based on Bloom's taxonomy)
1	Paper-I – Theory	20	30
2	Paper-II – Practical	20	30
3	Seminar/viva-voce examination/project report	50	
4	Total	90	60

Certificates will be issued to the candidates on successful completion of the course





Bamboo Work Artisan

Electives: Bamboo Basket Making/ Bamboo Mat Weaving/ Bamboo Utility Handicraft Assembling

QP Code: HCS/Q8702

Version: 2.0

NSQF Level: 3

Handicrafts and Carpet Sector Skill Council | OCF, Plot No. 2, Pocket 9, Sector B, Vasant Kunj New Delhi – 110070





Contents

HCS/Q8702: Bamboo Work Artisan	. პ
Brief Job Description	. 3
Applicable National Occupational Standards (NOS)	. 3
Compulsory NOS	. 3
Elective 1: Bamboo Basket Making	. 3
Elective 2: Bamboo Mat Weaving	
Elective 3: Bamboo Utility Handicraft Assembling	
Qualification Pack (QP) Parameters	
HCS/N9901: Coordinate with colleagues and work as a team	. 6
HCS/N9902: Maintain Safe and Healthy Work Environment	12
HCS/N9903: Maintain Personal Hygiene	17
HCS/N8711: Carry out preparation of bamboo slivers	21
HCS/N8712: Carry out weaving & twining of bamboo slivers to achieve the final product as per	
requirement	26
HCS/N8713: Carry out finishing, varnishing, drying & storage of bamboo basket	32
HCS/N8714: Contribute to achieve quality bamboo basket making	38
HCS/N8705: Carry out basic pre-loom operations: Denting and attaching the warp on the loom	42
HCS/N8706: Carry out basic weaving operations: Shedding/ Picking/ Battening to weave mats	
comprising of basic weaves- Plain and Twill using hand operated loom	48
HCS/N8707: Contribute to achieve quality in bamboo mat weaving	54
HCS/N8715: Carry out cutting & processing of materials as per given size & shape	58
HCS/N8716: Carry out assembling different materials	63
HCS/N8717: Contribute to achieve quality bamboo utility handicraft assembling	68
Assessment Guidelines and Weightage	71
Assessment Guidelines	71
Assessment Weightage	72
Acronyms	75
Glossary	76





HCS/Q8702: Bamboo Work Artisan

Brief Job Description

Bamboo Work Artisan prepares bamboo by performing various steps and using various methods to make a final prepared bamboo product.

Personal Attributes

The individual must have attention to detail, logical thinking, hand-eye coordination, good analytical skills, problem solving skills, reliability, good decision-making skills, basic mathematical skills and should not have colour blindness. The individual should be good at following instructions.

Applicable National Occupational Standards (NOS)

Compulsory NOS:

- 1. HCS/N9901: Coordinate with colleagues and work as a team
- 2. HCS/N9902: Maintain Safe and Healthy Work Environment
- 3. HCS/N9903: Maintain Personal Hygiene

Electives(mandatory to select at least one):

Elective 1: Bamboo Basket Making

A Bamboo Basket Maker should have good eyesight, handeye coordination and vision (including near vision, distance vision, colour vision, peripheral vision, depth perception and ability to change focus).

- 1. HCS/N8711: Carry out preparation of bamboo slivers
- 2. <u>HCS/N8712</u>: Carry out weaving & twining of bamboo slivers to achieve the final product as per requirement
- 3. HCS/N8713: Carry out finishing, varnishing, drying & storage of bamboo basket
- 4. HCS/N8714: Contribute to achieve quality bamboo basket making

Elective 2: Bamboo Mat Weaving

A Bamboo Mat Weaver is the one who weaves various types of Bamboo Mats using a hand operated loom. A Bamboo Mat Weaver can weave basic weaves- Plain and Twill, using Bamboo Sticks as weft and yarns as warp on a hand operated loom. The job requires the Weaver to have the skills to attach the warp on the loom and weave the basic weaves on the loom as per pattern or design provided.

1. HCS/N8705: Carry out basic pre-loom operations: Denting and attaching the warp on the loom





- 2. <u>HCS/N8706</u>: Carry out basic weaving operations: Shedding/ Picking/ Battening to weave mats comprising of basic weaves- Plain and Twill using hand operated loom
- 3. HCS/N8707: Contribute to achieve quality in bamboo mat weaving

Elective 3: Bamboo Utility Handicraft Assembling

A Bamboo Utility Handicraft Assembler is the one who processes different materials (including bamboo based materials), assembles and finishes them to get the desired product that may be an end product or an intermediatary material for other jobs.

- 1. HCS/N8715: Carry out cutting & processing of materials as per given size & shape
- 2. HCS/N8716: Carry out assembling different materials
- 3. HCS/N8717: Contribute to achieve quality bamboo utility handicraft assembling

Qualification Pack (QP) Parameters

Sector	Handicrafts and Carpet
Sub-Sector	Handicrafts (Bamboo Handicrafts)
Occupation	Stitching, Weaving, Making and Finishing- Handicrafts(Bamboo)
Country	India
NSQF Level	3
Aligned to NCO/ISCO/ISIC Code	NCO-2015/7317.0800
Minimum Educational Qualification & Experience	Basic Literacy and Numeracy with 5 years of relevant experience. OR 5th Class with 3 years of relevant experience OR 8th Class with 1 year of relevant experience
Minimum Level of Education for Training in School	
Pre-Requisite License or Training	NA
Minimum Job Entry Age	16 Years
Last Reviewed On	NA
Next Review Date	NA
NSQC Approval Date	





Version	2.0
---------	-----





HCS/N9901: Coordinate with colleagues and work as a team

Description

This NOS describes the communication and coordination skills and knowledge to work with colleagues and supervisor to achieve a smooth and hazard-free workflow.

Scope

The scope covers the following:

- interact with supervisor or superior
- work as a team by coordinating with colleagues within and outside the department and include inputs on PwD & Gender Sensitisation
- · report and Document

Elements and Performance Criteria

Interact with supervisor or superior

To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:

- **PC1.** comply with health, safety gender, and PwD (People with disability) related instructions applicable to the workplace
- **PC2.** actively participate in mock drills/ evacuation procedures; group discussions, training sensitization programs for gender, and PwD awareness organized at the workplace.
- **PC3.** receive job orders and instructions from reporting supervisor and receive feedback on work standards.
- **PC4.** understand the work output requirements, targets, performance indicators and incentives.
- **PC5.** deliver quality work on time and report any anticipated reasons for delays and handover completed work to supervisor
- **PC6.** report on any grievances, production defects and any potential hazards.

Work as a team by coordinating with colleagues within and outside the department and include inputs on PwD & Gender Sensitisation

To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:

- PC7. communicate maintenance and repair schedule proactively to the supervisor
- **PC8.** interact and clarify doubts on design, usage of materials & tools, quality & standards compliance, etc.

Report and Document

To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:

- **PC9.** report in time for shortage or need of raw materials
- **PC10.** communicate with colleagues from within and other departments, clearly and effectively on all aspects to carry out the work among the team
- **PC11.** maintain the etiquette, use polite language, demonstrate responsible and disciplined behavior towards colleagues.
- **PC12.** put team over individual goals and multi-task or share work where necessary supporting the colleagues.
- **PC13.** document all the details accurately relating to ones role as required.

Handicrafts and Carpet Sector Skill Council

Oualification Pack



Knowledge and Understanding (KU)

The individual on the job needs to know and understand:

- **KU1.** knowledge about the importance of gender equality being followed in the organization and policies for reporting any harassment or inappropriate behavior
- **KU2.** knowledge about how to accommodate employees with disabilities etiquette to adhere to and proper language and terminology
- **KU3.** knowledge about how to communicate, offer help, respecting space, parking etc. for people with disabilities or special needs
- **KU4.** knowledge about promoting a safe, accessible and healthy workplace for disabled employees
- **KU5.** company's policies on preferred language of communication, incentives, quality standards, personnel management, reporting and escalation matrix policy.
- **KU6.** company's standard operating procedure (sop) and the risk and impact of not following them.
- **KU7.** procedures for working with colleagues, his/her role and responsibilities in relation to this
- **KU8.** organizational hierarchy and the line of reporting structure and work target and review mechanism
- **KU9.** procedures to report employment related issues and to deal with conflicts
- **KU10.** importance of the individuals role in the organizational workflow and details of the individual responsibilities
- **KU11.** tools and equipment handling procedure and common potential hazards in the work place and the procedures to deal with them
- **KU12.** effective communication with various categories of people and the different departments in the organization
- **KU13.** to document the job activity as required like the check sheets, history sheets, etc.
- **KU14.** expressing and addressing grievances appropriately, deal with difficult work relationships and manage the internal conflicts effectively

Generic Skills (GS)

User/individual on the job needs to know how to:

- **GS1.** create a positive and inclusive workplace atmosphere without any kind of bias/discrimination towards any employee
- **GS2.** actively take part in any discussion/workshop organized for gender sensitization training
- **GS3.** read and comprehend written instructions related to gender equality issues in the organization
- **GS4.** identify and report any harassment or inappropriate behavior towards any employee
- **GS5.** create a positive and inclusive workplace atmosphere without any kind of bias/discrimination towards any employee with disability or special needs
- **GS6.** actively take part in any discussion/workshop organized for disability sensitization training.
- **GS7.** read and comprehend written instructions related to equality issues in the organization related to disabled persons
- **GS8.** read job sheets, design sheet and information displayed at the workplace





- **GS9.** read and understand manuals, health and safety instructions, memos etc
- **GS10.** fill up documentation to ones role
- **GS11.** communicate effectively with supervisor
- GS12. contribute to quality of team work and achieve smooth workflow
- **GS13.** improve work processes by interacting with others and adopting best practices





Assessment Criteria

Assessment Criteria for Outcomes	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Project Marks	Viva Marks
Interact with supervisor or superior	14	30	-	-
PC1. comply with health, safety gender, and PwD (People with disability) related instructions applicable to the workplace	2	5	-	-
PC2. actively participate in mock drills/ evacuation procedures; group discussions, training sensitization programs for gender, and PwD awareness organized at the workplace.	2	5	-	-
PC3. receive job orders and instructions from reporting supervisor and receive feedback on work standards.	2	5	-	-
PC4. understand the work output requirements, targets, performance indicators and incentives.	2	5	-	-
PC5. deliver quality work on time and report any anticipated reasons for delays and handover completed work to supervisor	3	5	-	-
PC6. report on any grievances, production defects and any potential hazards.	3	5	-	-
Work as a team by coordinating with colleagues within and outside the department and include inputs on PwD & Gender Sensitisation	6	10	-	-
PC7. communicate maintenance and repair schedule proactively to the supervisor	3	5	-	-
PC8. interact and clarify doubts on design, usage of materials & tools, quality & standards compliance, etc.	3	5	-	-
Report and Document	15	25	-	-
PC9. report in time for shortage or need of raw materials	3	5	-	-
PC10. communicate with colleagues from within and other departments, clearly and effectively on all aspects to carry out the work among the team	3	5	-	-





Assessment Criteria for Outcomes	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Project Marks	Viva Marks
PC11. maintain the etiquette, use polite language, demonstrate responsible and disciplined behavior towards colleagues.	3	5	-	-
PC12. put team over individual goals and multitask or share work where necessary supporting the colleagues.	3	5	-	-
PC13. document all the details accurately relating to ones role as required.	3	5	-	-
NOS Total	35	65	-	-





National Occupational Standards (NOS) Parameters

NOS Code	HCS/N9901
NOS Name	Coordinate with colleagues and work as a team
Sector	Handicrafts and Carpet
Sub-Sector	Handicrafts (Ceramics), Handicrafts (Fashion Jewellery), Handicrafts (Stonecraft), Glassware, Metalware, Carpet, Handicrafts (Woodware)
Occupation	Production Management,Research and Development, Mixing and Milling, Moulding, Finishing and Painting, Pre- Production, Furnace Operation, Quality Check, Production, Pre - Crafting, Stone Crafting, Mixing, Moulding, Cutting, Smoothening, Finishing, Designing, Metal Casting and Stamping, Metal Craft Making, Cleaning/Polishing/Buffing, Painting and Plating, Packing, Marketing and Merchandising
NSQF Level	4
Credits	TBD
Version	6.0
Last Reviewed Date	31/08/2021
Next Review Date	31/08/2026
Deactivation Date	31/08/2026
NSQC Clearance Date	31/08/2021





HCS/N9902: Maintain Safe and Healthy Work Environment

Description

This NOS is about following adequate safety procedures to make the work environment safe and Healthy.

Scope

The scope covers the following:

- follow safety procedures and practices.
- achieve safety standards

Elements and Performance Criteria

Follow safety procedures and practices

To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:

- **PC1.** carry out work functions in accordance with organizational standards, greening solutions, procedures, policies, legislation and regulations
- **PC2.** apply and follow these policies and procedures within your work practices and inculcate sustainable consumption practices
- **PC3.** actively get involved in improving the performance of the organization in line with their own role and responsibilities and support adaptation to more environmentally friendly processes
- **PC4.** comply with safety procedures while on work to prevent accidents
- **PC5.** take adequate safety measures while handling materials, chemicals and tools
- **PC6.** wear appropriate personal protective gears such as gloves, protective goggles, masks etc. while working
- **PC7.** wear appropriate and recommended clothing as per the work environment
- **PC8.** follow recommended material handling procedure to control material and personal damage.
- **PC9.** perform all procedures as per companys work instructions for controlling operational risk

Achieve safety standards

To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:

- **PC10.** perform the duties in a manner which minimizes environmental damage
- **PC11.** dispose off waste safely and correctly in a designated area as per companys sop
- **PC12.** report any accidents, incidents or problems without delay to the supervisor and take necessary immediate action to reduce further danger
- **PC13.** ensure zero accident at workplace
- **PC14.** adhere to safety standards and ensure no material damage

Knowledge and Understanding (KU)

The individual on the job needs to know and understand:

- **KU1.** making conscious and sustainable decisions for achieving effective and green workplace.
- KU2. company's policies on work safety and occupational hazard management





- **KU3.** knowledge about company's HR policies and reporting structure
- **KU4.** company emergency evacuation procedure
- **KU5.** accidental risks to the worker
- **KU6.** how to maintain the work area safe and secure
- **KU7.** how to perform the duties in a way to minimize accidental risks
- KU8. how to handle chemicals in a safe manner
- **KU9.** purpose and usage of protective gears such as gloves, protective goggles, masks, etc. while working
- **KU10.** safe and correct material handling procedure
- **KU11.** standard operating procedure (sop) of processes
- **KU12.** precautionary activities to be followed in the processes
- **KU13.** how to operate tools and electrical equipment
- **KU14.** emergency procedures to be followed in case of a mishap such as fire accidents etc.

Generic Skills (GS)

User/individual on the job needs to know how to:

- **GS1.** make conscious and sustainable decisions that help reduce, rescue, and recycle the company resources
- **GS2.** identify and replace processes that create unnecessary waste.
- **GS3.** read safety instructions, safety signage and safety manuals
- **GS4.** read the usage of various safety tools and equipment
- **GS5.** take notes on descriptions and details of various safety precautions and procedures as instructed
- **GS6.** communicate supervisor about the work safety issues.
- **GS7.** receive instructions from supervisor on minimizing the accidental risks
- **GS8.** communicate co-workers about the precautions to be taken for accident-free work.
- **GS9.** how to select appropriate safety tools and equipment
- **GS10.** improve work processes by adopting best safety practices
- **GS11.** coordinate with different departments on briefing the safety aspects
- **GS12.** guide the team members on use of various safety tools and equipment
- **GS13.** spot errors and any other disruptions and communicate with solutions
- **GS14.** how to use safety equipment such as fire extinguisher during fire accidents.
- **GS15.** how to store chemicals and tools in a safe way.





Assessment Criteria

Assessment Criteria for Outcomes	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Project Marks	Viva Marks
Follow safety procedures and practices	18	46	-	-
PC1. carry out work functions in accordance with organizational standards, greening solutions, procedures, policies, legislation and regulations	2	5	-	-
PC2. apply and follow these policies and procedures within your work practices and inculcate sustainable consumption practices	2	5	-	-
PC3. actively get involved in improving the performance of the organization in line with their own role and responsibilities and support adaptation to more environmentally friendly processes	2	5	-	-
PC4. comply with safety procedures while on work to prevent accidents	2	5	-	-
PC5. take adequate safety measures while handling materials, chemicals and tools	2	6	-	-
PC6. wear appropriate personal protective gears such as gloves, protective goggles, masks etc. while working	2	5	-	-
PC7. wear appropriate and recommended clothing as per the work environment	2	5	-	-
PC8. follow recommended material handling procedure to control material and personal damage.	2	5	-	-
PC9. perform all procedures as per companys work instructions for controlling operational risk	2	5	-	-
Achieve safety standards	10	26	-	-
PC10. perform the duties in a manner which minimizes environmental damage	2	5	-	-
PC11. dispose off waste safely and correctly in a designated area as per companys sop	2	5	-	-





Assessment Criteria for Outcomes	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Project Marks	Viva Marks
PC12. report any accidents, incidents or problems without delay to the supervisor and take necessary immediate action to reduce further danger	2	5	-	-
PC13. ensure zero accident at workplace	2	5	-	-
PC14. adhere to safety standards and ensure no material damage	2	6	-	-
NOS Total	28	72	-	-





National Occupational Standards (NOS) Parameters

NOS Code	HCS/N9902
NOS Name	Maintain Safe and Healthy Work Environment
Sector	Handicrafts and Carpet
Sub-Sector	Handicrafts (Ceramics), Handicrafts (Fashion Jewellery), Handicrafts (Stonecraft), Glassware, Metalware, Carpet, Handicrafts (Woodware)
Occupation	Production Management, Research and Development, Mixing and Milling, Moulding, Finishing and Painting, Pre- Production, Furnace Operation, Quality Check, Production, Pre - Crafting, Stone Crafting, Mixing, Moulding, Cutting, Smoothening, Finishing, Designing, Metal Casting and Stamping, Metal Craft Making, Cleaning/Polishing/Buffing, Painting and Plating, Packing, Marketing and Merchandising
NSQF Level	4
Credits	TBD
Version	6.0
Last Reviewed Date	31/08/2021
Next Review Date	31/08/2026
Deactivation Date	31/08/2026
NSQC Clearance Date	31/08/2021





HCS/N9903: Maintain Personal Hygiene

Description

This NOS provides the abilities required for taking responsibility for their own health at the workplace and is about using the correct procedures to prevent, control and minimize risk to them and others at the workplace.

Scope

The scope covers the following:

- adopt healthy work practices
- achieve work productivity while maintaining health

Elements and Performance Criteria

Adopt healthy work practices

To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:

- **PC1.** always cover the mouth and nose with a dust mask while working and keep on changing when it gets blocked with dust
- PC2. wear safety shoes while visiting the production unit to avoid any damage
- **PC3.** wear personal protective equipment while visiting the different departments during production. or example mask in the washing section, glasses and mask in an assembly line, and gloves in the printing section, etc.
- **PC4.** always wash sanitize your hands after a factory unit before touching any document, laptop, cell phone, etc.
- **PC5.** undergo preventive health checkups at regular intervals.
- **PC6.** take prompt treatment from the doctor in case of illness.

Achieve work productivity while maintaining health

To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:

- **PC7.** follow SOPs for dealing with blisters; scratches; accidental fires or any other type of emergencies at work
- **PC8.** ensure no productivity loss or absenteeism from work due to illness
- **PC9.** ensure no long-term ill effect on personal health.

Knowledge and Understanding (KU)

The individual on the job needs to know and understand:

- **KU1.** company's policies on personal health and occupational hazard management
- KU2. company's HR policies.
- KU3. company's reporting structure
- **KU4.** company's emergency evacuation procedure
- **KU5.** health risks to the worker at the workplace
- KU6. healthy work practices





- **KU7.** how to perform the duties in a way to minimize pollution at the workplace.
- **KU8.** what personal protective equipment should be worn and how it is cared for
- **KU9.** safe disposal methods for waste
- **KU10.** how to provide first-aid treatment at the workplace
- **KU11.** emergency procedures to be followed in case of an mishap such as fire accidents etc.

Generic Skills (GS)

User/individual on the job needs to know how to:

- **GS1.** read personal health instructions and manual
- **GS2.** read the usage of various hand tools and personal protection equipment
- **GS3.** take notes on descriptions and details of various personal health maintenance procedures
- **GS4.** communicate supervisor about the physical symptoms
- **GS5.** receive instructions from doctor and supervisor on medical care
- **GS6.** how to select appropriate hand tools and personal protection equipment
- **GS7.** when to change personal protection equipment during work
- **GS8.** how to identify first aid needs in case and of an injury
- **GS9.** how to select appropriate hand tools and personal protection equipment
- **GS10.** when to change personal protection equipment during work
- **GS11.** how to use materials that does not affect customer health / make injury
- **GS12.** improve work processes by adopting best safety practices
- **GS13.** analyze the usage of appropriate tools and consumables
- **GS14.** spot errors and any other disruptions and communicate with solutions





Assessment Criteria

Assessment Criteria for Outcomes	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Project Marks	Viva Marks
Adopt healthy work practices	18	48	-	-
PC1. always cover the mouth and nose with a dust mask while working and keep on changing when it gets blocked with dust	3	8	-	-
PC2. wear safety shoes while visiting the production unit to avoid any damage	3	8	-	-
PC3. wear personal protective equipment while visiting the different departments during production. orexample mask in the washing section, glasses and mask in an assembly line, and gloves in the printing section, etc.	3	8	-	-
PC4. always wash sanitize your hands after a factory unit before touching any document, laptop, cell phone, etc.	3	8	-	-
PC5. undergo preventive health checkups at regular intervals.	3	8	-	-
PC6. take prompt treatment from the doctor in case of illness.	3	8	-	-
Achieve work productivity while maintaining health	9	25	-	-
PC7. follow SOPs for dealing with blisters; scratches; accidental fires or any other type of emergencies at work	3	8	-	-
PC8. ensure no productivity loss or absenteeism from work due to illness	3	8	-	-
PC9. ensure no long-term ill effect on personal health.	3	9	-	-
NOS Total	27	73	-	-





National Occupational Standards (NOS) Parameters

NOS Code	HCS/N9903
NOS Name	Maintain Personal Hygiene
Sector	Handicrafts and Carpet
Sub-Sector	Handicrafts (Ceramics), Handicrafts (Fashion Jewellery), Handicrafts (Stonecraft), Glassware, Metalware, Carpet, Handicrafts (Woodware)
Occupation	Production Management, Research and Development, Mixing and Milling, Moulding, Finishing and Painting, Pre- Production, Furnace Operation, Quality Check, Production, Pre - Crafting, Stone Crafting, Mixing, Moulding, Cutting, Smoothening, Finishing, Designing, Metal Casting and Stamping, Metal Craft Making, Cleaning/Polishing/Buffing, Painting and Plating, Packing, Marketing and Merchandising
NSQF Level	4
Credits	TBD
Version	3.0
Last Reviewed Date	31/08/2021
Next Review Date	31/08/2026
Deactivation Date	31/08/2026
NSQC Clearance Date	31/08/2021





HCS/N8711: Carry out preparation of bamboo slivers

Description

This unit is about carrying out basic operations of preparing bamboo slivers of required specification.

Scope

The scope covers the following:

- To make slivers from Bamboo Splits
- Sorting & Drying of sliver
- Bundling & Storage of slivers

Elements and Performance Criteria

To make slivers from Bamboo Splits

To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:

- **PC1.** appropriately use the hand saw.
- **PC2.** make the bamboo sliver by handling the bamboo split in the right manner.
- **PC3.** apply appropriate pressure on the bamboo split by using the hand saw to get the desired thickness of bamboo sliver
- **PC4.** make the bamboo sliver of the desired size from the splits.
- **PC5.** measure & maintain the uniformity of the sliver to be achieved
- **PC6.** minimise and dispose of the waste materials in the approved manner
- **PC7.** carry out operations at a rate that maintains workflow
- **PC8.** respond appropriately incase of any errors or faults in the bamboo and other operations
- **PC9.** leave work area safe and secure when work is complete
- **PC10.** maintain the sharpness of handsaw
- **PC11.** take safety precautions while drawing out the sliver

Sorting & Drying of sliver

To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:

- **PC12.** identify and segregate the usable and the disposable bamboo slivers based on width, thickness, strength and colour
- **PC13.** ensure uniform and complete drying
- **PC14.** minimise and dispose of the waste materials in the approved manner

Bundling & Storage of slivers

To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:

- **PC15.** take an appropriate amount (weight/number of pieces as per market demand) of bamboo slivers from the bulk lot
- PC16. undertake precautions while storage to avoid moisture

Knowledge and Understanding (KU)

The individual on the job needs to know and understand:



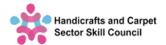


- **KU1.** your organization's policies, procedures, guidelines and standards for quality
- **KU2.** safe working practices and organizational procedures
- **KU3.** quality systems and other processes practiced in the organization
- **KU4.** types of problems with quality and how to report them to appropriate people
- **KU5.** the importance of complying with written instructions
- **KU6.** reporting procedure in case of faults in own/ other processes
- **KU7.** whom to refer problems to when they are outside the limit of your authority
- KU8. your organization's tools, templates and processes for related operations in production
- **KU9.** types of tools used
- KU10. step-by-step process of making bamboo sliver
- **KU11.** correct positioning of the tool while making bamboo sliver
- **KU12.** common mistakes in the handling of tools affecting the quality
- KU13. importance of drying

Generic Skills (GS)

User/individual on the job needs to know how to:

- **GS1.** write in the local language
- **GS2.** read measurement instructions
- **GS3.** listen effectively and orally communicate information accurately
- **GS4.** ask for clarification and advice from others
- **GS5.** follow organization rule-based decision-making process
- **GS6.** decide with a systematic course of actions and/or response
- **GS7.** plan and organize your work to achieve targets and deadlines
- **GS8.** manage relationships with customers
- **GS9.** build customer relationships and use a customer-centric approach
- **GS10.** analyze the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s)
- **GS11.** identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays
- GS12. analyze data and activities
- **GS13.** pass on relevant information to others
- **GS14.** apply, analyze, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action





Assessment Criteria

Assessment Criteria for Outcomes	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Project Marks	Viva Marks
To make slivers from Bamboo Splits	22	43	-	-
PC1. appropriately use the hand saw.	2	3	-	-
PC2. make the bamboo sliver by handling the bamboo split in the right manner.	2	3	-	-
PC3. apply appropriate pressure on the bamboo split by using the hand saw to get the desired thickness of bamboo sliver	2	3	-	-
PC4. make the bamboo sliver of the desired size from the splits.	2	3	-	-
PC5. measure & maintain the uniformity of the sliver to be achieved	2	3	-	-
PC6. minimise and dispose of the waste materials in the approved manner	2	3	-	-
PC7. carry out operations at a rate that maintains workflow	2	5	-	-
PC8. respond appropriately incase of any errors or faults in the bamboo and other operations	2	5	-	-
PC9. leave work area safe and secure when work is complete	2	5	-	-
PC10. maintain the sharpness of handsaw	2	5	-	-
PC11. take safety precautions while drawing out the sliver	2	5	-	-
Sorting & Drying of sliver	6	15	-	-
PC12. identify and segregate the usable and the disposable bamboo slivers based on width, thickness, strength and colour	2	5	-	-
PC13. ensure uniform and complete drying	2	5	-	-
PC14. minimise and dispose of the waste materials in the approved manner	2	5	-	-
Bundling & Storage of slivers	4	10	-	-





Assessment Criteria for Outcomes	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Project Marks	Viva Marks
PC15. take an appropriate amount (weight/number of pieces as per market demand) of bamboo slivers from the bulk lot	2	5	-	-
PC16. undertake precautions while storage to avoid moisture	2	5	-	-
NOS Total	32	68	-	-





National Occupational Standards (NOS) Parameters

NOS Code	HCS/N8711
NOS Name	Carry out preparation of bamboo slivers
Sector	Handicrafts and Carpet
Sub-Sector	Handicrafts (Bamboo Handicrafts)
Occupation	Stitching, Weaving, Making and Finishing-Handicrafts (Bamboo)
NSQF Level	3
Credits	TBD
Version	2.0
Last Reviewed Date	NA
Next Review Date	NA
Deactivation Date	NA
NSQC Clearance Date	NA





HCS/N8712: Carry out weaving & twining of bamboo slivers to achieve the final product as per requirement

Description

This unit provides Performance Criteria, Knowledge & Understanding and Skills & Abilities required to carry out Basket making from bamboo slivers.

Scope

The scope covers the following:

- making two dimensional Bamboo sliver base according to specified design & size on which weaving & twining is to be done
- carrying the process of weaving & twining in the definite pattern & design

Elements and Performance Criteria

Making two dimensional Bamboo sliver base according to specified design & size on which weaving & twining is to be done

To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:

- **PC1.** take specific type (based on width & length) of bamboo slivers suitable for preparing the two dimensional base structure
- **PC2.** plan out the base & fix it (specifically for round base)to obtain a rigid structure.
- **PC3.** ensure that the base structure is fixed correctly before weaving bamboo slivers on to the base structure
- **PC4.** make the two dimensional bamboo sliver base according to the required design & pattern
- **PC5.** ask questions to obtain more information on tasks when the instructions you have are unclear
- **PC6.** to be able to work according to specified shape of bamboo basket
- **PC7.** check that the materials to be used are free from faults
- PC8. conform to organization's quality standards
- **PC9.** report any damaged work to the responsible person
- **PC10.** leave work area safe and secure when work is complete free from hazards

Carrying the process of weaving & twining in the definite pattern & design

To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:

- **PC11.** take appropriate slivers (based on width & length) for weaving according to shape, size, colour & design pattern required in making specific basketry product
- **PC12.** do basic weaving in the given structure/frame
- PC13. analyze and maintain a uniform gap between the slivers as per the given specification
- **PC14.** analyze and maintain the compactness of the sliver to ensure rigidity of the structure
- **PC15.** analyze and carry out the bending wherever required according to the shape & size of the product to be achieved
- **PC16.** analyze and maintain quality in giving shapes
- PC17. ensure proper handling in making the basketry product to avoid any breakage





PC18. detect faults & defects **PC19.** solve & rectify the faults

Knowledge and Understanding (KU)

The individual on the job needs to know and understand:

- **KU1.** the organization's policies and procedures
- **KU2.** responsibilities under health, safety and environmental legislation
- **KU3.** guidelines for storage and disposal of waste materials
- **KU4.** potential hazards associated with the machines and the safety precautions that must be taken
- **KU5.** protocol to obtain more information on work related tasks
- **KU6.** contact person in case of queries on procedure or products and for resolving issues related to defective machines, tools and/or equipment
- **KU7.** details of the job role and responsibilities
- **KU8.** work target and review mechanism with your supervisor
- **KU9.** protocol and format for reporting work related risks/ problems
- **KU10.** method of obtaining/ giving feedback related to performance
- **KU11.** importance of team work and harmonious working relationships
- **KU12.** process for offering/ obtaining work related assistance
- **KU13.** need to sort slivers
- **KU14.** need for drying
- **KU15.** proper storing methods
- **KU16.** knowledge of types slivers based on quality and quantity measurements measurements
- **KU17.** different types of defects/quality issues
- **KU18.** common hazards in the work area and workplace procedures for dealing with them

Generic Skills (GS)

User/individual on the job needs to know how to:

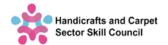
- **GS1.** write in local language
- **GS2.** read measurement instructions
- **GS3.** communicate orally with colleagues
- **GS4.** follow organization rule-based decision making process
- **GS5.** decide with systematic course of actions and/or response
- **GS6.** plan and organize your work to achieve targets and deadlines
- **GS7.** manage relationships with customers
- **GS8.** build customer relationships and use a customer-centric approach
- **GS9.** think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s)
- **GS10.** identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays





GS11. analyze data and activities

GS12. pass on relevant information to others





Assessment Criteria

Assessment Criteria for Outcomes	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Project Marks	Viva Marks
Making two dimensional Bamboo sliver base according to specified design & size on which weaving & twining is to be done	20	30	-	-
PC1. take specific type (based on width & length) of bamboo slivers suitable for preparing the two dimensional base structure	2	3	-	-
PC2. plan out the base & fix it (specifically for round base)to obtain a rigid structure.	2	3	-	-
PC3. ensure that the base structure is fixed correctly before weaving bamboo slivers on to the base structure	2	3	-	-
PC4. make the two dimensional bamboo sliver base according to the required design & pattern	2	3	-	-
PC5. ask questions to obtain more information on tasks when the instructions you have are unclear	2	3	-	-
PC6. to be able to work according to specified shape of bamboo basket	2	3	-	-
PC7. check that the materials to be used are free from faults	2	3	-	-
PC8. conform to organization's quality standards	2	3	-	-
PC9. report any damaged work to the responsible person	2	3	-	-
PC10. leave work area safe and secure when work is complete free from hazards	2	3	-	-
Carrying the process of weaving & twining in the definite pattern & design	18	32	-	-
PC11. take appropriate slivers (based on width & length) for weaving according to shape, size, colour & design pattern required in making specific basketry product	2	3	-	-
PC12. do basic weaving in the given structure/frame	2	3	-	-





Assessment Criteria for Outcomes	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Project Marks	Viva Marks
PC13. analyze and maintain a uniform gap between the slivers as per the given specification	2	3	-	-
PC14. analyze and maintain the compactness of the sliver to ensure rigidity of the structure	2	3	-	-
PC15. analyze and carry out the bending wherever required according to the shape & size of the product to be achieved	2	3	-	-
PC16. analyze and maintain quality in giving shapes	2	3	-	-
PC17. ensure proper handling in making the basketry product to avoid any breakage	2	4	-	-
PC18. detect faults & defects	2	5	-	-
PC19. solve & rectify the faults	2	5	-	-
NOS Total	38	62	-	-





National Occupational Standards (NOS) Parameters

NOS Code	HCS/N8712
NOS Name	Carry out weaving & twining of bamboo slivers to achieve the final product as per requirement
Sector	Handicrafts and Carpet
Sub-Sector	Handicrafts (Bamboo Handicrafts)
Occupation	Stitching, Weaving, Making and Finishing-Handicrafts(Bamboo)
NSQF Level	3
Credits	TBD
Version	2.0
Last Reviewed Date	NA
Next Review Date	NA
Deactivation Date	NA
NSQC Clearance Date	NA





HCS/N8713: Carry out finishing, varnishing, drying & storage of bamboo basket

Description

This unit is about to carry out basic operations of finishing, drying & varnishings Bamboo Basketry products.

Scope

The scope covers the following:

- clipping the extra unwanted sliver from the basket & fix the edges.
- drying of bamboo basket.
- varnishing & drying of bamboo basket
- storage of bamboo basket products

Elements and Performance Criteria

Clipping the extra unwanted sliver from the basket & fix the edges

To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:

- **PC1.** appropriate usage of clipping tool
- **PC2.** cut the extra edges neatly to give the fine finished look
- **PC3.** analyze and apply glue to fix the edges
- **PC4.** handle the bamboo basket properly to avoid any breakage
- **PC5.** dispose the waste materials in the approved manner
- **PC6.** carry out operations at a rate that maintains workflow
- **PC7.** respond appropriately incase of any errors or faults in the bamboo and other operations
- **PC8.** leave work area safe and secure when work is complete
- **PC9.** maintaining the work place clean
- **PC10.** maintaining sharpness of clipping tool
- **PC11.** take safety precautions while clipping

Drying of Bamboo Basket

To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:

- **PC12.** carry out effective drying of the basket to reduce moisture content
- **PC13.** take precautions while placing the baskets in a dust free area while drying

Proper Varnishing & Drying of Bamboo Basket

To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:

- **PC14.** handle the brush or sprayer properly
- **PC15.** prepare the solution of varnish by adding an appropriate amount of thinner
- **PC16.** take an appropriate amount of solution to be applied to the bamboo basketry product
- **PC17.** apply solution on the bamboo basketry product uniformly
- PC18. handle the basket properly while doing varnishing
- **PC19.** ensure uniform and complete drying in sunlight to avoid stickiness





- PC20. check & ensure the quality of the final product based on desired specifications
- PC21. maintain the workplace clean
- PC22. dispose of the waste materials safely in approved manner

Storage of Bamboo Basket products

To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:

- PC23. take precautions while stacking the lot of basket avoiding any breakage
- PC24. store the lot of basket in a dry area avoiding direct contact with the ground

Knowledge and Understanding (KU)

The individual on the job needs to know and understand:

- **KU1.** the organization's policies, procedures, guidelines and standards for quality
- **KU2.** safe working practices and organizational procedures
- **KU3.** quality systems and other processes practiced in the organization
- **KU4.** types of problems with quality and how to report them to appropriate people
- **KU5.** the importance of complying with written instructions
- **KU6.** reporting procedure in case of faults in own/ other processes
- **KU7.** who to refer problems to when they are outside the limit of your authority
- **KU8.** the organization's tools, templates and processes for related operations in production
- **KU9.** types of tools used
- **KU10.** step by step finishing process
- **KU11.** preparation of varnish solution by added a right amount of thinner
- **KU12.** common mistakes in handling of product affecting the finishing quality
- **KU13.** importance of even drying

Generic Skills (GS)

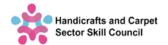
User/individual on the job needs to know how to:

- **GS1.** write in local language
- **GS2.** read measurement instructions
- **GS3.** listen effectively and orally communicate information accurately
- **GS4.** ask for clarification and advice from others
- **GS5.** follow organization rule-based decision-making process
- **GS6.** decide with a systematic course of actions and/or response
- **GS7.** plan and organize your work to achieve targets and deadlines
- **GS8.** manage relationships with customers
- **GS9.** build customer relationships and use customer centric approach
- **GS10.** think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s)
- **GS11.** identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays
- GS12. analyze data and activities





- **GS13.** pass on relevant information to others
- **GS14.** apply, analyze, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action





Assessment Criteria

Assessment Criteria for Outcomes	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Project Marks	Viva Marks
Clipping the extra unwanted sliver from the basket & fix the edges	11	33	-	-
PC1. appropriate usage of clipping tool	1	3	-	-
PC2. cut the extra edges neatly to give the fine finished look	1	3	-	-
PC3. analyze and apply glue to fix the edges	1	3	-	-
PC4. handle the bamboo basket properly to avoid any breakage	1	3	-	-
PC5. dispose the waste materials in the approved manner	1	3	-	-
PC6. carry out operations at a rate that maintains workflow	1	3	-	-
PC7. respond appropriately incase of any errors or faults in the bamboo and other operations	1	3	-	-
PC8. leave work area safe and secure when work is complete	1	3	-	-
PC9. maintaining the work place clean	1	3	-	-
PC10. maintaining sharpness of clipping tool	1	3	-	-
PC11. take safety precautions while clipping	1	3	-	-
Drying of Bamboo Basket	2	6	-	-
PC12. carry out effective drying of the basket to reduce moisture content	1	3	-	-
PC13. take precautions while placing the baskets in a dust free area while drying	1	3	-	-
Proper Varnishing & Drying of Bamboo Basket	9	29	-	-
PC14. handle the brush or sprayer properly	1	3	-	-
PC15. prepare the solution of varnish by adding an appropriate amount of thinner	1	3	-	-





Assessment Criteria for Outcomes	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Project Marks	Viva Marks
PC16. take an appropriate amount of solution to be applied to the bamboo basketry product	1	3	-	-
PC17. apply solution on the bamboo basketry product uniformly	1	3	-	-
PC18. handle the basket properly while doing varnishing	1	3	-	-
PC19. ensure uniform and complete drying in sunlight to avoid stickiness	1	3	-	-
PC20. check & ensure the quality of the final product based on desired specifications	1	3	-	-
PC21. maintain the workplace clean	1	4	-	-
PC22. dispose of the waste materials safely in approved manner	1	4	-	-
Storage of Bamboo Basket products	2	8	-	-
PC23. take precautions while stacking the lot of basket avoiding any breakage	1	4	-	-
PC24. store the lot of basket in a dry area avoiding direct contact with the ground	1	4	-	-
NOS Total	24	76	-	-





National Occupational Standards (NOS) Parameters

NOS Code	HCS/N8713
NOS Name	Carry out finishing, varnishing, drying & storage of bamboo basket
Sector	Handicrafts and Carpet
Sub-Sector	Handicrafts (Bamboo Handicrafts)
Occupation	Stitching, Weaving, Making and Finishing-Handicrafts (Bamboo)
NSQF Level	3
Credits	TBD
Version	2.0
Last Reviewed Date	NA
Next Review Date	NA
Deactivation Date	NA
NSQC Clearance Date	NA





HCS/N8714: Contribute to achieve quality bamboo basket making

Description

This unit provides Performance Criteria, Knowledge & Understanding and Skills & Abilities required to monitor the quality while undertaking bamboo basket making to ensure that the final product meets desired specifications.

Scope

The scope covers the following:

Contribute to achieving the product quality in Bamboo work

Elements and Performance Criteria

Contribute to achieving the product quality in Bamboo work

To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:

- **PC1.** identify and use raw materials as per the specifications provided
- **PC2.** . take the necessary action when materials do not conform to quality standards
- **PC3.** report and replace identified faulty materials and component parts which do not meet specifications
- **PC4.** identify modifiable defects and rework on them
- **PC5.** carry out work safely and at a rate that maintains work flow
- **PC6.** report to the responsible person when the work flow of other production areas disrupts work
- **PC7.** carry out quality checks at specified intervals according to instructions
- **PC8.** apply the allowed tolerances
- **PC9.** identify faults and take appropriate action for rectification
- **PC10.** maintain the required productivity and quality levels

Knowledge and Understanding (KU)

The individual on the job needs to know and understand:

- **KU1.** safe working practices and organizational procedures
- KU2. the organization's organization's procedures and guidelines
- **KU3.** quality systems and machine embroidery processes practiced in the organization
- **KU4.** equipment operating procedures / manufacturers instructions
- **KU5.** types of problems with quality and how to report them to appropriate people
- **KU6.** methods to present any ideas for improvement to supervisor
- **KU7.** the importance of complying with written instructions
- **KU8.** limitations of personal responsibility
- **KU9.** reporting procedure in case of faults in own/ other processes
- **KU10.** different types of faults that are likely to be found





- **KU11.** consequences of using incorrect tools
- KU12. consequences of incorrect handling of tools
- KU13. types of faults that may occur, methods of identification and deal with problems
- **KU14.** different types of defects
- **KU15.** the importance of segregating rejects
- KU16. appropriate inspection methods that can be used
- KU17. own responsibilities at work

Generic Skills (GS)

User/individual on the job needs to know how to:

- **GS1.** write in local language
- **GS2.** read instructions, guidelines, procedures and rules
- **GS3.** communicate orally with colleagues
- **GS4.** follow organization rule-based decision making process
- **GS5.** decide with systematic course of actions and/or response
- **GS6.** plan and organize your work to achieve targets and deadlines
- **GS7.** manage relationships with customers
- **GS8.** build customer relationships and use customer centric approach
- **GS9.** think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s)
- **GS10.** identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays
- **GS11.** analyze data and activities
- **GS12.** pass on relevant information to others
- **GS13.** apply, analyze, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action





Assessment Criteria

Assessment Criteria for Outcomes	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Project Marks	Viva Marks
Contribute to achieving the product quality in Bamboo work	30	70	-	-
PC1. identify and use raw materials as per the specifications provided	3	7	-	-
PC2. . take the necessary action when materials do not conform to quality standards	3	7	-	-
PC3. report and replace identified faulty materials and component parts which do not meet specifications	3	7	-	-
PC4. identify modifiable defects and rework on them	3	7	-	-
PC5. carry out work safely and at a rate that maintains work flow	3	7	-	_
PC6. report to the responsible person when the work flow of other production areas disrupts work	3	7	-	-
PC7. carry out quality checks at specified intervals according to instructions	3	7	-	_
PC8. apply the allowed tolerances	3	7	-	-
PC9. identify faults and take appropriate action for rectification	3	7	-	-
PC10. maintain the required productivity and quality levels	3	7	-	_
NOS Total	30	70	-	-





National Occupational Standards (NOS) Parameters

NOS Code	HCS/N8714
NOS Name	Contribute to achieve quality bamboo basket making
Sector	Handicrafts and Carpet
Sub-Sector	Handicrafts (Bamboo Handicrafts)
Occupation	Stitching, Weaving, Making and Finishing-Handicrafts (Bamboo)
NSQF Level	3
Credits	TBD
Version	2.0
Last Reviewed Date	NA
Next Review Date	NA
Deactivation Date	NA
NSQC Clearance Date	NA





HCS/N8705: Carry out basic pre-loom operations: Denting and attaching the warp on the loom

Description

This unit is about carrying out basic pre-loom operations: Drafting, denting and attaching the warp on the loom.

Scope

The scope covers the following:

- Prerequisite for undertaking preloom operations
- Perform denting operation to carry out weaving of Bamboo mat
- Attach the warp on the loom

Elements and Performance Criteria

Prerequisite for undertaking preloom operations

To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:

- **PC1.** identify the parts of the hand operated loom and understand their functioning.
- **PC2.** analyze & interpret the given design (plain or twill weave) which needs to be woven & the type of raw material that is required.
- **PC3.** select and check appropriate materials for weaving the fabric as per the given specifications.
- **PC4.** conform to product quality standards
- **PC5.** check with in-charge /others when unsure of new product details
- **PC6.** minimise and dispose the waste materials in the approved manner
- **PC7.** carry out operations at a rate which maintains workflow
- **PC8.** eave work area safe and secure when work is complete

Perform drafting operation to carry out weaving of Bamboo mat

To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:

- **PC9.** understand basic or plain drafting
- **PC10.** carry out drafting- drawing the warp threads into heald eyelets using the hook as per the given specifications.
- PC11. detect, analyse and rectify faults while drafting
- **PC12.** gradually knot the threads after drafting a set of ends to avoid mistakes in drafting

Perform denting operation to carry out weaving of Bamboo mat

To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:

- **PC13.** draw the warp threads in the warped beam through the reed dents as per the given specifications
- **PC14.** maintain the reed hook to ensure smooth functioning

Attach the warp on the loom

To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:

PC15. attach the warp rolled beam on the loom, in order to keep the loom ready to commence weaving operations





- PC16. knot the warp threads uniformly to the rod attached to the breast beam/fabric beam
- **PC17.** maintain the correct tension of the warp threads to prepare the loom for weaving
- **PC18.** analyze and maintain the tension of the warp threads uniformly by beating and inserting dummy weft
- **PC19.** respond appropriately incase of any errors or faults in the warp and other pre-weaving operations and take corrective measures

Knowledge and Understanding (KU)

The individual on the job needs to know and understand:

- **KU1.** the organizations policies, procedures, guidelines and standards for quality.
- **KU2.** safe working practices and organisational procedures.
- **KU3.** quality systems and other processes practiced in the organization.
- **KU4.** types of problems with quality and how to report them to appropriate people.
- **KU5.** the importance of complying with written instructions.
- **KU6.** reporting procedure in case of faults in own/ other's processes.
- **KU7.** who to refer problems to when they are outside the limit of your authority
- **KU8.** your organizations tools, templates and processes for weaving related operations in production
- **KU9.** different parts of the hand operated loom and their functioning.
- **KU10.** loom dimensions and other specifications.
- **KU11.** different parts of the hand operated loom and their functioning
- **KU12.** different types of tools and implements used in a looms.
- **KU13.** the step-by-step process flow involved in the pre-loom operations.

Generic Skills (GS)

User/individual on the job needs to know how to:

- **GS1.** write in local language.
- **GS2.** read a design specificifications sheet.
- **GS3.** listen effectively and orally communicate information accurately.
- **GS4.** ask for clarification and advice from others.
- **GS5.** follow organization rule-based decision making process.
- **GS6.** take decision with systematic course of actions and/or response.
- **GS7.** plan and organize your work to achieve targets and deadlines.
- **GS8.** manage relationships with customers.
- **GS9.** build customer relationships and use customer centric approach.
- **GS10.** think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s).
- **GS11.** identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays.
- **GS12.** analyze data and activities.





- **GS13.** pass on relevant information to others.
- **GS14.** apply, analyze, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action.





Assessment Criteria

Assessment Criteria for Outcomes	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Project Marks	Viva Marks
Prerequisite for undertaking preloom operations	16	22	-	-
PC1. identify the parts of the hand operated loom and understand their functioning.	4	6	-	-
PC2. analyze & interpret the given design (plain or twill weave) which needs to be woven & the type of raw material that is required.	3	3	-	-
PC3. select and check appropriate materials for weaving the fabric as per the given specifications.	1	3	-	-
PC4. conform to product quality standards	1	2	-	-
PC5. check with in-charge /others when unsure of new product details	1	2	-	-
PC6. minimise and dispose the waste materials in the approved manner	1	2	-	-
PC7. carry out operations at a rate which maintains workflow	3	3	-	-
PC8. eave work area safe and secure when work is complete	2	1	-	-
Perform drafting operation to carry out weaving of Bamboo mat	12	17	-	-
PC9. understand basic or plain drafting	4	4	-	-
PC10. carry out drafting- drawing the warp threads into heald eyelets using the hook as per the given specifications.	5	7	-	-
PC11. detect, analyse and rectify faults while drafting	2	4	-	-
PC12. gradually knot the threads after drafting a set of ends to avoid mistakes in drafting	1	2	-	-
Perform denting operation to carry out weaving of Bamboo mat	3	4	-	-





Assessment Criteria for Outcomes	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Project Marks	Viva Marks
PC13. draw the warp threads in the warped beam through the reed dents as per the given specifications	2	2	-	-
PC14. maintain the reed hook to ensure smooth functioning	1	2	-	-
Attach the warp on the loom	9	17	-	-
PC15. attach the warp rolled beam on the loom, in order to keep the loom ready to commence weaving operations	3	5	-	-
PC16. knot the warp threads uniformly to the rod attached to the breast beam/fabric beam	3	4	-	-
PC17. maintain the correct tension of the warp threads to prepare the loom for weaving	1	3	-	-
PC18. analyze and maintain the tension of the warp threads uniformly by beating and inserting dummy weft	1	3	-	-
PC19. respond appropriately incase of any errors or faults in the warp and other pre-weaving operations and take corrective measures	1	2	-	-
NOS Total	40	60	-	-





National Occupational Standards (NOS) Parameters

NOS Code	HCS/N8705
NOS Name	Carry out basic pre-loom operations: Denting and attaching the warp on the loom
Sector	Handicrafts and Carpet
Sub-Sector	Handicrafts (Bamboo Handicrafts)
Occupation	Bamboo Mat Weaver
NSQF Level	3
Credits	TBD
Version	2.0
Last Reviewed Date	NA
Next Review Date	NA
Deactivation Date	NA
NSQC Clearance Date	NA





HCS/N8706: Carry out basic weaving operations: Shedding/ Picking/ Battening to weave mats comprising of basic weaves- Plain and Twill using hand operated loom

Description

This unit provides Performance Criteria, Knowledge & Understanding and Skills & Abilities required to carry out basic weaving operations: Shedding/Picking/Battening to weave Bamboo mats comprising of basic weaves- Plain and Twill on hand operated loom.

Scope

The scope covers the following:

- Prepare for weaving Bamboo mats
- Identify and perform primary weaving operations
- Identify and perform secondary weaving operations
- Identify and perform post loom operations & finishing

Elements and Performance Criteria

Prepare for weaving Bamboo mats

To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:

- **PC1.** select the appropriate coloured bamboo sticks for insertion as wefts.
- **PC2.** ask questions to obtain more information on tasks when the instructions you have are unclear
- **PC3.** use the correct tools and materials.
- **PC4.** check that the materials to be used are free from faults, incase of any report them
- **PC5.** use the pedal to check if the shed formed is appropriate.

Identify and perform primary weaving operations

To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:

- **PC6.** carry-out the primary weaving operation of shedding
- **PC7.** carry-out the primary weaving operation of picking
- **PC8.** perform the primary weaving operation of battening.
- **PC9.** carry out beating uniformly

Identify and perform secondary weaving operations

To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:

- PC10. carry-out the secondary weaving operations of take-up
- PC11. carry-out the secondary weaving operations of let-off

Identify and perform post loom operations & finishing

To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:

- **PC12.** trim the edges of the woven mat evenly
- PC13. reduce wastage and maintain quality while cutting to get desired finishing
- **PC14.** roll the mat, tag and store in a dry place





- PC15. conform to organisations quality standards
- **PC16.** maintain bamboo mat weavving operations to conform to organisations quality standards.
- **PC17.** report any damaged work to the responsible person
- **PC18.** leave work area safe and secure when work is complete free from hazards
- **PC19.** inspect the woven mats as per the specifications provided.
- **PC20.** perform all weaving-related operations with precision & accuracy.

Knowledge and Understanding (KU)

The individual on the job needs to know and understand:

- **KU1.** the organisations policies and procedures.
- **KU2.** the guidelines for storage and disposal of waste materials.
- **KU3.** different potential hazards associated with the machines and the safety precautions that must be taken.
- **KU4.** protocols to obtain more information on work related tasks.
- **KU5.** contact person in case of queries on procedure or products and for resolving issues related to defective machines, tools and/or equipment
- **KU6.** details of the job role and responsibilities.
- **KU7.** work target and review mechanism with your supervisor
- **KU8.** various methods for obtaining/ giving feedback related to performance.
- **KU9.** importance of team work and harmonious working relationships.
- **KU10.** processes for offering/ obtaining work related assistance.
- **KU11.** functional know-how of the key loom parts.
- **KU12.** operational knowledge for undertaking primary and secondary weaving operations using hand operated looms.
- **KU13.** understanding technical requirements of the mat to be woven.
- **KU14.** methods to make use of the information detailed in specifications and instructions.
- **KU15.** knowledge on basic weaves- plain and their variations
- **KU16.** different types of defects/quality errors/issues in hand weaving, and methods/ways to eliminate them.
- **KU17.** common hazards in the work area and workplace procedures for dealing with them.

Generic Skills (GS)

User/individual on the job needs to know how to:

- **GS1.** write in local language.
- **GS2.** read instructions, guidelines, procedures and rules.
- **GS3.** communicate orally with colleagues.
- **GS4.** follow organization's rule-based decision making process.
- **GS5.** take decision with systematic course of actions and/or response.
- **GS6.** plan and organize your work to achieve targets and deadlines.





- **GS7.** manage relationships with customers.
- **GS8.** build customer relationships and use customer centric approach.
- **GS9.** think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s).
- **GS10.** identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays.
- **GS11.** analyze data and activities.
- **GS12.** pass on relevant information to others.
- **GS13.** analyze, evaluate and apply the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action.





Assessment Criteria

Assessment Criteria for Outcomes	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Project Marks	Viva Marks
Prepare for weaving Bamboo mats	11	14	-	-
PC1. select the appropriate coloured bamboo sticks for insertion as wefts.	4	4	-	-
PC2. ask questions to obtain more information on tasks when the instructions you have are unclear	2	3	-	-
PC3. use the correct tools and materials.	2	1	-	-
PC4. check that the materials to be used are free from faults, incase of any report them	2	3	-	-
PC5. use the pedal to check if the shed formed is appropriate.	1	3	-	-
Identify and perform primary weaving operations	8	17	-	-
PC6. carry-out the primary weaving operation of shedding	2	5	-	-
PC7. carry-out the primary weaving operation of picking	3	5	-	-
PC8. perform the primary weaving operation of battening.	2	5	-	-
PC9. carry out beating uniformly	1	2	-	-
Identify and perform secondary weaving operations	4	6	-	-
PC10. carry-out the secondary weaving operations of take-up	2	3	-	-
PC11. carry-out the secondary weaving operations of let-off	2	3	-	-
Identify and perform post loom operations & finishing	17	23	-	-
PC12. trim the edges of the woven mat evenly	1	2	-	_
PC13. reduce wastage and maintain quality while cutting to get desired finishing	1	2	-	-





Assessment Criteria for Outcomes	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Project Marks	Viva Marks
PC14. roll the mat, tag and store in a dry place	2	1	-	-
PC15. conform to organisations quality standards	2	2	-	-
PC16. maintain bamboo mat weavving operations to conform to organisations quality standards.	3	4	-	-
PC17. report any damaged work to the responsible person	2	3	-	-
PC18. leave work area safe and secure when work is complete free from hazards	2	3	-	-
PC19. inspect the woven mats as per the specifications provided.	2	3	-	-
PC20. perform all weaving-related operations with precision & accuracy.	2	3	-	-
NOS Total	40	60	-	-





National Occupational Standards (NOS) Parameters

NOS Code	HCS/N8706
NOS Name	Carry out basic weaving operations: Shedding/ Picking/ Battening to weave mats comprising of basic weaves- Plain and Twill using hand operated loom
Sector	Handicrafts and Carpet
Sub-Sector	Handicrafts (Bamboo Handicrafts)
Occupation	Bamboo Mat Weaver
NSQF Level	3
Credits	TBD
Version	2.0
Last Reviewed Date	NA
Next Review Date	NA
Deactivation Date	NA
NSQC Clearance Date	NA





HCS/N8707: Contribute to achieve quality in bamboo mat weaving

Description

This unit provides Performance Criteria, Knowledge & Understanding and Skills & Abilities required to monitor the quality while undertaking bamboo mat weaving related activities to ensure that the woven mats meet specifications.

Scope

The scope covers the following:

• Contribute towards achieving the quality in bamboo mat weaving

Elements and Performance Criteria

Contribute towards achieving the quality in bamboo mat weaving.

To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:

- **PC1.** identify and use raw materials as per the specifications provided
- **PC2.** identify necessary actions to be taken when materials do not conform to quality standards.
- **PC3.** report and replace identified faulty materials and component parts which do not meet specification
- **PC4.** identify modifiable defects and rework on them.
- **PC5.** carry out work safely and at a rate which maintains work flow
- **PC6.** report to the responsible person when the work flow of other production areas disrupts work
- **PC7.** carry out quality checks at specified intervals according to instructions.
- **PC8.** apply the allowed tolerances and apply the same.
- **PC9.** identify faults and take appropriate action for rectification.
- **PC10.** make adjustments promptly to ensure the hand-woven mat matches the specification
- **PC11.** fault-find materials and components for stained, damage and incorrectly made-up component parts
- **PC12.** maintain the required productivity and quality levels.

Knowledge and Understanding (KU)

The individual on the job needs to know and understand:

- **KU1.** safe working practices and organisational procedures
- **KU2.** the organisation's procedures and guidelines
- **KU3.** quality systems and processes practiced in the organization
- **KU4.** equipment operating procedures / manufacturers instructions
- **KU5.** types of problems with quality and how to report them to appropriate people
- **KU6.** methods to present any ideas for improvement to supervisor
- **KU7.** the importance of complying with written instructions
- KU8. limits of personal responsibility



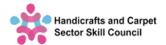


- **KU9.** reporting procedure in case of faults in own/ other processes
- **KU10.** different types of faults that are likely to be found and how to put them right
- **KU11.** different techniques and methods used to detect fault
- **KU12.** types of basic weaves- plain and twill
- KU13. types of faults which may occur, how they are identified and methods to deal with it
- **KU14.** different types of defects
- **KU15.** the importance of marking and segregating rejects
- **KU16.** inspect hand-woven mats against specifications
- KU17. identify, mark and place rejects in the designated locations
- **KU18.** appropriate inspection methods that can be used
- **KU19.** acceptable solutions for particular faults
- **KU20.** the consequences of not rectifying problems
- **KU21.** the types of adjustments suitable for specific types of faults
- KU22. own responsibilities at work

Generic Skills (GS)

User/individual on the job needs to know how to:

- **GS1.** write in local language .
- **GS2.** read measurement instructions.
- **GS3.** listen effectively and orally communicate information accurately.
- **GS4.** ask for clarification and advice from others.
- **GS5.** follow organization's rule-based decision making process.
- **GS6.** take decision with systematic course of actions and/or response.
- **GS7.** plan and organize your work to achieve targets and deadlines.
- **GS8.** manage relationships with customers.
- **GS9.** build customer relationships and use customer centric approach.
- **GS10.** think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s).
- **GS11.** identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays.
- **GS12.** analyze data and activities.
- **GS13.** pass on relevant information to others.
- **GS14.** analyze, evaluate and apply the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action.





Assessment Criteria

Assessment Criteria for Outcomes	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Project Marks	Viva Marks
Contribute towards achieving the quality in bamboo mat weaving.	40	60	-	-
PC1. identify and use raw materials as per the specifications provided	3	7	-	-
PC2. identify necessary actions to be taken when materials do not conform to quality standards.	2	6	-	-
PC3. report and replace identified faulty materials and component parts which do not meet specification	2	4	-	-
PC4. identify modifiable defects and rework on them.	4	6	-	-
PC5. carry out work safely and at a rate which maintains work flow	2	4	-	-
PC6. report to the responsible person when the work flow of other production areas disrupts work	4	4	-	-
PC7. carry out quality checks at specified intervals according to instructions.	4	4	-	-
PC8. apply the allowed tolerances and apply the same.	4	6	-	-
PC9. identify faults and take appropriate action for rectification.	4	6	-	-
PC10. make adjustments promptly to ensure the hand-woven mat matches the specification	4	6	-	-
PC11. fault-find materials and components for stained, damage and incorrectly made-up component parts	4	4	-	-
PC12. maintain the required productivity and quality levels.	3	3	-	-
NOS Total	40	60	-	-





National Occupational Standards (NOS) Parameters

NOS Code	HCS/N8707
NOS Name	Contribute to achieve quality in bamboo mat weaving
Sector	Handicrafts and Carpet
Sub-Sector	Handicrafts (Bamboo Handicrafts)
Occupation	Bamboo Mat Weaver
NSQF Level	3
Credits	TBD
Version	2.0
Last Reviewed Date	NA
Next Review Date	NA
Deactivation Date	NA
NSQC Clearance Date	NA





HCS/N8715: Carry out cutting & processing of materials as per given size & shape

Description

This unit is about carrying out basic operations of cutting & processing of various materials including bamboo based materials.

Scope

The scope covers the following:

- marking on the material surface as per the given size & specification
- cutting based on the given marking

Elements and Performance Criteria

Perform marking on the material surface as per the given size and specification

To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:

- **PC1.** ensure conformation of the material to be marked to the desired quality & specification
- PC2. carry out correct handling of the material surface to be marked
- **PC3.** use of rulers and marking templates appropriately.
- **PC4.** analyze and position the material appropriately to minimize waste.
- **PC5.** carry out appropriate marking with correct positioning of marker.
- **PC6.** check and prepare the markers before marking.
- **PC7.** carry out operations at a rate which maintains workflow

Perform cutting based on the given marking

To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:

- **PC8.** handle different cutting tools
- **PC9.** carry out any preprocessing (like finishing the fibrous edges by gumming) required for fineness of cutting
- **PC10.** correct holding technique of the material to be cut
- **PC11.** carry out cutting operation effectively based on the markings
- PC12. carry out cutting of multiple units of material on single marking wherever possible
- **PC13.** inspect and ensure that the cut pieces conform to the given quality and specification.
- **PC14.** carry out operations at a rate which maintains workflow
- **PC15.** respond appropriately incase of any errors or faults/closing the bamboo and other operations.
- **PC16.** minimise and dispose the waste materials in the approved manner
- **PC17.** identify the safety precautions to be taken cutting.
- **PC18.** leave work area safe and secure when work is complete

Knowledge and Understanding (KU)





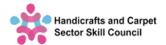
The individual on the job needs to know and understand:

- **KU1.** the organizations policies, procedures, guidelines and standards for quality.
- **KU2.** safe working practices and organisational procedures.
- **KU3.** quality systems and other processes practiced in the organization.
- **KU4.** types of problems with quality and how to report them to appropriate people.
- **KU5.** the importance of complying with written instructions.
- **KU6.** reporting procedure in case of faults in own/ other's processes.
- **KU7.** who to refer problems to when they are outside the limit of your authority
- **KU8.** the organizations tools, templates and processes for related operations in production.
- **KU9.** basic dimensions & measurement techniques.
- **KU10.** different types of measuring & cutting templates & tools used.
- **KU11.** sequence at which different materials to be processed.
- **KU12.** the need for correct holding technique of different materials while marking & cutting
- KU13. the need for correct holding technique of tools while marking & cutting

Generic Skills (GS)

User/individual on the job needs to know how to:

- **GS1.** write in local language.
- **GS2.** read measurement instructions.
- **GS3.** listen effectively and orally communicate information accurately.
- **GS4.** ask for clarification and advice from others.
- **GS5.** follow organization rule-based decision making process.
- **GS6.** take decision with systematic course of actions and/or response.
- **GS7.** plan and organize your work to achieve targets and deadlines.
- **GS8.** manage relationships with customers.
- **GS9.** build customer relationships and use customer centric approach.
- **GS10.** think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s).
- **GS11.** identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays.
- **GS12.** analyze data and activities.
- **GS13.** pass on relevant information to others.
- **GS14.** analyze, evaluate and apply the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action.





Assessment Criteria

Assessment Criteria for Outcomes	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Project Marks	Viva Marks
Perform marking on the material surface as per the given size and specification	8	29	-	-
PC1. ensure conformation of the material to be marked to the desired quality & specification	2	5	-	-
PC2. carry out correct handling of the material surface to be marked	1	3	-	-
PC3. use of rulers and marking templates appropriately.	1	3	-	-
PC4. analyze and position the material appropriately to minimize waste.	1	5	-	-
PC5. carry out appropriate marking with correct positioning of marker.	1	4	-	-
PC6. check and prepare the markers before marking.	1	4	-	-
PC7. carry out operations at a rate which maintains workflow	1	5	-	-
Perform cutting based on the given marking	15	48	-	-
PC8. handle different cutting tools	2	4	_	-
PC9. carry out any preprocessing (like finishing the fibrous edges by gumming) required for fineness of cutting	3	7	-	-
PC10. correct holding technique of the material to be cut	1	3	-	-
PC11. carry out cutting operation effectively based on the markings	2	6	-	-
PC12. carry out cutting of multiple units of material on single marking wherever possible	1	5	-	-
PC13. inspect and ensure that the cut pieces conform to the given quality and specification.	1	4	-	-
PC14. carry out operations at a rate which maintains workflow	1	4	-	-





Assessment Criteria for Outcomes	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Project Marks	Viva Marks
PC15. respond appropriately incase of any errors or faults/closing the bamboo and other operations.	1	3	-	-
PC16. minimise and dispose the waste materials in the approved manner	1	4	-	-
PC17. identify the safety precautions to be taken cutting.	1	4	-	-
PC18. leave work area safe and secure when work is complete	1	4	-	-
NOS Total	23	77	-	-





National Occupational Standards (NOS) Parameters

NOS Code	HCS/N8715
NOS Name	Carry out cutting & processing of materials as per given size & shape
Sector	Handicrafts and Carpet
Sub-Sector	Handicrafts (Bamboo Handicrafts)
Occupation	Bamboo Utility Handicraft Assembler
NSQF Level	3
Credits	TBD
Version	2.0
Last Reviewed Date	NA
Next Review Date	NA
Deactivation Date	NA
NSQC Clearance Date	NA





HCS/N8716: Carry out assembling different materials

Description

This unit provides Performance Criteria, Knowledge & Understanding and Skills & Abilities required to carry out assembling of cut pieces of different materials including bamboo based material to get the desired product that may be an end product or an intermediatary material for other jobs.

Scope

The scope covers the following:

- identifying & preparing the points/surfaces for joining
- positioning, placing, attaching and finishing

Elements and Performance Criteria

Identifying & Preparing the joining points/surfaces for joining

To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:

- **PC1.** identify and mark the points/surface areas on the two materials pieces to be assembled.
- **PC2.** clean the surfaces to be attached from any unwanted materials
- **PC3.** use the correct joining technique.
- **PC4.** identify and use the appropriate type of glue, while assembling.
- **PC5.** apply adhesive on the marked area with minimum spill out.
- PC6. ensure the uniformity while applying layers of adhesive on a surface
- **PC7.** make sure the surface dry optimumly for better adherence

Perform positioning, placing, attaching and finishing of the bamboo product

To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:

- **PC8.** correctly position the two surfaces to be joined
- **PC9.** justify the order of placing one surface over another.
- **PC10.** use the appropriate joining bit/ nail if required.
- **PC11.** place & attach the parts correctly maintaining the line of joint
- PC12. . pressing (hammering if required) evenly throughout the joined parts
- **PC13.** pressing (hammering if required) evenly throughout the joined parts pc13. clean out glue spill outs or any unwanted marks on the surface of the assembled piece
- PC14. remove any unwanted fibres from the edges that may come out during the process
- **PC15.** inspect and ensure that the assembled unit conforms to the given quality and specification.
- **PC16.** minimise and dispose the waste materials in the approved manner
- **PC17.** carry out operations at a rate which maintains workflow
- **PC18.** . leave work area safe and secure when work is complete

Knowledge and Understanding (KU)

The individual on the job needs to know and understand:





- **KU1.** the organisations policies and procedures.
- **KU2.** responsibilities under health, safety and environmental legislation.
- **KU3.** guidelines for storage and disposal of waste materials.
- **KU4.** potential hazards associated with the machines and the safety precautions that must be taken.
- **KU5.** protocol to obtain more information on work related tasks.
- **KU6.** contact person in case of queries on procedure or products and for resolving issues related to defective machines, tools and/or equipment
- **KU7.** details of the job role and responsibilities.
- **KU8.** work target and review mechanism with your supervisor
- **KU9.** protocol and format for reporting work related risks/ problems.
- **KU10.** methods for obtaining/giving feedback related to performance.
- **KU11.** importance of team work and harmonious working relationships.
- **KU12.** processes for offering/ obtaining work related assistance.
- **KU13.** types of glues suitable to different material placement.
- **KU14.** consequences of incorrect positioning and placing of one surface over another.
- **KU15.** need for cleaning the surface area before applying glue.
- **KU16.** different types of defects/quality errors/issues.
- **KU17.** common hazards in the work area and workplace procedures for dealing with them.

Generic Skills (GS)

User/individual on the job needs to know how to:

- **GS1.** write in local language.
- **GS2.** read measurement instructions.
- **GS3.** communicate orally with colleagues.
- **GS4.** plan and organize your work to achieve targets and deadlines.
- **GS5.** think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s).
- **GS6.** identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays.
- **GS7.** analyze data and activities.
- **GS8.** pass on relevant information to others.
- **GS9.** analyze, evaluate and apply the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action.





Assessment Criteria

Assessment Criteria for Outcomes	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Project Marks	Viva Marks
Identifying & Preparing the joining points/surfaces for joining	11	27	-	-
PC1. identify and mark the points/surface areas on the two materials pieces to be assembled.	2	6	-	-
PC2. clean the surfaces to be attached from any unwanted materials	1	4	-	-
PC3. use the correct joining technique.	3	5	-	-
PC4. identify and use the appropriate type of glue, while assembling.	1	4	-	-
PC5. apply adhesive on the marked area with minimum spill out.	1	2	-	-
PC6. ensure the uniformity while applying layers of adhesive on a surface	1	2	-	-
PC7. make sure the surface dry optimumly for better adherence	2	4	-	-
Perform positioning, placing, attaching and finishing of the bamboo product	13	49	-	-
PC8. correctly position the two surfaces to be joined	1	5	-	-
PC9. justify the order of placing one surface over another.	1	5	-	-
PC10. use the appropriate joining bit/ nail if required.	1	4	-	-
PC11. place & attach the parts correctly maintaining the line of joint	1	4	-	-
PC12. . pressing (hammering if required) evenly throughout the joined parts	1	4	-	-
PC13. pressing (hammering if required) evenly throughout the joined parts pc13. clean out glue spill outs or any unwanted marks on the surface of the assembled piece	1	3	-	-





Assessment Criteria for Outcomes	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Project Marks	Viva Marks
PC14. remove any unwanted fibres from the edges that may come out during the process	1	4	-	-
PC15. inspect and ensure that the assembled unit conforms to the given quality and specification.	2	6	-	-
PC16. minimise and dispose the waste materials in the approved manner	1	5	-	-
PC17. carry out operations at a rate which maintains workflow	1	5	-	-
PC18. . leave work area safe and secure when work is complete	2	4	-	-
NOS Total	24	76	-	-





National Occupational Standards (NOS) Parameters

NOS Code	HCS/N8716
NOS Name	Carry out assembling different materials
Sector	Handicrafts and Carpet
Sub-Sector	Handicrafts (Bamboo Handicrafts)
Occupation	Bamboo Utility Handicraft Assembler
NSQF Level	3
Credits	TBD
Version	2.0
Last Reviewed Date	NA
Next Review Date	NA
Deactivation Date	NA
NSQC Clearance Date	NA





HCS/N8717: Contribute to achieve quality bamboo utility handicraft assembling

Description

This unit provides Performance Criteria, Knowledge & Understanding and Skills & Abilities required to monitor the quality while undertaking processing & assembling of different materials including bamboo based materials to ensure that the assembled product meets the desired specifications.

Scope

The scope covers the following:

• Contribute towards achieving the quality in bamboo utility handicraft assembling related operations

Elements and Performance Criteria

Contribute towards achieving the quality in bamboo utility handicraft assembling related operations

To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:

- **PC1.** identify and use raw materials as per the specifications provided.
- **PC2.** take the necessary action when materials do not conform to quality standards
- **PC3.** report and replace identified faulty materials and component parts which do not meet specification
- **PC4.** ensure that the different components are assembled as per specifications
- **PC5.** ensure that the suitable technique is used for assembling
- PC6. identify modifiable defects and rework on them
- **PC7.** carry out work safely and at a rate which maintains work flow
- **PC8.** report to the responsible person when the work flow of other production areas disrupts work
- **PC9.** carry out quality checks at specified intervals according to instructions
- **PC10.** apply the allowed tolerances
- **PC11.** identify faults and take appropriate action for rectification
- PC12. maintain the required productivity and quality levels

Knowledge and Understanding (KU)

The individual on the job needs to know and understand:

- **KU1.** safe working practices and organisational procedures
- **KU2.** the organisation's procedures and guidelines
- **KU3.** quality systems
- **KU4.** types of problems with quality and how to report them to appropriate people
- **KU5.** methods to present any ideas for improvement to supervisor
- **KU6.** the importance of complying with written instructions
- KU7. limits of personal responsibility





- **KU8.** reporting procedure in case of faults in own/ other processes
- **KU9.** different types of faults that are likely to be found
- **KU10.** consequences of using incorrect tools
- **KU11.** consequences of incorrect handling of tools
- **KU12.** correct assembling methods
- KU13. types of faults which may occur, how they are identified and methods to deal with it
- **KU14.** different types of defects
- **KU15.** the importance of segregating rejects
- **KU16.** appropriate inspection methods that can be used
- **KU17.** own responsibilities at work

Generic Skills (GS)

User/individual on the job needs to know how to:

- **GS1.** write in local language
- **GS2.** read measurement instructions
- **GS3.** communicate orally with colleagues
- **GS4.** follow organization rule-based decision making process
- GS5. take decision with systematic course of actions and/or response
- **GS6.** plan and organize your work to achieve targets and deadlines
- **GS7.** manage relationships with customers
- **GS8.** build customer relationships and use customer centric approach
- **GS9.** think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s)
- **GS10.** identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays
- **GS11.** analyze data and activities
- **GS12.** pass on relevant information to others
- **GS13.** apply, analyze, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action





Assessment Criteria

Assessment Criteria for Outcomes	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Project Marks	Viva Marks
Contribute towards achieving the quality in bamboo utility handicraft assembling related operations	32	68	-	-
PC1. identify and use raw materials as per the specifications provided.	3	5	-	-
PC2. take the necessary action when materials do not conform to quality standards	3	5	-	-
PC3. report and replace identified faulty materials and component parts which do not meet specification	3	5	-	-
PC4. ensure that the different components are assembled as per specifications	2	4	-	-
PC5. ensure that the suitable technique is used for assembling	2	4	-	-
PC6. identify modifiable defects and rework on them	3	6	-	-
PC7. carry out work safely and at a rate which maintains work flow	2	6	-	-
PC8. report to the responsible person when the work flow of other production areas disrupts work	2	6	-	-
PC9. carry out quality checks at specified intervals according to instructions	3	6	-	-
PC10. apply the allowed tolerances	4	6	-	-
PC11. identify faults and take appropriate action for rectification	3	7	-	-
PC12. maintain the required productivity and quality levels	2	8	-	-
NOS Total	32	68	-	-





National Occupational Standards (NOS) Parameters

NOS Code	HCS/N8717
NOS Name	Contribute to achieve quality bamboo utility handicraft assembling
Sector	Handicrafts and Carpet
Sub-Sector	Handicrafts (Bamboo Handicrafts)
Occupation	Bamboo Utility Handicraft Assembler
NSQF Level	3
Credits	TBD
Version	2.0
Last Reviewed Date	NA
Next Review Date	NA
Deactivation Date	NA
NSQC Clearance Date	NA

Assessment Guidelines and Assessment Weightage

Assessment Guidelines

- 1. Criteria for assessment for each Qualification Pack will be created by the Sector Skill Council. Each Element/ Performance Criteria (PC) will be assigned marks proportional to its importance in NOS. SSC will also lay down proportion of marks for Theory and Skills Practical for each Element/ PC.
- 2. The assessment for the theory part will be based on knowledge bank of questions created by the SSC.
- 3. Assessment will be conducted for all compulsory NOS, and where applicable, on the selected elective/option NOS/set of NOS.
- 4. Individual assessment agencies will create unique question papers for theory part for each candidate at each examination/training center (as per assessment criteria below).
- 5. Individual assessment agencies will create unique evaluations for skill practical for every student at each examination/ training center based on these criteria.
- 6. To pass the Qualification Pack assessment, every trainee should score the Recommended Pass % aggregate for the QP.





7. In case of unsuccessful completion, the trainee may seek reassessment on the Qualification Pack.

Minimum Aggregate Passing % at QP Level: 70

(**Please note**: Every Trainee should score a minimum aggregate passing percentage as specified above, to successfully clear the Qualification Pack assessment.)

Assessment Weightage

Compulsory NOS

National Occupational Standards	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Project Marks	Viva Marks	Total Marks	Weightage
HCS/N9901.Coordinate with colleagues and work as a team	35	65	-	-	100	10
HCS/N9902.Maintain Safe and Healthy Work Environment	28	72	-	-	100	10
HCS/N9903.Maintain Personal Hygiene	27	73	-	-	100	10
Total	90	210	-	-	300	30

Elective: 1 Bamboo Basket Making

National Occupational Standards	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Project Marks	Viva Marks	Total Marks	Weightage
HCS/N8711.Carry out preparation of bamboo slivers	32	68	-	-	100	20
HCS/N8712.Carry out weaving & twining of bamboo slivers to achieve the final product as per requirement	38	62	-	-	100	20
HCS/N8713.Carry out finishing, varnishing, drying & storage of bamboo basket	24	76	-	-	100	20





National Occupational Standards	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Project Marks	Viva Marks	Total Marks	Weightage
HCS/N8714.Contribute to achieve quality bamboo basket making	30	70	-	-	100	10
Total	124	276	0	0	400	70

Elective: 2 Bamboo Mat Weaving

National Occupational Standards	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Project Marks	Viva Marks	Total Marks	Weightage
HCS/N8705.Carry out basic pre-loom operations: Denting and attaching the warp on the loom	40	60	-	-	100	30
HCS/N8706.Carry out basic weaving operations: Shedding/ Picking/ Battening to weave mats comprising of basic weaves- Plain and Twill using hand operated loom	40	60	-	-	100	20
HCS/N8707.Contribute to achieve quality in bamboo mat weaving	40	60	-	-	100	20
Total	120	180	0	0	300	70

Elective: 3 Bamboo Utility Handicraft Assembling

National Occupational Standards	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Project Marks	Viva Marks	Total Marks	Weightage
HCS/N8715.Carry out cutting & processing of materials as per given size & shape	23	77	-	-	100	30
HCS/N8716.Carry out assembling different materials	24	76	-	-	100	20





National Occupational Standards	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Project Marks	Viva Marks	Total Marks	Weightage
HCS/N8717.Contribute to achieve quality bamboo utility handicraft assembling	32	68	-	-	100	20
Total	79	221	0	0	300	70





Acronyms

NOS	National Occupational Standard(s)
NSQF	National Skills Qualifications Framework
QP	Qualifications Pack
TVET	Technical and Vocational Education and Training
NOS	National Occupational Standard(s)
NSQF	National Skills Qualifications Framework
QP	Qualifications Pack
TVET	Technical and Vocational Education and Training





Glossary

Sector	Sector is a conglomeration of different business operations having similar business and interests. It may also be defined as a distinct subset of the economy whose components share similar characteristics and interests.
Sub-sector	Sub-sector is derived from a further breakdown based on the characteristics and interests of its components.
Occupation	Occupation is a set of job roles, which perform similar/ related set of functions in an industry.
Job role	Job role defines a unique set of functions that together form a unique employment opportunity in an organisation.
Occupational Standards (OS)	OS specify the standards of performance an individual must achieve when carrying out a function in the workplace, together with the Knowledge and Understanding (KU) they need to meet that standard consistently. Occupational Standards are applicable both in the Indian and global contexts.
Performance Criteria (PC)	Performance Criteria (PC) are statements that together specify the standard of performance required when carrying out a task.
National Occupational Standards (NOS)	NOS are occupational standards which apply uniquely in the Indian context.
Qualifications Pack (QP)	QP comprises the set of OS, together with the educational, training and other criteria required to perform a job role. A QP is assigned a unique qualifications pack code.
Unit Code	Unit code is a unique identifier for an Occupational Standard, which is denoted by an 'N'
Unit Title	Unit title gives a clear overall statement about what the incumbent should be able to do.
Description	Description gives a short summary of the unit content. This would be helpful to anyone searching on a database to verify that this is the appropriate OS they are looking for.
Scope	Scope is a set of statements specifying the range of variables that an individual may have to deal with in carrying out the function which have a critical impact on quality of performance required.
Knowledge and Understanding (KU)	Knowledge and Understanding (KU) are statements which together specify the technical, generic, professional and organisational specific knowledge that an individual needs in order to perform to the required standard.





Organisational Context	Organisational context includes the way the organisation is structured and how it operates, including the extent of operative knowledge managers have of their relevant areas of responsibility.
Technical Knowledge	Technical knowledge is the specific knowledge needed to accomplish specific designated responsibilities.
Core Skills/ Generic Skills (GS)	Core skills or Generic Skills (GS) are a group of skills that are the key to learning and working in today's world. These skills are typically needed in any work environment in today's world. These skills are typically needed in any work environment. In the context of the OS, these include communication related skills that are applicable to most job roles.
Electives	Electives are NOS/set of NOS that are identified by the sector as contributive to specialization in a job role. There may be multiple electives within a QP for each specialized job role. Trainees must select at least one elective for the successful completion of a QP with Electives.
Options	Options are NOS/set of NOS that are identified by the sector as additional skills. There may be multiple options within a QP. It is not mandatory to select any of the options to complete a QP with Options.
Sector	Sector is a conglomeration of different business operations having similar business and interests. It may also be defined as a distinct subset of the economy whose components share similar characteristics and interests.
Sub-sector	Sub-sector is derived from a further breakdown based on the characteristics and interests of its components.
Occupation	Occupation is a set of job roles, which perform similar/ related set of functions in an industry.
Job role	Job role defines a unique set of functions that together form a unique employment opportunity in an organisation.
Occupational Standards (OS)	OS specify the standards of performance an individual must achieve when carrying out a function in the workplace, together with the Knowledge and Understanding (KU) they need to meet that standard consistently. Occupational Standards are applicable both in the Indian and global contexts
Performance Criteria (PC)	Performance Criteria (PC) are statements that together specify the standard of performance required when carrying out a task.
National Occupational Standard	NOS are occupational standards which apply uniquely in the Indian context
Qualifications Pack (QP)	QP comprises the set of OS, together with the educational, training and other criteria required to perform a job role. A QP is assigned a unique qualifications pack code.





Unit Code	Unit code is a unique identifier for an Occupational Standard, which is denoted by an N
Unit Title	Unit title gives a clear overall statement about what the incumbent should be able to do.
Description	Description gives a short summary of the unit content. This would be helpful to anyone searching on a database to verify that this is the appropriate OS they are looking for.
Scope	Scope is a set of statements specifying the range of variables that an individual may have to deal with in carrying out the function which have a critical impact on quality of performance required
Knowledge and Understanding (K	Knowledge and Understanding (KU) are statements which together specify the technical, generic, professional and organisational specific knowledge that an individual needs in order to perform to the required standard
Organisational Context	Organisational context includes the way the organisation is structured and how it operates, including the extent of operative knowledge managers have of their relevant areas of responsibility
Technical Knowledge Technical	Technical knowledge is the specific knowledge needed to accomplish specific designated responsibilities.
Core Skills/ Generic Skills (G	Core skills or generic skills are a group of skills that are the key to learning and working in today's world. These skills are typically needed in any working environment . In the context of OS, these include communication related skills that are applicable to most job roles.
Electives	Electives are NOS/set of NOS that are identified by the sector as contributive to specialization in a job role. There may be multiple electives within a QP for each specialized job role. Trainees must select at least one elective for the successful completion of a QP with Electives.
Options	Options are NOS/set of NOS that are identified by the sector as additional skills. There may be multiple options within a QP. It is not mandatory to select any of the options to complete a QP with Options.











Model Curriculum

QP Name: Fitness Trainer

QP Code: SPF/Q1107

QP Version: 1.0

NSQF Level: 4

Model Curriculum Version: 1.0

Sports, Physical Education, Fitness and Leisure Sector Skill Council 207, DLF Tower, Galleria Mall, Mayur Vihar Extension, Delhi









Table of Contents

Program Overview	4
Training Outcomes	4
Compulsory Modules	4
Module 1: Introduction to fitness training	6
Module 2: Prepare workout area and gym equipment	7
Module 3: Guide and monitor clients during the workout	8
Module 4: Maintain hygiene and sanitation	9
Module 5: Identify potential risks and respond to medical emergencies	10
Module 6: Create an environmentally sustainable workplace	11
Module 7: On-the-Job Training	12
Annexure	13
Trainer Requirements	13
Assessor Requirements	14
Assessment Strategy	15
References	17
Glossary	17
Acronyms and Abbreviations	18









Training Parameters

Sector	Sports
Sub-Sector	Sports Coaching and Fitness
Occupation	Sports Coaching
Country	India
NSQF Level	4
Aligned to NCO/ISCO/ISIC Code	NCO-2015/3423.0101
Minimum Educational Qualification and Experience	10th Class/I.T.I with 1 Year of experience in the core fitness work OR Certificate-NSQF (Level 2-Early Years Physical Activity Facilitator) with 1 Year of experience in the core fitness work
Pre-Requisite License or Training	NA
Minimum Job Entry Age	18 years
Last Reviewed On	16/12/2020
Next Review Date	16/12/2025
NSQC Approval Date	27/05/2021
QP Version	1.0
Model Curriculum Creation Date	16/12/2020
Model Curriculum Valid Up to Date	16/12/2025
Model Curriculum Version	1.0
Minimum Duration of the Course	264 Hours
Maximum Duration of the Course	308 Hours









Program Overview

This section summarizes the end objectives of the program along with its duration.

Training Outcomes

At the end of the program, the learner will be able to:

- Prepare workout stations for use.
- Conduct regular checks to identify malfunctioning equipment and report the same.
- Guide clients to choose the correct equipment and machines required for their specific workout.
- Demonstrate correct forms, posture, and techniques to make exercise effective and injury free.
- Promote a co-operative environment amongst the gym user to avoid any conflicts.
- Follow safety protocols for injury prevention and medical emergency.
- Maintain hygiene and sanitation at the gym.

Compulsory Modules

The table lists the modules, their duration and mode of delivery.

NOS and Module Details	Theory Duration	Practical Duration	On-the-Job Training Duration (Mandatory)	On-the-Job Training Duration (Recommended)	Total Duration
Bridge Module	04:00	4:00			08:00
Module 1: Introduction to fitness training	04:00	04:00			08:00
SPF/N1120 - Prepare gym area for workout NOS Version No. 1.0 NSQF Level 4	24:00	44:00	8:00	8:00	84:00
Module 2: Prepare workout area and gym equipment	24:00	44:00	8:00	8:00	84:00
SPF/N1121 - Guide clients NOS Version No. 1.0 NSQF Level 4	40:00	84:00	20:00	20:00	164:00
Module 3: Guide and monitor clients during workout	40:00	84:00	20:00	20:00	164:00
SPF/N1122 - Maintain health and safety NOS Version No. 1.0 NSQF Level 4	16:00	32:00	8:00	8:00	64:00
Module 4: Maintain hygiene and sanitation	8:00	16:00	4:00	4:00	32:00
Module 5: Identify potential risks and respond to medical emergencies	08:00	16:00	4:00	04:00	32:00









SGJ/Q1702 - Optimize resource utilization at workplace NOS Version No. 1.0 NSQF Level 5	8:00	8:00	8:00	8:00	32:00
Module 6: Create an environmentally sustainable workplace	8:00	8:00	8:00	8:00	32:00
Total Duration	92:00	172:00	44:00	44:00	352:00









Module Details

Module 1: Introduction to fitness training *Bridge Module*

Terminal Outcomes:

- Distinguish between the concept of health and fitness.
- Identify the career opportunities of a fitness trainer.

Duration: 04:00	Duration: 04:00	
Theory – Key Learning Outcomes	Practical – Key Learning Outcomes	
 Explain general and specific fitness. State the role and responsibilities of a fitness trainer. List the career opportunities of a fitness trainer. 	 Classify general fitness and specific fitness. Create a career progression chart of a fitness trainer. 	
Classroom Aids:		
Laptop, whiteboard, marker, projector, chart paper, clipboards		
Tools, Equipment and Other Requirements		
NA		









Module 2: Prepare workout area and gym equipment *Mapped to SPF/N1120, v1.0*

Terminal Outcomes:

• Inspect workout equipment and their readiness for use.

Duration: 24:00	Duration: 44:00
Theory – Key Learning Outcomes	Practical – Key Learning Outcomes
 Recall the factors to be considered while preparing the gym for a safe and effective workout. Explain the labels on the weights and other fitness equipment. Discuss the ways to maintain personal hygiene before the workout and its significance. 	 Classify equipment as per their usage – cardio training, strength training, etc. Prepare a gym facility readiness checklist. Examine gym equipment, both mechanical and electrical, for any kind of malfunction. Prepare a sample report on maintenance of gym equipment.

Classroom Aids:

Laptop, whiteboard, marker, projector, chart paper, clipboards, posters of human muscular and skeletal system

Tools, Equipment and Other Requirements

Gym mats, treadmill, stationary bikes, free weights, machine assisted weights, medicine ball, swiss ball, weights rack, first aid kit









Module 3: Guide and monitor clients during workout *Mapped to SPF/N1121, v1.0*

Terminal Outcomes:

- Guide clients on the correct technique to get better results from the workout session.
- Monitor workout sessions to ensure clients comply to the best practices of fitness training.

Duration: 40:00	Duration: 84:00
Theory – Key Learning Outcomes	Practical – Key Learning Outcomes
 Explain the types of workout and their benefits Identify machines and equipment for the workout to develop specific fitness need – endurance, strength, etc. Recall the specifics such as, number of repetitions, intensity for different exercises (cardiovascular capacity, strength, etc.) Discuss inappropriate behaviour and sexual harassment at workplace. Explain the significance and the process of reporting appropriate behaviour and sexual harassment at workplace. 	 Demonstrate workout to develop endurance, strength, and flexibility. Demonstrate correct forms, posture, and techniques to make workout effective and injury free. Demonstrate proper warm up and cool down exercises. Apply gender-sensitive, non-discriminatory language.

Classroom Aids:

Laptop, whiteboard, marker, projector, chart paper, clipboards, posters of human muscular and skeletal system

Tools, Equipment and Other Requirements

Gym mats, treadmill, stationary bikes, free weights, machine assisted weights, medicine ball, swiss ball, weights rack, first aid kit









Module 4: Maintain hygiene and sanitation *Mapped to SPF/N1122, v1.0*

Terminal Outcomes:

• Create healthy and hygienic environment for clients.

Duration: 8:00	Duration: 16:00
Theory – Key Learning Outcomes	Practical – Key Learning Outcomes
 Recall the importance of hygiene and sanitation regulatory at workplace. Discuss the ways to maintain personal hygiene before and after the workout. Identify the sanitizing agents which are safe for both machinery and equipment. Identify the sanitizing agents safe for the clients. Discuss ways to promote a safe and interactive environment. 	 Demonstrate hygiene and sanitation checks of work area and equipment. Prepare a sample report on maintenance of hygiene and sanitation at workplace. Demonstrate ways to sanitize equipment and machinery before and after the usage. Draft a sample report for advanced hygiene and sanitation issues to appropriate authority.

Classroom Aids:

Laptop, whiteboard, marker, projector, chart paper, clipboards, copy of POCSO (Protection of Children against Sexual Offences) and POSH (Prevention of Sexual Harassment) Acts, IPC book

Tools, Equipment and Other Requirements

Alcohol-based sanitizer, surface disinfectant









Module 5: Identify potential risks and respond to medical emergencies Mapped to SPF/N1122, v1.0

Terminal Outcomes:

- Apply first aid to minor injuries.
- Identify medical emergencies.

Duration: 8:00	Duration: 16:00
Theory – Key Learning Outcomes	Practical – Key Learning Outcomes
Discuss the common types of injuries that might occur during a workout. Explain the steps to be followed during medical emergencies. Explain the factors that lead to injuries during the workout.	 Demonstrate ways to find if the injury is major or minor. Demonstrate the process of administering first aid for common injuries. Perform CPR (Cardio-Pulmonary Resuscitation) Demonstrate emergency evacuation procedure and protocol in case of fire or natural disaster.
lassroom Aids:	3.1.0 p. 00

Laptop, whiteboard, marker, projector, chart paper, clipboards, sample performance report

Tools, Equipment and Other Requirements

First aid kit, stretcher, arm-sling, crutches









Module 6: Create an environmentally sustainable workplace *Mapped to SGJ/N1702, v1.0*

Terminal Outcomes:

- Identify effective waste management techniques at the workplace.
- Ways to make the workplace environmentally sustainable.

Duration: 8:00	Duration: 8:00	
Theory – Key Learning Outcomes	Practical – Key Learning Outcomes	
 Recognize the environment-friendly materials available to replace conventional materials. Discuss ways of disposing non-recyclable waste appropriately. Explain common sources of pollution and ways to minimize it. 	 Prepare statutory documents relevant to safety and hygiene. Demonstrate the methods of disposing non-recyclable waste. Report malfunctioning. (fumes/sparks/emission/vibration/noise) and lapse in maintenance of equipment. 	
Classroom Aids:		
Laptop, whiteboard, marker, projector, chart paper, clipboards		
Tools, Equipment and Other Requirements		
Gloves, safety goggles, ladder		









Module 7: On-the-Job Training Mapped to Fitness Trainer

Mandatory Duration: 44:00 Recommended Duration: 44:00

Location: On Site Terminal Outcomes

- Identify equipment, training area and other resources required for fitness training.
- Identify types of gym equipment.
- Conduct workouts to develop specific fitness.
- Prepare a plan for equipment inspection.
- Prepare a sample gym facility audit report.
- Demonstrate ways of communicating with participants using gender-sensitive, non-discriminatory language.
- Practice effective waste management techniques at the workplace.









Annexure

Trainer Requirements

	Trainer Prerequisites					
Minimum Educational	Specialization	Relevant Industry Experience		Training Experience		Remarks
Qualification		Years	Specialization	Years	Specialization	
Class 12 th pass	Fitness and conditioning	Minimum of 1 year	Must have worked in a fitness industry	Minimum of 1 year	Fitness trainer in a fitness center and/or gym	The fitness trainer must be physically fit with good communication skills. The individual must be detail-oriented and attentive.

Trainer Certification		
Domain Certification	Platform Certification	
"Fitness Trainer" "SPF/Q1107, v1.0" Minimum accepted score is 80%	MEP/Q2601, V1.0 Minimum accepted score is 80%	









Assessor Requirements

		Ass	essor Prerequ	uisites		
Minimum Educational	Specialization	Relevant Industry Experience		Training/Assessment Experience		Remarks
Qualification		Years	Specialization	Years	Specialization	
Class 12 th pass	Fitness and conditioning	Minimum of 2 years	Must have worked in a fitness industry	Minimum of 1 years	Fitness trainer in a fitness center, gym and or have worked independently as a personal/group fitness trainer fitness	All empanele Assessors would have to undergous "Train the Assessor" Program conducted by SPEFL Sofor each job role time to time.

Assessor Certification			
Domain Certification	Platform Certification		
"Fitness Trainer" "SPF/Q1107, v1.0" Minimum accepted score is 80%	MEP/Q2701, v1.0 Assessor Minimum accepted score is 80%		









Assessment Strategy

Assessment Guidelines

- 1. Criteria for assessment for each Qualification Pack will be created by the SPEFL Sector Skill Council. Each Performance Criteria (PC) will be assigned marks proportional to its importance in NOS. SSC will also lay down the proportion of marks for Theory and Skills Practical for each PC.
- 2. The assessment for the theory part will be based on the knowledge bank of questions created by the SSC.
- 3. Assessment will be conducted for all compulsory NOS, and where applicable, on the selected elective/option NOS/set of NOS.
- 4. Individual assessment agencies will create unique question papers for the theory part for each candidate at each examination/training center as per assessment criteria below.
- 5. Individual assessment agencies will create unique evaluations for skill practical for every student at each examination/ training center based on these criteria.
- 6. To pass the Qualification Pack assessment, every trainee should score a minimum of 70% of % aggregate marks to successfully clear the assessment.
- 7. In case of unsuccessful completion, the trainee may seek reassessment on the Qualification Pack.

Recommended Pass % aggregate for QP: 70

Each NOS in the Qualification Pack (QP) will be assigned a relative weightage for assessment based on the criticality of the NOS. Therein each Performance Criteria in the NOS will be assigned marks for or practical based on relative importance, criticality of function and training infrastructure.

The following tools are proposed to be used for final assessment:

- Practical Assessment: This will comprise of a creation of mock environment in the skill lab which
 is equipped with all equipment's required for the qualification pack.
 Candidate's soft skills, communication, aptitude, safety consciousness, quality consciousness etc.
 will be ascertained by observation and will be marked in observation checklist. The product will
 be measured against the specified dimensions and standards to gauge the level of his skill
 achievements.
- 2. **Viva/Structured Interview:** This tool will be used to assess the conceptual understanding and the behavioral aspects as regards the job role and the specific task at hand. It will also include questions on safety, quality, environment, and equipment, etc.
- 3. **Written Test:** Under this test few key items which cannot be assessed practically will be assessed. The written assessment will comprise of:
 - i. True / False Statements
 - ii Multiple Choice Questions
 - iii Matching Type Questions.
 - iv Fill in the blanks









Accreditation of Assessing Body:

The SPEFL SC's Accreditation process is divided into two steps:

- 1. Pre-accreditation process:
 - Apply for Accreditation: Application form with desired documents in prescribed format to be sent.
 - Document Compliance: to be done for ensuring the compliance and adherence of applied assessing body according to criteria laid down by SPEFL SC.
 - Presentation on Quality Assurance: to be given by Assessing body highlighting the quality assurance process laid down by Assessing body at the process points.
 - Once the assessing body clears the due diligence process, the accreditation is given along with terms and conditions.
- 2. **Post-accreditation process:** Post accreditation, the accredited assessing bodies needs to fulfil following minimum eligibility criteria or requisites for implementation:
 - All Empanelled Assessors would have to undergo "Train the Assessor" Program conducted by SPEFL SC for each job role time to time.
 - Accredited Assessing Body would have to abide with requisite timelines, policies and regulations declared by SPEFL sector skill council.
 - Accredited Assessing Body with times would have to contribute to expansion of the questionnaire.









References

Glossary

Term	Description
Key Learning Outcome	Key learning outcome is the statement of what a learner needs to know, understand and be able to do in order to achieve the terminal outcomes. A set of key learning outcomes will make up the training outcomes. Training outcome is specified in terms of knowledge, understanding (theory) and skills (practical application).
OJT (M)	On-the-job training (Mandatory); trainees are mandated to complete specified hours of training on site
OJT (R)	On-the-job training (Recommended); trainees are recommended the specified hours of training on site
Training Outcome	Training outcome is a statement of what a learner will know, understand and be able to do upon the completion of the training.
Terminal Outcome	Terminal outcome is a statement of what a learner will know, understand and be able to do upon the completion of a module. A set of terminal outcomes help to achieve the training outcome.









Acronyms and Abbreviations

Term	Description
QP	Qualification Pack
NSQF	National Skills Qualification Framework
NSQC	National Skills Qualification Committee
NOS	National Occupational Standards







QUALIFICATIONS PACK - OCCUPATIONAL STANDARDS FOR Beauty & Wellness

What are Occupational Standards(OS)?

- OS describe what individuals need to do, know and understand in order to carry out a particular job role or function
- performance standards that individuals must achieve when carrying out functions in the workplace, together with specifications of the underpinning knowledge and understanding

Contact Us:

Beauty and Wellness Sector Skill Council Office no. 247-248, DLF South Court, Saket New Delhi- 110017

P: +91 1140342940/42

E-mail: info@bwssc.in





Contents

1.	Introduction and Contacts[1]
2.	Qualifications Pack[2	2]
3.	Glossary of Key Terms[3	3]
4.	OS Units[4]
5.	Annexure: Nomenclature for QP & OS [78]	8]
6.	Assessment Criteria[8	1]

Introduction Qualifications Pack- Personal Trainer

SECTOR: BEAUTY & WELLNESS

SUB-SECTOR: FITNESS & SLIMMING

OCCUPATION: FITNESS SERVICES

REFERENCE ID: BWS/Q3003

ALIGNED TO: NCO-2015/3423.9900

Brief Job Description: The Personal Trainer is responsible to plan, demonstrate, and monitor exercises performed by the members. The trainer collects information, plans gym programmes, monitors client progress and focuses on individual assigned clients in meeting their fitness goals through effective motivation and continuous adaptation.

Personal Attributes: This job requires the individual to be well versed with the rules and regulations applicable, such as the Membership Rules, membership types (Full Access/limited access). He needs to be tactful, service oriented and a stickler for rules





Qualifications Pack Code	BWS/Q3003		
Job Role	Personal Trainer [The job role is applicable for national/international scena		nal scenarios]
Credits	TBD	Version number	1.0
Sector	Beauty & Wellness	Drafted on	01/08/2015
Sub-sector	Fitness & Slimming	Last reviewed on	10/02/2016
Occupation	Fitness Services	Next review date	10/02/2019
NSQC Clearance on		03/08/2018	

Job Role	Personal Trainer
Role Description	The Personal Trainer is responsible to plan, demonstrate and monitor exercises performed by the members.
NSQF level	4
Minimum Educational Qualifications	Class X preferably
Maximum Educational Qualifications	N.A.
Training	1.Level 3 Gym Assistant
Trailing	OR
(Suggested but not mandatory)	1.Course in personal training
	2.CPR/ AED
Minimum Job Entry Age	19 years
Experience	0-12 months experience as a Gym Assistant







	Compulsory:
	 BWS/N9001 Prepare and maintain the work area BWS/N3003 Carry out health screening and fitness assessment of the client BWS/N3004 Plan and conduct personal training BWS/N3134 Collect, integrate and analyze nutritional, health and lifestyle data of physically active clients BWS/N3135 Develop and implement personalised nutrition and lifestyle programme for physically active clients BWS/N3005 Motivate the clients
Applicable National Occupational	7. BWS/N9002 Maintain health and safety of workplace
Standards (NOS)	8. BWS/N9003 Create a positive impression at workplace
	Optional: Personal Trainer- Special population expert
	BWS/N3021 Plan and conduct session for improving Athletic performance of client
	BWS/N3022 Enable minimization of Athletic Injuries & Conduct Fitness Assessment for Sports related activities of the client
	Sports Conditioning Expert
	1. BWS/N3014 Plan and conduct personal training for
	clients from different population groups
Performance Criteria	As described in the relevant OS units



Qualifications Pack For Personal Trainer



Keywords /Terms	Description
Sector	Sector is a conglomeration of different business operations having similar businesses and interest. It may also be defined as a distinct subset of the economy whose components share similar characteristics and interests.
Sub-sector	Sub-sector is derived from a further breakdown based on the characteristics and interests of its components.
Occupation	Occupation is a set of job roles, which perform similar/related set of In an industry.
Function	Function is an activity necessary for achieving the key purpose of the sector, occupation, or area of work, which can be carried out by a person or a group of persons. Functions are identified through analysis and form the basis of OS.
Job Role	Job role defines a unique set of functions that together form a unique Employment opportunity in an organization.
OS	OS specify the standards of performance an individual must achieve when carrying out a function in the workplace, together with the knowledge and understanding they need to meet that standard consistently. Occupational Standards are applicable both in the Indian and global contexts.
Performance Criteria	Performance Criteria are statements that together specify the standard of performance required when carrying out a task.
NOS	NOS are Occupational Standards which apply uniquely in the Indian context.
Qualifications Pack Code	Qualifications Pack Code is a unique reference code that identifies a qualifications pack.
Qualifications Pack	Qualifications Pack comprises the set of OS, together with the educational, training and other criteria required to perform a job role. A Qualifications Pack is assigned a unique qualification pack code.
Unit Code	Unit Code is a unique identifier for an Occupational Standard , which is denoted by an 'N'
Unit Title	Unit Title gives a clear overall statement about what the incumbent should be able to do.
Description	Description gives a short summary of the unit content. This would be helpful to anyone searching on a database to verify that this is the appropriate OS they are looking for
Knowledge and Understanding	Knowledge and Understanding are statements which together specify the technical, generic, professional and organizational specific knowledge that an individual needs in order to perform to the required standard.
Organizational Context	Organizational Context includes the way the organization is structured and how it operates, including the extent of operative knowledge managers have of their relevant areas of responsibility.
Technical Knowledge	Technical Knowledge is the specific knowledge needed to accomplish specific designated responsibilities.
Core Skills or Generic Skills	Core Skills or Generic Skills are a group of skills that are key to learning and working in today's world. These skills are typically needed in any work environment. In the context of the OS, these include communication related skills that are applicable to most job roles.



Qualifications Pack For Personal Trainer



Acronyms

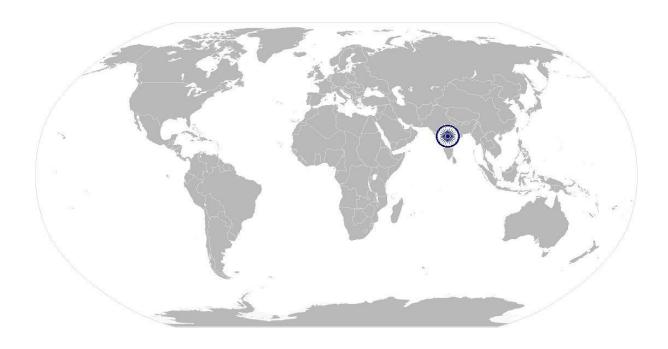
Keywords /Terms	Description
B&WSSC	Beauty & Wellness Sector Skill Council
NOS	National Occupational Standards
NSQF	National Skills Qualification Framework
NVEQF	National Vocational Educational Qualification Framework
NVQF	National Vocational Qualification Framework
OS	Occupational Standards
PC	Performance Criteria
QP	Qualification Pack
SSC	Sector Skills Council





Prepare and maintain work area

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This OS unit is about preparing the equipment, products and work area ahead of service delivery



National Occupational Standards



BWS/N9001

Prepare and maintain work area

Unit Code	BWS/N9001
Unit Title (Task)	Prepare and maintain work area
Description	Prepare the equipment, products and work area ahead of service delivery to ensure the efficiently and effectiveness of conducting treatments considering the standards of operation of the organization
Scope	This unit/task covers the following: • Prepare and maintain work area
Performance Criteria(P	C) w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
Prepare and maintain work area	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. ensure that environmental conditions are suitable for the client and the treatment to be carried out in a hygiene and safe environment PC2. select suitable equipment and products required for the treatment PC3. set up of equipment and prepare the products for treatments in adherence to the organization procedures and product/ equipment guidelines PC4. place the products in the trolley for the treatment PC5. sterilize, disinfect and place the tools on the tray PC6. dispose waste materials in adherence to the organization's and industry requirements PC7. store records, materials and equipment securely in line with the organization's policies
Knowledge and Unders	
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. organization's standards of performance and sequence of services KA2. range of services and products offered by the organization KA3. health and safety requirements in the organization
organization and its processes)	NAS. Health and safety requirements in the organization
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. types of products, materials and equipment required for the treatment KB2. process and products to sterilize and disinfect equipment/ tools KB3. manufacturer's instructions related to equipment and product use and cleaning KB4. applicable legislation relating to the workplace (for example health and safety, workplace regulations, use of work equipment, control of substances hazardous to health, handling/storage/ disposal/ cautions in the use of products, fire precautions, occurrences, hygiene practice, disposal of waste, environmental protection







Prepare and maintain work area

Skills (S)		
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills	
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. document call logs, reports, task lists, and schedules with co-workers SA2. prepare status and progress reports SA3. record customers' discussions in the call logs SA4. write memos and e-mail to customers, co-workers, and vendors to provide them with work updates and to request appropriate information without English language errors regarding grammar or sentence construct Reading Skills	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA5. read about new products and services with reference to the organization and also from external forums such as websites and blogs SA6. keep abreast with the latest knowledge by reading brochures, pamphlets, and product information sheets SA7. read comments, suggestions, and responses to Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) posted on the helpdesk portal	
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA8. discuss task lists, schedules, and work-loads with co-workers SA9. question customers appropriately in order to understand the nature of the problem and make a diagnosis SA10. give clear instructions to customers SA11. keep customers informed about progress SA12. avoid using jargon, slang or acronyms when communicating with a customer, unless it is required	
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. make decisions pertaining to the concerned area of work	
	Plan and Organize	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB2. plan and organize service feedback files/documents	
	Customer Centricity	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB3. manage relationships with customers who may be stressed, frustrated, confused, or angry SB4. build customer relationships and use customer centric approach	
	Problem Solving	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	







- SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s)
- SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own
- SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays

Analytical Thinking

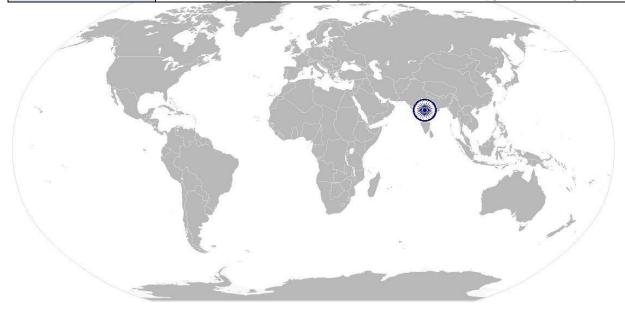
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

- SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points
- SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time
- SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business

Critical Thinking

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

SB11. apply, analyze, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action





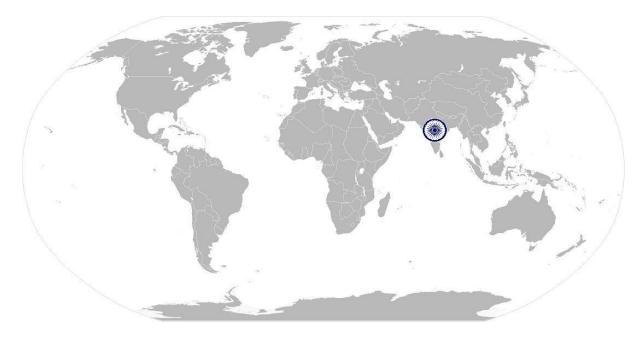




Prepare and maintain work area

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	BWS/N9001		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Beauty & Wellness	Drafted on	01/08/2015
Industry Sub-sector	Fitness & Slimming	Last reviewed on	10/02/2016
Occupation	Fitness Services	Next review date	10/02/2019



Back to Top

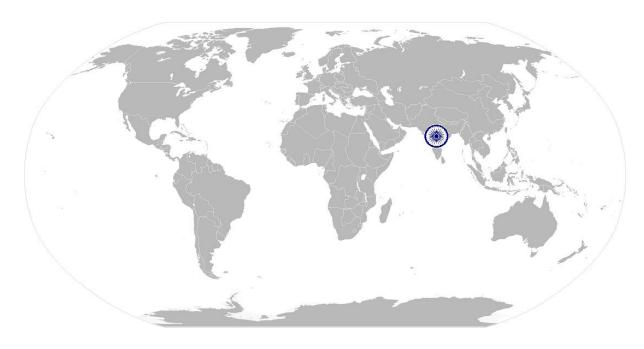






Carry out health screening and fitness assessment of the client

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This OS unit is about assessing the health and fitness level of the client







BWS/N3003	Carry out health screening and fitness assessment of the client	
Unit Code	BWS/N3003	
Unit Title (Task)	Carry out health screening and fitness assessment of the client	
Description Scope	Deploy right methodology and equipment to assess the health and fitness level of the client and identify his/ her preliminary fitness needs This unit/task covers the following: Conduct health screening of the clients and their fitness assessments	
	Conduct health screening of the clients and their fitness assessments	
Performance Criteria(P	C) w.r.t. the Scope	
Element	Performance Criteria	
Conduct health screening of the clients and their fitness assessments	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. build strong rapport with the clients PC2. collect data like lifestyle, time investment, medical background, exercise history etc. PC3. ensure adequate communication to the clients in terms of maintaining confidentiality of their personal data collected PC4. discuss in various lifestyle preferences and their impact on client's health & fitness status as well as the benefits from an exercise programme PC5. basis client's exercise preferences and lifestyle, identify the barriers to clients achieving their exercise goals PC6. finalize the short and long-term fitness goals of the client PC7. basis the client's fitness requirements, suggest the appropriate exercises PC8. identify the strategies to prevent drop out or relapse PC9. discuss in detail with clients, the relationship of fitness assessment outcomes with exercise plan; also discuss the kind of information about a person's anatomy will be collected to perform fitness assessment PC10. ensure the working and availability of equipment to carry out the planned assessments PC11. conduct fitness assessments which primarily include anthropometrics (i.e. BMI, waist to hip ratio etc.), body composition, cardiovascular fitness and capacity, muscular strength, etc.) PC12. understand the various person specific concerns/ problems and related safety considerations while conducting fitness assessments PC13. analyze the fitness assessment outcomes to provide recommendations for the exercise plan PC14. refer to the superior in case there are any concerns or requirements of the	
Knowledge and Unders	standing (K)	
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the organization and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. the organization's standards of performance and sequence of services KA2. the range of services and products offered by the organization KA3. the product and service costs for the services and products offered in the organization KA4. the health and safety requirements in the organization	







BWS/N3003	Carry out health screening and fitness assessment of the client	
B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:	
Knowledge	KB1. various health screening procedures, metrics, equipment and relationship	
Miowicage	with exercise programmes	
	KB2. fitness industry standards and practices for health assessments	
	KB3. various outcomes of health assessments and their interpretation	
	KB4. various contraindications to physical activity and the possible response to the same	
	KB5. various techniques for gathering, storing and disposing of client information	
	KB6. typical barriers which clients quote as impediments to their exercise goals and how to support them with the solutions	
	KB7. benefits of different fitness programmes	
	KB8. the pros and cons of various methods of fitness assessments and their suitability for various types of clients	
	KB9. the protocols of various exercise tests and their associated procedure	
	KB10. methods to analyse the results of fitness assessments according to protocol and calculation requirements	
	KB11. policies and procedures to enable ethical and compliant collection, use and	
	storage of client information	
	KB12. methods to improve the validity and reliability of testing for exercise clients	
Skills (S)	KB12. Hiethous to improve the validity and reliability of testing for exercise clients	
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills	
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SA1. document call logs, reports, task lists, and schedules with co-workers prepare status and progress reports SA3. record customers' discussions in the call logs SA4. write memos and e-mail to customers, co-workers, and vendors to provide them with work updates and to request appropriate information without English language errors regarding grammar or sentence construct	
	Reading Skills	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA5. read about new products and services with reference to the organization and also from external forums such as websites and blogs SA6. keep abreast with the latest knowledge by reading brochures, pamphlets, and	
	product information sheets	
	SA7. read comments, suggestions, and responses to Frequently Asked Questions	
	(FAQs) posted on the helpdesk portal	
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SA8. discuss task lists, schedules, and work-loads with co-workers	
	SA9. question customers appropriately in order to understand the nature of the	
	problem and make a diagnosis	
	SA10. give clear instructions to customers	
	SA11. keep customers informed about progress	
	SA12. avoid using jargon, slang or acronyms when communicating with a customer, unless it is required	







BWS/N3003 B. Professional Skills	Carry out health screening and fitness assessment of the client Decision Making	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SB1. make decisions pertaining to the concerned area of work	
	Plan and Organize	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:	
	SB2. plan and organize service feedback files/documents	
	Customer Centricity	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SB3. manage relationships with customers who may be stressed, frustrated,	
	confused, or angry	
	SB4. build customer relationships and use customer centric approach	
	Problem Solving	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an	
	optimum /best possible solution(s)	
	SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own	
	SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays Analytical Thinking	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points	
	SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time	
	SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business	
	Critical Thinking	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	

SB11. apply, analyze, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,

experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action







Carry out health screening and fitness assessment of the client

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	BWS/N3003		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Beauty & Wellness	Drafted on	01/08/2015
Industry Sub-sector	Fitness & Slimming	Last reviewed on	10/02/2016
Occupation	Fitness Services	Next review date	10/02/2019



Back to Top







Plan and Conduct personal training

National Occupational Standards



Overview

This unit is about planning & conducting personal training session for client keeping in view the fitness assessment



National Occupational Standards



BWS/N3004

Plan and Conduct personal training

Unit Code	BWS/N3004
Unit Title (Task)	Plan and Conduct Personal Training
Description Scope	Taking fitness sessions of the client's basis the results of their fitness assessments and finalization of their fitness goals. This unit also describes monitoring of client's progress against the defined actions, identifying corrective actions (if any) and ensuring achievement of fitness goals This unit/task covers the following: Plan and Conduct personal Training
	Plan and Conduct personal Training
Performance Criteria(I	PC) w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
Plan and Conduct personal Training	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. deploy the knowledge and understanding of various aspects of human anatomy and physiology while providing fitness related recommendations PC2. understand in detail various human body systems like circulatory system, musculoskeletal system, joints and bones, muscles, respiratory system etc. and impact of fitness programmes on their functioning PC3. identify the potential sources of injury and keep the same under consideration while devising fitness programme to a client PC4. evaluate the impact of exercise and its intensity on the energy levels of a client and provide requisite recommendations in terms of exercise plan PC5. basis the health assessment and detailed understanding of anatomy & physiology of the client's body, plan a range of exercises for client to achieve his/her fitness goals considering aspects like muscular fitness, cardiovascular fitness, agility & flexibility, etc. PC6. as per the client's needs , identify the appropriate training recommendations PC7. identify and plan for availability of equipment needed for suitable exercises explain in detail the fitness goals and planned exercise schedule to client PC9. communicate the physical demands of the planned exercises chedule to client PC10. discuss with client on any observed concerns/ changes/ modifications required in the plan PC11. provide information and demonstration of various warm up activities to the client and their importance PC12. observe the client carrying out the exercises and ensure right usage of the fitness equipment to prevent any injuries PC13. develop phase wise detailed activity chart in consultation with the client which is challenging as well as achievable and duly agreed by the client PC14. provide clear instructions and demonstrations that are technically correct, safe and effective and ensure client is following them accurately without hurting himself/ herself or damaging the equipment PC15. plan outcomes and stages of achievement during personal trai







BWS/N3004	Plan and Conduct personal training	
	Plan and Conduct personal training PC17. ensure that all the exercises are integrated in a single plan and being deployed by the client to achieve his/ her fitness goals; in case, there are any concerns faced by client to perform any of the exercises, provide alternate options PC18. monitor the client's exercises and adherence to the planned schedule as well as analyse the performance of client on a daily basis PC19. progress or regress exercises according to clients' performance PC20. motivate the clients for increasing their performance and ensuring adherence to exercise; provide any related support to the clients in this regard PC21. explain the function of various joints and muscles during exercises to the client and impact of exercises on them PC22. communicate the expected changes in the body of client due to training programme PC23. record the performance and progress of the client through personal training sessions PC24. provide information and demonstration of various cool down activities to the client and their importance as per the intensity and type of physical exercises of the client PC25. observe the client carrying out the exercises and ensure right usage of the fitness equipment to prevent any injuries PC26. explain in detail the linkage of progress of the client with the achievement of fitness goals PC27. identify the signs of strain/ over work outs and recommend the strategies for prevention of the same PC28. adapt the training programme as per the client body's response, lifestyle changes, preferences etc.; discuss and agree of changes with the client PC29. update the fitness goals in line with the adaptations introduced PC30. in collaboration with personal training manager, discuss specific issues like cultural or social barriers to exercise and personal training PC31. provide the data to personal training manager in order to improvise/ addition in the existing portfolio of services PC32. obtain regular feedback from the client and analyse effectiveness of the personal traini	
Knowledge and Unders	standing (K)	
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the organization and its processes)	 The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. the organization's standards of performance and sequence of services KA2. the range of services and products offered by the organization KA3. the product and service costs for the services and products offered in the organization KA4. the health and safety requirements in the organization 	
B. Technical Knowledge	the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. various aspects of human anatomy and physiology KB2. human psychology KB3. basic knowledge of special population groups/ special requirements of clients to be dealt by other professionals	







BWS/N3004	Plan and Conduct personal training
	KB4. ability to be able to take pulse rate, measure blood pressure etc.
	KB5. various human body systems and their organization and structure i.e. circulatory system (like blood pressure, blood circulation etc.), respiratory system (like muscles for breathing, breathing patterns, etc.), the skeleton system (like bones, stages of bones growth, postures, spine curves, motion range of spine etc.), the muscular system (like muscle tissues, characteristics of muscle tissues, various motions supported by muscular tissues, muscle contractions etc.), nervous system (like motor unit recruitment, neuromuscular connections, etc.) and energy systems (like usage or burning of carbohydrates, fats, proteins etc., aerobic and anaerobic exercises etc.) and their relation to exercise. KB6. various types of clients like active, inactive, aware, new etc. kB7. hydration and energy requirements guidelines
	KB8. various types of fitness equipment like cardio machines, exercise balls, bars, steps, weights, abdominal assisters, pin loaded, free weight, hydraulic, electronic and air-braked equipment KB9. various physical demands of different exercises KB10. different types of learning styles KB11. health and safety standards associated with the fitness equipment and exercises KB12. various instructional techniques used in personal training KB13. impact and requirement of warm up and cool down activities KB14. methodology for periodic evaluation to chart progress in terms of performance and body composition KB15. intensity of exercise as per the current fitness status ascertained through periodic evaluations KB16. various legal and ethical implications of collecting and storing client information KB17. formats and methods for recording and analyzing information KB18. general physical preparedness KB19. techniques to analyse the collected the client's information KB20. various guidelines on personal training programme design KB21. the resources required to deliver a personal training programme, like environment for the session, equipment, etc. KB22. range of exercise equipment like cardiovascular, free weights etc.
Cl:lle (C)	KB23. various signs and symptoms of strain/over training
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. document call logs, reports, task lists, and schedules with co-workers SA2. prepare status and progress reports SA3. record customers' discussions in the call logs SA4. write memos and e-mail to customers, co-workers, and vendors to provide them with work updates and to request appropriate information without English language errors regarding grammar or sentence construct







The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. make decisions pertaining to the core need area of work Plan and Organize The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB2. plan and organize service feedback files/documents Customer Centricity The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB3. manage relationships with customers who may be stressed, frustrated, confused, or angry SB4. build customer relationships and use customer centric approach Problem Solving The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s) SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays Analytical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business	BWS/N3004	Plan and Conduct personal training		
SA5. read about new products and services with reference to the organization and also from external forums such as websites and blogs SA6. keep abreast with the latest knowledge by reading brochures, pamphlets, and product information sheets SA7. read comments, suggestions, and responses to Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) posted on the helpdesk portal Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills) The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA8. discuss task lists, schedules, and work-loads with co-workers SA9. question customers appropriately in order to understand the nature of the problem and make a diagnosis SA10. give clear instructions to customers SA11. keep customers informed about progress SA12. avoid using largon, slang or acronyms when communicating with a customer, unless it is required B. Professional Skills Pecision Making The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. make decisions pertaining to the coresponding area of work Plan and Organize The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB2. plan and organize service feedback files/documents Customer Centricity The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB3. manage relationships with customers who may be stressed, frustrated, confused, or angry SB4. build customer relationships and use customer centric approach Problem Solving The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s) SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own SB7. think clients lacking that coarrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business		Reading Skills		
also from external forums such as websites and blogs SA6. keep abreast with the latest knowledge by reading brochures, pamphlets, and product information sheets SA7. read comments, suggestions, and responses to Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) posted on the helpdesk portal Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills) The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA8. discuss task lists, schedules, and work-loads with co-workers SA9. question customers appropriately in order to understand the nature of the problem and make a diagnosis SA10. give clear instructions to customers SA11. keep customers informed about progress SA12. avoid using jargon, slang or acronyms when communicating with a customer, unless it is required B. Professional Skills Decision Making The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: S81. make decisions pertaining to the confederal area of work Plan and Organize The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: S82. plan and organize service feedback files/documents Customer Centricity The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: S83. manage relationships with customers who may be stressed, frustrated, confused, or angry S84. build customer relationships and use customer centric approach Problem Solving The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: S85. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s) S86. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own S87. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays Analytical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: S88. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points S89. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
SA6. keep abreast with the latest knowledge by reading brochures, pamphlets, and product information sheets SA7. read comments, suggestions, and responses to Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) posted on the helpdesk portal Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills) The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA8. discuss task lists, schedules, and work-loads with co-workers SA9. question customers appropriately in order to understand the nature of the problem and make a diagnosis SA10. give clear instructions to customers SA11. keep customers informed about progress SA12. avoid using jargon, slang or acronyms when communicating with a customer, unless it is required Decision Making The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. make decisions pertaining to the conference of work Plan and Organize The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB2. plan and organize service feedback files/documents Customer Centricity The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB3. manage relationships with customers who may be stressed, frustrated, confused, or angry SB4. build customer relationships and use customer centric approach Problem Solving The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum/best possible solution(s) SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays Analytical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business		SA5. read about new products and services with reference to the organization and		
product information sheets SA7. read comments, suggestions, and responses to Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) posted on the helpdesk portal Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills) The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA8. discuss task lists, schedules, and work-loads with co-workers SA9. question customers appropriately in order to understand the nature of the problem and make a diagnosis SA10. give clear instructions to customers SA11. keep-customers informed about progress SA12. avoid using jargon, slang or acronyms when communicating with a customer, incless it is required Decision Making The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. make decisions pertaining to the complete area of work Plan and Organize The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB2. plan and organize service feedback files/documents Customer Centricity The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB3. manage relationships with customers who may be stressed, frustrated, confused, or angry. SB4. build customer relationships and use customer centric approach Problem Solving The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s) SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays Analytical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business				
SA7. read comments, suggestions, and responses to Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) posted on the helpdesk portal Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills) The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA8. discuss task lists, schedules, and work-loads with co-workers SA9. question customers appropriately in order to understand the nature of the problem and make a diagnosis SA10. give clear instructions to customers SA11. keep-customers informed about progress SA12. avoid using jargon, slang or acronyms when communicating with a customer, unless it is required B. Professional Skills Decision Making The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. make decisions pertaining to the core area of work Plan and Organize The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB2. plan and organize service feedback files/documents Customer Centricity The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB3. manage relationships with customers who may be stressed, frustrated, confused, or angry SB4. build customer relationships and use customer centric approach Problem Solving The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum/best possible solution(s) SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays Analytical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time SB10. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time				
(FAQs) posted on the helpdesk portal Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills) The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		'		
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA8. discuss task lists, schedules, and work-loads with co-workers SA9. question customers appropriately in order to understand the nature of the problem and make a diagnosis SA10. give clear instructions to customers SA11. keep customers informed about progress SA12. avoid using jargon, slang or acronyms when communicating with a customer, unless it is required B. Professional Skills Decision Making The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. make decisions pertaining to the correct area of work Plan and Organize The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB2. plan and organize service feedback files/documents Customer Centricity The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB3. manage relationships with customers who may be stressed, frustrated, confused, or angry SB4. build customer relationships and use customer centric approach Problem Solving The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s) SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays Analytical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business				
SA8. discuss task lists, schedules, and work-loads with co-workers SA9. question customers appropriately in order to understand the nature of the problem and make a diagnosis SA10. give clear instructions to customers SA11. keep customers informed about progress SA12. avoid using jargon, slang or acronyms when communicating with a customer, incless it is required B. Professional Skills Decision Making The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. make decisions pertaining to the contemped area of work Plan and Organize The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB2. plan and organize service feedback files/documents Customer Centricity The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB3. manage relationships with customers who may be stressed, frustrated, confused, or angry SB4. build customer relationships and use customer centric approach Problem Solving The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s) SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays Analytical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business		Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
SA8. discuss task lists, schedules, and work-loads with co-workers SA9. question customers appropriately in order to understand the nature of the problem and make a diagnosis SA10. give clear instructions to customers SA11. keep customers informed about progress SA12. avoid using jargon, slang or acronyms when communicating with a customer, incless it is required B. Professional Skills Decision Making The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. make decisions pertaining to the correct area of work Plan and Organize The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB2. plan and organize service feedback files/documents Customer Centricity The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB3. manage relationships with customers who may be stressed, frustrated, confused, or angry SB4. build customer relationships and use customer centric approach Problem Solving The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s) SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays Analytical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
problem and make a diagnosis SA10. give clear instructions to customers SA11. keep customers informed about progress SA12. avoid using jargon, slang or acronyms when communicating with a customer, unless it is required B. Professional Skills Decision Making The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. make decisions pertaining to the correspondence area of work Plan and Organize The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB2. plan and organize service feedback files/documents Customer Centricity The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB3. manage relationships with customers who may be stressed, frustrated, confused, or angry SB4. build customer relationships and use customer centric approach Problem Solving The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s) SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays Analytical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business		•		
SA10. give clear instructions to customers SA11. keep customers informed about progress SA12. avoid using jargon, slang or acronyms when communicating with a customer, unless it is required B. Professional Skills Decision Making The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. make decisions pertaining to the content area of work Plan and Organize The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB2. plan and organize service feedback files/documents Customer Centricity The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB3. manage relationships with customers who may be stressed, frustrated, confused, or angry SB4. build customer relationships and use customer centric approach Problem Solving The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s) SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays Analytical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business				
SA11. keep-customers informed about progress SA12. avoid using jargon, slang or acronyms when communicating with a customer, unless it is required B. Professional Skills Decision Making The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. make decisions pertaining to the contemped area of work Plan and Organize The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB2. plan and organize service feedback files/documents Customer Centricity The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB3. manage relationships with customers who may be stressed, frustrated, confused, or angry SB4. build customer relationships and use customer centric approach Problem Solving The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s) SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays Analytical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business		problem and make a diagnosis		
SA12. avoid using jargon, slang or acronyms when communicating with a customer, unless it is required B. Professional Skills Decision Making The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. make decisions pertaining to the concerned area of work Plan and Organize The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB2. plan and organize service feedback files/documents Customer Centricity The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB3. manage relationships with customers who may be stressed, frustrated, confused, or angry. SB4. build customer relationships and use customer centric approach Problem Solving The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s) SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays Analytical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business				
B. Professional Skills Decision Making The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. make decisions pertaining to the concerned area of work Plan and Organize The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB2. plan and organize service feedback files/documents Customer Centricity The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB3. manage relationships with customers who may be stressed, frustrated, confused, or angry SB4. build customer relationships and use customer centric approach Problem Solving The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s) SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays Analytical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business				
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. make decisions pertaining to the coresponded area of work Plan and Organize The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB2. plan and organize service feedback files/documents Customer Centricity The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB3. manage relationships with customers who may be stressed, frustrated, confused, or angry SB4. build customer relationships and use customer centric approach Problem Solving The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s) SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays Analytical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business				
Plan and Organize The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB2. plan and organize service feedback files/documents Customer Centricity The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB3. manage relationships with customers who may be stressed, frustrated, confused, or angry SB4. build customer relationships and use customer centric approach Problem Solving The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s) SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays Analytical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business	B. Professional Skills	Decision Making		
Plan and Organize The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB2. plan and organize service feedback files/documents Customer Centricity The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB3. manage relationships with customers who may be stressed, frustrated, confused, or angry SB4. build customer relationships and use customer centric approach Problem Solving The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s) SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays Analytical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB2. plan and organize service feedback files/documents Customer Centricity The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB3. manage relationships with customers who may be stressed, frustrated, confused, or angry SB4. build customer relationships and use customer centric approach Problem Solving The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s) SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays Analytical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business				
Customer Centricity The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB3. manage relationships with customers who may be stressed, frustrated, confused, or angry SB4. build customer relationships and use customer centric approach Problem Solving The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s) SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays Analytical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business		Plan and Organize		
Customer Centricity The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB3. manage relationships with customers who may be stressed, frustrated, confused, or angry SB4. build customer relationships and use customer centric approach Problem Solving The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s) SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays Analytical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business		-		
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB3. manage relationships with customers who may be stressed, frustrated, confused, or angry SB4. build customer relationships and use customer centric approach Problem Solving The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s) SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays Analytical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business				
SB3. manage relationships with customers who may be stressed, frustrated, confused, or angry SB4. build customer relationships and use customer centric approach Problem Solving The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s) SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays Analytical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business		Customer Centricity		
confused, or angry SB4. build customer relationships and use customer centric approach Problem Solving The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s) SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays Analytical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
Problem Solving The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s) SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays Analytical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business				
Problem Solving The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s) SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays Analytical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business				
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s) SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays Analytical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business				
SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s) SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays Analytical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business		Problem Solving		
optimum /best possible solution(s) SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays Analytical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays Analytical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business				
their own SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays Analytical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business				
SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays Analytical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business		,		
Analytical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business				
SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business				
SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business		•		
SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business		, ,		
Critical Thinking				
Citical Hilliking		Critical Thinking		



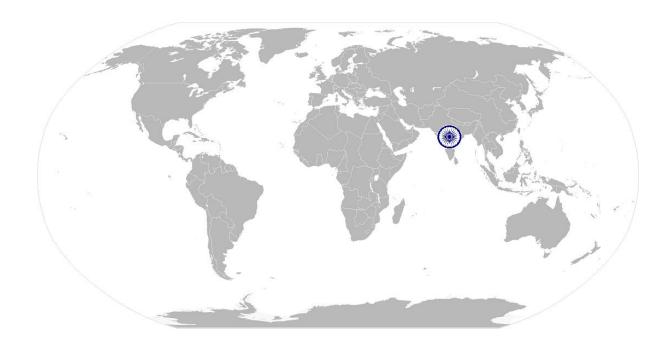




BWS/N3004 Plan and Conduct personal training

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

SB11. apply, analyze, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action





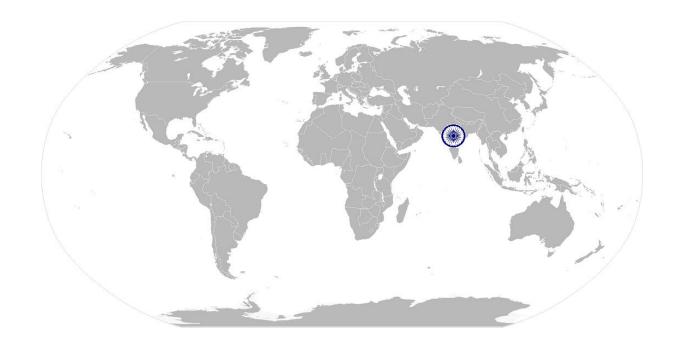




Plan and Conduct personal training

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	BWS/N3004		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Beauty & Wellness	Drafted on	01/08/2015
Industry Sub-sector	Fitness & Slimming	Last reviewed on	10/02/2016
Occupation	Fitness Services	Next review date	10/02/2019



Back to Top

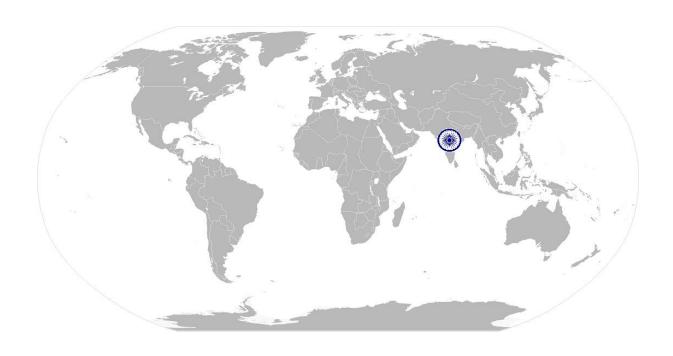






Collect, integrate and analyze nutritional, health and Lifestyle data of physically active clients

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This OS unit is about using a wide range of tools to collect accurate and relevant data of physically active clients







BWS/N3134 Collect, integrate and analyze nutritional, health and Lifestyle data of physically active clients

Unit Code	BWS/N3134		
Unit Title	Collect, integrate and analyze nutritional, health and lifestyle data of physically		
(Task)	active clients		
Description	Collection, integration and analysis of adequate data and information to identify nutrition-related problems that affect health, fitness and exercise, and physical performance of physically active clients		
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:- • Assessment of nutritional status using the ABCDE approach • Anthropometry • Biochemical/ Lab determinations • Client history • Dietary history • Exercise and Physical activity status • Comparison with standards • Documentation and communication • Assess and assign priority to data • Draw justifiable conclusions from data		

Performance Criteria(PC) w.r.t. the Scope

Element	Performance Criteria	
Assessment of nutritional status using the ABCDE approach	PC1. screening activities- nutrition tools like sga etc. PC2. select suitable methods for assessment PC3. identify standards by which data will be compared PC4. be able to interpret the same	
	PC5. identify possible problem areas for making nutrition diagnoses	
Anthropometry	 PC6. obtain current anthropometric measurements including height, weight and weight changes, body mass index(BMI), body measurements, body composition analysis PC7. height - measure height using standard procedure and equipment (stadio meter) / individual enquiry PC8. weight perform weight measurement using calibrated weighing machine under standardized conditions as outlined by the organization (empty stomach, shoes removed, minimal or standard clothing, and fluid status). collect information regarding weight history / recent weight changes PC9. BMI calculate body mass index 	







	PC10. compare BMI with standards as per nationality and interpret weight status and consequent risk of co-morbidities
	PC11. body measurements use specialized techniques and / or equipment and trained personnel to obtain body measurements of different body parts including (waist circumference, hip circumference and other measures) PC12. calculate waist hip ratio and / or waist height ratio to ascertain central obesity PC13. body composition analysis (BCA) perform BCA to measure the amount and distribution of body fat, fat free mass and water in the body of an individual using standard procedure and under standardized conditions as per equipment available (bio-electrical impedance – 2 electrodes or 4 electrodes / DEXA) To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:-
Determinations	PC14. review individual's recent and past biochemical reports to ascertain
	nutritional and health status
Client history	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:- PC15. assess current and past information related to personal, medical, family and social history: assess the following: • personal history relative to age, sex, race/ethnicity, language, education, role in the family or organization. • client or family disease states, conditions, and illnesses that may have nutritional impact: • family history of and risk factors for medical conditions and chronic diseases (e.g., diabetes, cardiovascular disease, hypertension, osteoporosis, dyslipidaemia, obesity, disordered eating, behavioural/mental health issues) • client history of metabolic and hormonal conditions (e.g., diabetes, metabolic syndrome, polycystic ovary syndrome, thyroid abnormalities, exercise-induced asthma) or chronic diseases • client menstrual history and status PC16. medication and dietary and herbal supplement use, including prescription and over-the-counter medications, herbal preparations and complementary medicine products PC17. appropriateness of dietary and supplement intake (e.g., macro- and micro nutrients, fiber, bioactive substances, alcohol, caffeine, herbals) and supplements for health and exercise/task-specific physical performance PC18. assess sport/dietary supplements for the risk of adverse events associated with sport/dietary supplements for the risk of adverse events associated with sport/dietary supplements (safety, legality, efficacy, quality, application to sport) PC20. consider recommendations that may include adding, maintaining, changing, or discontinuing sport/dietary supplements PC21. consider dose and timing of medication/supplements relative to health and issues such as meals, training, competition, travel schedules, and time-zone changes



National Occupational Standards



	Lifestyle data of physically active clients
	PC22. identify actual or potential drug/sport/dietary supplement/food interactions
	PC23. knowledge, beliefs, and attitudes including understanding of nutrition-related concepts, body image and preoccupation with food and weight, and readiness to change nutrition-related behaviours: • general food and nutrition knowledge/skills/strategies • sport-specific food and nutrition knowledge, skills, and/or strategies • misinformation regarding health and nutrition for exercise/physical performance, weight management, and culture of sport or organization) PC24. behaviour: including client activities and actions which influence achievement of nutrition-related goals • various influences (e.g., language, sport/organizational culture, ethnicity,
	religion) that relate to the potential for behaviour change
	 assess social history (socioeconomic status, social and medical support, cultural and religious beliefs, and social isolation/connection.)
Dietary History	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:-
	PC25. evaluate composition, adequacy and appropriateness of food, beverages and nutrient intake, meal and snack patterns, and food allergies and intolerances PC26. adequacy of nutrition intake to maintain energy balance under various conditions (e.g., rest, physical activity, exercise/ task-specific physical performance) PC27. total food and beverage intake (type, amount, and pattern of intake of foods and food groups, intake of fluids), including intakes before, during, and after exercise and special dietary and beverage patterns associated with exercise/task-specific physical performance PC28. client history of food allergies/intolerances (e.g., gluten sensitivity or intolerance, lactose intolerance) PC29. current and past use of alcohol, specialized diets, sport foods/drinks,
	energy drinks, functional foods, liquid meal replacements, sport/dietary
	supplements and/or ergogenic aids
	PC30. energy balance assessment using measures of energy intake/expenditure (e.g., intake via calorie counts), including changes in body weight or composition, medication use, health status, or attempts at weight gain or loss.
	PC31. measure of energy availability for adequacy of energy intake PC32. special energy and nutrient needs (e.g., energy shakes, vitamin/mineral supplements) for health, weight management, exercise/task-specific physical performance
	PC33. daily fluid needs for health, fitness, exercise/task-specific physical performance based on sweat rate, environmental conditions, fluid balance assessments (e.g., urine-specific gravity), and patterns of fluid replacement (e.g., during and after exercise/task-specific physical performance PC34. changes in appetite or usual intake (e.g., as a result of weight control,
	alteration in body composition/physique, change in training volume/intensity, travel, unfamiliar environments, phase of sport/competition or task-specific physical training, medical conditions,



National Occupational Standards



	Lifestyle data of physically active clients
	illnesses and injuries, treatment and rehabilitation), and psychological issues
	(e.g., stress, trauma, depression)
	PC35. changes in usual intake as a result of dietary manipulation to optimize
	exercise/task-specific physical performance (e.g., tapers, carbohydrate
	loading, glycogen restoration, rehydration, recovery nutrition following pre
	competition weigh-in)
	PC36. food and nutrient administration including current and previous diets and
	diet modifications, eating environment
	 diet experience (e.g., previously prescribed diets, previous diet/nutrition
	duration/ counselling, self-selected diets followed, dieting attempts, food
	allergies, food intolerances)
	• eating environment (e.g., location, atmosphere, companion, eats alone)
	• more complex nutrition issues (e.g., controlled type 1diabetes, managed
	gastrointestinal diseases and conditions) related to food intake and clinical
	complications in individuals exposed to variable exercise/task-specific
	physical performance situations
	• most complex issues (e.g., newly diagnosed type 1 diabetes, uncontrolled
	diabetes, recovery from injury/illness) related to food intake and clinical
	complications
	PC37. assess any barriers or conflicts (e.g., communication, transportation,
	financial) that interfere with food access, selection and preparation
Exercise and Physical	To be competent, the user/individual on be in must be able to:-
activity status	PC38. evaluate physical activity and function, including physical activity, history of
	physical activity and exercise/task-specific physical performance, cognitive
	and physical ability to engage in specific tasks:-
	 physical activity/exercise: history, consistency, frequency, duration,
	intensity, type (e.g., exercise training, competitive sport, training)
	• physical inactivity: television/screen time and other sedentary activity time
	• environmental conditions (e.g., cold, heat, humidity, altitude) and
	nutrition-related complications (e.g., hydration status, nutrient
	deficiencies)
	• training state/fitness level, competitive status, performance goals and
	results
	effect of current and past dietary interventions on exercise/ physical
	performance in training and competition
	PC39. exercise, training, or competition issues that alter appetite, ingestion,
	digestion, absorption, metabolism, utilization of nutrients, and/or eating
	behaviours and patterns
Comparison with	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:-
Standards	PC40. identify standards by which data will be compared
Documentation and	to be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:-
Communication	PC41. document the entire relevant data accurately and timely as per the
	organisation's policy
	PC42. include the following information for quality documentation:
	date and time of assessment;
	- date and time of assessment,







	Lifestyle data of physically active clients
	 pertinent data collected and compared with standards
	• name / signature of staff member collecting the data
	individual /client's perceptions, values, and motivation related to
	presenting problems
	changes in client's level of understanding, food-related behaviours, and
	other outcomes for appropriate follow-up
	 discussion with individual and /or interdisciplinary team throughout
	assessment process
	 reason for discontinuation or referral, if appropriate
Assess and assign	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:-
priority to data	PC43.accurately interpret anthropometric data ,body composition analysis ,
	dietary, health and medical data and biomedical profile against relevant
	standards
	PC44.evaluate diet and exercise / physical activity
	PC45.make judgement about potential impact of health and medical, social,
	psychological, economic and personal factors on nutrition and fitness
	PC46.organize and cluster nutrition risk factors, complications, and assessment
	data to identify possible problem areas for determining nutrition and
	activity diagnoses PC47.integrate assessed data in order to assign priorities for nutrition planning
	and lifestyle modification
Draw justifiable	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:-
conclusions from data	PC48. define nutritional and activity problems / diagnosis as a prelude to
	planning management
Knowledge and Understar	iding (K)
A. Organizational	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
Context (Knowledge of	KA1. organization's standards of performance and sequence of services
the organization and its	KA2. range of services and products offered by the organization
_	KA3. health and safety requirements in the organization
processes)	
B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:-
Knowledge	KB1. the structure and function of the human body, together with knowledge of
	health, disease, disorder and dysfunction relevant to nutrition and lifestyle
	KB2. appropriate assessment tools and procedures (matching the assessment
	method to the situation)
	KB3. methods for obtaining and recording anthropometric measurements along
	with standards and reference range
	KB4. calculation and interpretation of bmi, whr, whtr
	KB5. body weight and composition for health and sports: ideal body weight,







BWS/N3134 Collect, integrate and analyze nutritional, health and

Lifest	yle data of physically active clients
KB6.	values and limitations of the bmi, composition of the body, different methods for conducting ,recording and analysing body
	composition
KB7.	effect of hydration state on bca
KB8.	contraindications for conducting bca
KB9.	interpretation of body composition for optimal health, fitness, and
KB10	exercise/task-specific physical performance . the clinical signs and symptoms generated by the body's response to stress,
	poor nutrition, disease, emotional and psychosocial factors
KB11	. the aetiology and pathology of common diseases and their clinical features
KB12	. knowledge and interpretation of biochemical tests, their standards and
	reference range
KB13	methods for conducting and recording observations of health status
KB14	. methods available for conducting quantitative and qualitative analysis of
	food intake
KB15	. appropriate methods for collecting personal, socio- cultural, psychological,
	environmental and economic data which may influence food habits, diet
Gr.	and lifestyle
KB16	. use of appropriate questions to optimize gathering of information
KB17	. use of effective interviewing methods
THE RESERVE TO SERVE THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	interpretation and evaluation of data from observations and laboratory
KB19	tests . nutrient composition of foods
	be able to keep accurate, comprehensive and comprehensible records in
	accordance with applicable protocols and guidelines
Skills (S)	

	(S)	

Skiiis (S)	
A. Core Skills/ Generic	Writing Skills
Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA1. document call logs, reports, task lists, and schedules with co-workers
	SA2. prepare status and progress reports
	SA3. record customers' discussions in the call logs
	SA4. write memos and e-mail to customers, co-workers, and vendors to provide
	them with work updates and to request appropriate information without
	English language errors regarding grammar or sentence construct
	Reading Skills







BWS/N3134	Collect, integrate and analyze nutritional, health and
	Lifestyle data of physically active clients

	Lifestyle data of physically active clients		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA5. read about new products and services with reference to the organization		
	and also from external forums such as websites and blogs		
	SA6. keep abreast with the latest knowledge by reading brochures, pamphlets,		
	and product information sheets		
	·		
	SA7. read comments, suggestions, and responses to Frequently Asked		
	Questions (FAQs) posted on the helpdesk portal		
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA8. discuss task lists, schedules, and work-loads with co-workers		
	SA9. question customers appropriately in order to understand the nature of		
	the problem and make a diagnosis		
	SA10. give clear instructions to customers		
	SA11. keep customers informed about progress		
	SA12. avoid using jargon, slang or acronyms when communicating with a		
	customer, unless it is required		
	customer, unicss ters required		
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB1. make decisions pertaining to the concerned area of work		
	Plan and Organize		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
	SB2. plan and organize service feedback files/documents		
	Customer Centricity		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB3. manage relationships with customers who may be stressed, frustrated,		
	confused, or angry		
	SB4. build customer relationships and use customer centric approach		
	Problem Solving		
	The control of the first be a second to be a second		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest		
	an optimum /best possible solution(s)		
	SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on		
	their own		
	SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays		
	Analytical Thinking		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points		
	SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time		
	SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business		
	Critical Thinking		

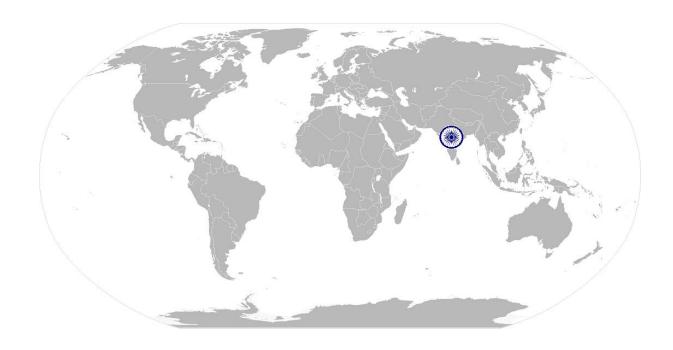






BWS/N3134 Collect, integrate and analyze nutritional, health and Lifestyle data of physically active clients

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB11. apply, analyze, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,
experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action





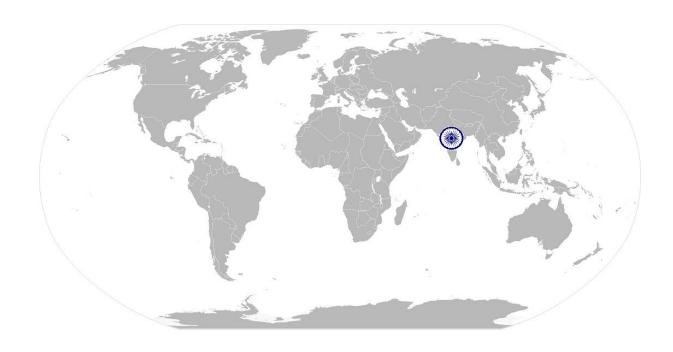




Collect, integrate and analyze nutritional, health and Lifestyle data of physically active clients

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	BWS/N3134		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Beauty & Wellness	Drafted on	01/08/2015
Industry Sub-sector	Fitness & Slimming	Last reviewed on	10/02/2016
Occupation	Fitness Services	Next review date	10/02/2019



Back to Top

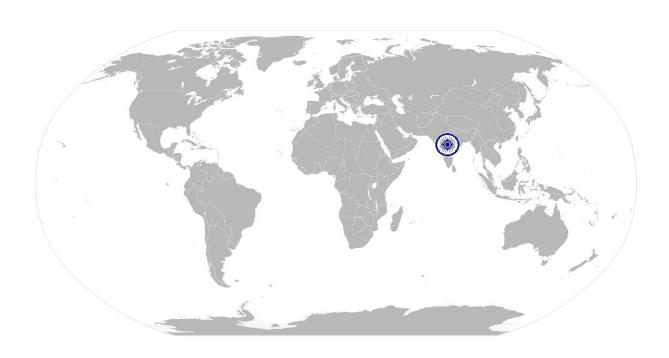






Develop and implement personalised nutrition and lifestyle Programme for physically active clients

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This OS unit deals with the designing and implementation of nutrition and lifestyle plan for physically active clients



National Occupational Standards



BWS/N3135

Develop and implement personalised nutrition and lifestyle Programme for physically active clients

Unit Code	BWS/N3135		
Unit Title(Task)	Develop and implement personalised nutrition and lifestyle programme for		
Office (rask)	physically active clients		
Description	Develop and implement personalised nutrition and lifestyle programme for physically		
	active clients keeping in all relevant context along with its proper documentation		
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:-		
	Evaluation of diet and physical activity / exercise		
	Estimation of nutrient requirements		
	Comparison of Current nutrient intake with recommended intake		
	Nutrition diagnosis		
	Documentation of nutrition diagnosis		
	Nutrition intervention- planning		
	Nutrition intervention – implementation		
	• Documentation		

Performance Criteria(PC) w.r.t. the Scope

Element	Performance Criteria
Evaluation of diet	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:-
and physical activity /	PC1. estimate the energy, macro nutrient and relevant micro-nutrient intakes from food intake collected during comprehensive nutritional assessment, using food
exercise	composition tables
	PC2. evaluate physical activity / Exercise Levels
Estimation of	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:-
nutrient	PC3. estimate nutrient and fluid needs based on age, sex, medical condition, activity level, current nutritional state, medications, and goals of nutrition
requirements	therapy
	PC4. use predictive equation for energy needs based on age, height, weight and
	activity level / determine energy needs from bmr values obtained by bca taking
	into account activity level
	PC5. determine protein requirement
	PC6. determine the split of energy from other macro-nutrients
	PC7. determine any specific micro-nutrient consideration
Comparison of	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:-
Current nutrient	PC8. compare the current nutrient intake with estimated requirements for age, sex, activity level and/ or health status
intake with	
recommended intake	







Blockwitt and all and a state	To be a ground and the ground individual and the sigh ground has able to a
Nutrition diagnosis	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:-
	PC9. identify and describe an actual occurrence of, risk of or potential for developing
	a nutrition problem that can be resolved or improved through nutrition
	intervention
	PC10. derive the nutrition diagnosis from the assessment data:-
	• identify and label the problem
	determine etiology (cause, contributing risk factors)
	 cluster signs and symptoms (defining characteristics)
	PC11. use clinical judgment (e.g., selects from a range of possibilities with
	consideration to health, fitness, exercise, task-specific physical performance,
	medical condition) when ranking activity diagnoses in order of importance and
	urgency for the client
	PC12. use clinical judgment and experience that reflects the significant differences
	between active individuals (e.g., beginner, competitive, or elite), others (e.g., ,
	military service member, air hostess) and/or clinical conditions (e.g., newly
	diagnosed type 1diabetes, uncontrolled type 1 diabetes, extreme environmental
	conditions, clinical complications) when ranking activity diagnoses in order of
	importance and urgency for the patient/client
Documentation of	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:-
Documentation of	PC13. document the nutrition diagnosis in the pes format : problem (p), etiology (e),
nutrition diagnosis	and signs and symptoms (s)
	PC14. re-evaluate and revise nutrition diagnowhen additional assessment data
	become available
Nutrition	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:-
Nutrition	PC15. identify appropriate, purposefully planned actions designed with the intent of
intervention-	changing a nutrition-related behaviour, risk factor, environmental condition, or
nlanning	aspect of health status for a client with the goal to promote health and increase
planning	
	the capacity to exercise, train, improve recovery, promote training adaptation, and enhance exercise, and physical performance
	PC16. prioritizing the nutrition diagnoses based on the severity of the problem, safety,
	client needs, likelihood that nutrition intervention/plan of care will influence
	problem, and client perception of importance. prioritization consideration may
	include:-
	• immediacy of the problem
	• client's available resources and support
	 readiness of patient/client to receive selected nutrition interventions
	 presence of medical conditions (e.g., diabetes, dyslipidaemia, depression,
	eating disorders, low bone mass, anaemia)
	• timing of the problem relative to training /competition plan, or duty schedule
	PC17. determining client-centered plan, goals, and expected outcomes in observable
	and measurable terms
	PC18. setting smart (specific, measurable, achievable, realistic and time bound) short
	term and long term goals in collaboration with client and other members of
	health care team
	PC19. selecting appropriate intervention considerations for the intervention plan may
	include:-
	 intervention to address current issues (e.g., fatigue, dehydration, muscle







	gramme for physically active clients
PC20. d acce tr	cramping, inadequate recovery, exercise, task-specific physical performance improvement, diarrhoea and other gastrointestinal issues; illness; injury; disordered eating; dietary and sports/dietary supplement use; or other clinical issues) identification of barriers to successful implementation (e.g., client compliance, food availability and preparation issues, financial issues, regulations of sport governing bodies and associations, organization policies, situations in occupational settings, influence of team -athlete-coach-family dynamics) address issues related to off-season/transition weight change, detraining, and scheduled and unscheduled breaks in training, such as holiday, and extended travel evelop the nutrition prescription based on scientific evidence, best practices, and professional experience considering the educational needs of the client, constraints such as time (e.g., exercise training, competition, recovery, raveling), finances, ability to store and prepare food efine time and frequency of care including intensity, duration, and follow-up
	competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:-
intervention PC22. in	nitiate and individualize the nutrition intervention/plan of care nplement, initiate or modify orders for diet, nutrition supplements, dietary
	upplements or individual preferences, nutrition-related laboratory tests and
PC24. a o n ir PC25. u fa PC26. fc PC27. c p PC28. a O PC29. u	dedications, and nutrition education consistent with organization policy dvise the use of dietary supplements, to ts and functional foods (e.g., portion or dosage adjustments based on energy needs or laboratory results, addition of ew dietary supplements, sports foods functional foods or modifications forfluid lake) consistent with organization policy see appropriate goal setting and behaviour change strategies and techniques to accilitate self-management and care follow up and verify that nutrition intervention/plan of care is occurring formmunicate with the interdisciplinary or multidisciplinary team to verify rogress and adjust strategies djust nutrition intervention/plan of care strategies, if needed, as response ccurs see a variety of educational approaches, tools, and materials as appropriate
PC31. a	dapt nutrition educational tools to individualized learning styles and method of ommunication and to the culture of the organization djust nutrition intervention (e.g., energy balance, macro- and micronutrient eeds, hydrations guidelines) according to training/competition plan
PC32. m	competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:- naintain clear and concise records, in accordance with the organization's policy date and time of consultation specific treatment goals and expected outcomes recommended interventions adjustments to the plan and justification client receptivity and comprehension barriers to change other information relevant to providing care and monitoring progress over
•	client receptivity and comprehension barriers to change







Programme for physically active clients			
	plans for follow-up and frequency of care		
	rationale for discontinuation or referral if applicable		
	timely update the records maintain attributes and other reports required of the agreement in		
	maintain statistics and other reports required of the organization		
Knowledge and Unders	tanding (K)		
A. Organizational	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:-		
Context	KA1. organization's standards of performance and sequence of services		
	KA2. range of services and products offered by the organization		
(Knowledge of the	KA3. health and safety requirements in the organization		
organization and			
its processes)			
B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:-		
Maria India	KB1. structure, biochemical and metabolic functions of nutrients and other dietary		
Knowledge	constituents		
	KB2. physiological and biochemical basis for nutrient requirements		
	KB3. chemical structure and biochemical and metabolic functions of essential and		
	nonessential nutrients		
	KB4. absorption and transport of nutrients		
	KB5. integration, coordination, and regulation of macro-and micro nutrient		
	metabolism		
	KB6. regulation of nutrient metabolism and nutritional needs by hormones and		
	growth factors		
	KB7. cellular basis of chronic diseases and degeneration		
	KB8. dietary bioactive components (functional foods); non-traditional roles of		
	nutrients		
	KB9. food, diets and supplements		
	KB10. food sources of nutrients and factors affecting nutrient bioavailability		
	KB10. effects of food processing and handling on nutrient content and bioavailabit		
	from farm till fork		
	KB12. factors related to nutritional toxicology including upper limits of intake;		
	nutrient-nutrient and drug-nutrient interactions		
	KB13. methods of diet evaluation as well as methods of in depth nutrient analysis		
	KB14. role of nutrient supplements including risk/benefit ratios; life stage issues;		
	component bioavailability		
	l '		
	KB15. gastric emptying, digestion, and absorption KB16. anatomy of the gastrointestinal tract,		
	digestion, absorption, transport and metabolism, function of bacteria in the		
	colon, regulation of gastric emptying, gastrointestinal problems during and		
	after exercise		
	KB17. nutrient requirement and reference intakes through the life stages, factors		
	affecting individual's requirements: bioavailability, absorption, transport,		
	metabolism and excretion, impact of genetics and disease		
	KB18. nutritional considerations for different age groups, physiological status		
	KB19. use of food composition tables, dietary guides and nutritional databases and		
	food guides to identify food options, which meet nutrition needs		







RWS/N3135 Develop and implement personalised nutrition and lifestyle

BWS/N3135 Develop and implement personalised nutrition and lifestyle			
	Prog	ramme for physically active clients	
	KB20.	nutrition and disease	
	KB21.	biochemical and physiological principles of nutrients as they pertain to clinical	
		nutrition	
	KB22.	impact of disease and genetics on nutrient function and requirements	
		interactions of etiologies of chronic diseases with nutrition and exercise	
		genetic basis of inherited metabolic diseases	
		nutritional considerations in various health conditions	
		energetic efficiency, measuring the energy content of food ,measuring energy	
	11,520.	expenditure, components of energy expenditure ,energy balance	
	KB27	exercise physiology	
		physiologic responses and adaptations of the various body systems and	
	KDZO.	structures to acute and chronic physical activity and to environmental stress,	
		cellular mechanisms that underlie these responses ,metabolic and	
	KD20	environmental aspects of exercise	
	KB29.	exercise performance: energy expenditure during physical activity,	
	VD20	carbohydrate	
	KB30.	metabolism and performance, fat metabolism and performance, effect of	
	KD24	exercise on protein requirements, physique and sports performance	
	KB31.	functional neuro anatomy and neurology. neuron cytology, central nervous	
		system development and organization, motor structures, pathways, and	
	7.73	control of movement	
		biomechanical dimensions	
	KB33.	mechanical, neuromuscular, and anatomical bases of human movement	
		quantitative and qualitative biomechanical analyses of multi segment motion	
	\ ^C 47C	from the perspective of joint and muscle mechanics, kinematics, and kinetics.	
		fuel sources for muscle and exercise metabolism	
	KB35.	subcellular skeletal muscle structure, force generation in skeletal muscle,	
		fibre types	
	KB36.	energy for muscle force generation ,fuel stores in skeletal muscle, regulation	
	7.2	of energy	
	KB37.	metabolism, metabolic responses to exercise, metabolic adaptations to	
		exercise training	
	KB38.	historical approaches to exercise and nutrition, role of macronutrients in sport	
		nutrition	
	KB39.	carbohydrate; role of carbohydrate in exercise, carbohydrate intake days	
		before competition, carbohydrate intake hours before exercise, carbohydrate	
		intake 30 to 60 minutes before exercise, carbohydrate during exercise,	
		carbohydrate after exercise	
	KB40.	fat metabolism during exercise, limits to fat oxidation, fat as a fuel during	
		exercise, regulation of carbohydrate and fat metabolism, fat supplementation	
		and exercise, ,effect of diet on fat metabolism and performance	
	KB41.	protein and amino acids; ,protein requirements for exercise, training and	
		protein metabolism, effect of protein intake on protein synthesis, amino acids	
		as ergogenic aids , protein intake and health risks	
	KB42.	water requirements and fluid balance ;thermoregulation and exercise in the	
		heat ,effects of dehydration on exercise performance ,mechanisms of heat	
		illness, effects of fluid intake on exercise performance, daily water balance,	







BWS/N3135	Develop and	d implement personalised nutrition and lifestyle
	Prog	ramme for physically active clients
		fluid requirements for athletes
	KB43.	vitamins and minerals; exercise and micronutrient requirements, ergogenic
		effect of micronutrient
	KB44.	nutritional requirement and menu planning for different exercises, sports and
		athletes
	KB45.	supplementation, recommendations for micronutrient intake in athletes
		nutrition supplements and ergogenic aids
	KB47.	non regulation of nutrition supplements, critical evaluation of nutrition
		supplements studies
		nutrition recommendation in different environments
	KB49.	facts vs fads in labelling claims and advertisements
		wada- list of supplements banned for athletes
	KB51.	dietary development for weight management, body composition changes and
		performance
	KB52.	body weight and composition in different sports ,genetics, energy and
	-5.2	macronutrient intake, regulation of appetite, effect of exercise on appetite,
		physical activity and energy expenditure, dietary weight-loss methods,
	4	exercise for weight loss, decreased resting metabolic rate with weight loss
	70-	,weight cycling
		gender differences in weight loss, practicalities of weight loss for athletes
	W -0	ability to design dietary plans for meeting the needs of physically active
	1	individuals based on knowledge of for composition, nutrient requirements
	1	of individuals in various environments and stages of the life cycle, exploring
	· 550	use of transitional, alternative and functional foods, recipes and menu plans
	1626	to increase compliance, ability to adapt normal and therapeutic diets to the
	KDEE	individual's activity levels, cultural, religious, economic needs and preferences
	- 1	nutrition and training adaptations
	KB56.	training adaptations, signal transduction pathways, starting a signalling
	KDE7	cascade
		secondary signals, nutrition effects on training adaptations, overtraining
	ND36.	eating disorders in athletes:-types of eating disorders, prevalence of eating disorders in athletes, risk
	3	factors, effects of eating disorders on sports performance, effects of eating
		disorders on the athlete's health ,treatment and prevention of eating
		disorders
	KB59.	nutrition and immune function in athletes
	KB33.	• functions of the immune system and its cellular components ,general
		mechanism of the immune response, effects of exercise on the immune
		system, nutritional manipulations to decrease immune depression in
		athletes , mechanisms of nutritional influences on immune function in
		athletes
	KB60.	physical activity for special cases
		exercise responses, testing and prescription, and adaptation to chronic
		physical activity in special cases
	KB62.	nutritional counselling and education
		facilitate behaviour change and negotiate dietary and lifestyle changes with

individuals, enabling them to achieve agreed dietary and medical targets even







	where the management is a simple control of a	
	where there are significant psychological, social or cultural hurdles to	
	overcome KB64 use of appropriate educational strategies, communication, and models of	
	KB64. use of appropriate educational strategies, communication, and models of empowerment, behaviour change and health promotion	
	KB65. effective communication skills	
Skills (S)	RD03. Effective communication skins	
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills	
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SA1. document call logs, reports, task lists, and schedules with co-workers	
	SA2. prepare status and progress reports	
	SA3. record customers' discussions in the call logs	
	SA4. write memos and e-mail to customers, co-workers, and vendors to provide	
	them with work updates and to request appropriate information without	
	English language errors regarding grammar or sentence construct	
	Reading Skills	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SA5. read about new products and services with reference to the organization and	
	also from external forums such as websites and blogs	
	SA6. keep abreast with the latest knowledge by reading brochures, pamphlets, and	
	product information sheets	
	SA7. read comments, suggestions, and responses to Frequently Asked Questions	
	(FAQs) posted on the helpdesk portal	
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SA8. discuss task lists, schedules, and work-loads with co-workers	
	SA9. question customers appropriately in order to understand the nature of the	
	problem and make a diagnosis	
	SA10. give clear instructions to customers	
	SA11. keep customers informed about progress	
	SA12. avoid using jargon, slang or acronyms when communicating with a customer,	
	unless it is required	
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SB1. make decisions pertaining to the concerned area of work	
	Plan and Organize	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:	
	SB2. plan and organize service feedback files/documents	
	Customer Centricity	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SB3. manage relationships with customers who may be stressed, frustrated,	
	confused, or angry	







SB4. build customer relationships and use customer centric approach

Problem Solving

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

- SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s)
- SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own
- SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays

Analytical Thinking

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

- SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points
- SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time
- SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business

Critical Thinking

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

SB11. apply, analyze, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,

experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action





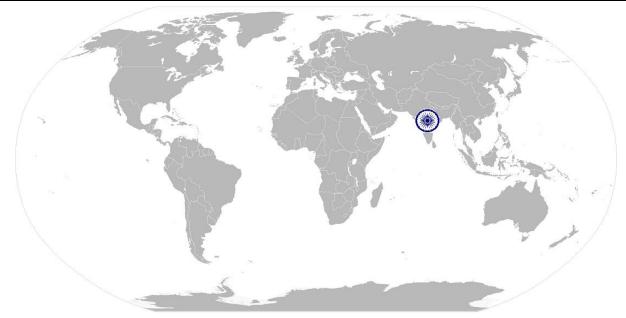




Develop and implement personalised nutrition and lifestyle Programme for physically active clients

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	BWS/N3135		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Beauty & Wellness	Drafted on	01/08/2015
Industry Sub-sector	Fitness & Slimming	Last reviewed on	10/02/2016
Occupation	Fitness Services	Next review date	10/02/2019



Back to Top

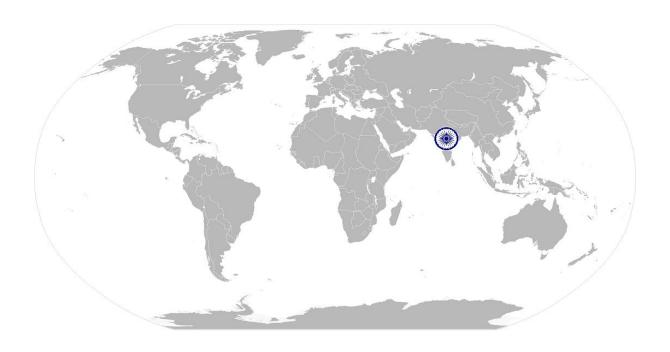






Motivate the clients

National Occupational Standards



Overview

This unit is about applying various motivational techniques to ensure that clients adhere to their goals and do not discontinue the same.







Motivate the clients

Unit Code	BWS/N3005
Unit Title (Task)	Motivate the clients
Description	Applying various motivational techniques to ensure that clients adhere to their fitness goals. If required even modify plan to bring it in line with client preference to meet the desired result
Scope	This unit/task covers the following: • Motivate the clients
Performance Criteria	PC) w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
Motivate the clients	PC1. observe the clients' exercise pattern and his/ her attitude towards exercise to determine the level of readiness towards following the plan PC2. identify and articulate the client's needs and preferences for a fitness programme PC3. communicate in detail the benefits to be reaped by client through this programme PC4. identify various options of incentives and rewards available for the clients to follow their exercise plan PC5. ensure on a regular basis that the programme is in line with the client's liking and preferences as well as giving results to the client; modify the plan, in case, client is not getting the desired results PC6. identity perceived barriers to clients for following the exercise plan and discuss the way forward with clients to reduce these PC7. in collaboration with clients, devise a long term strategy to adhere to exercise plan; collaborate to develop mutual trust, openness and a willingness to take responsibility for their own fitness and related lifestyle changes PC8. support the clients to develop their own motivational strategies for adhering to the exercise plan PC9. use influencing skills and personal attitudes to positively influence clients for adhering to the plan PC10. apply a variety of motivational techniques when training the clients PC11. deploy effective verbal and nonverbal communication skills when instructing clients PC12. take care of the client by monitoring his/ her performance regularly and provide feedback on a regular basis PC13. identify on-going barriers to continuation of long term exercise and provide tips/ recommendations as and when required
Knowledge and Unde	rstanding (K)
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. the organization's standards of performance and sequence of services KA2. the range of services and products offered by the organization KA3. the product and service costs for the services and products offered in the







BWS/N3005	Motivate the clients
organization and	organization
its processes)	KA4. the health and safety requirements in the organization
its processes;	
B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
	KB1. various types of behaviour change approaches / coaching styles/ theories/
Knowledge	models like health belief model, trans-theoretical model, motivational change
	model, social cognitive model, etc. to encourage adherence to
	exercise/physical activity
	KB2. the typical barriers to exercise that clients talk about like time, energy,
	motivation, cost, illness or injury, fears related to injuries etc. and ways to
	address them
	KB3. various options available in terms of incentives and rewards to motivate the
	clients
	KB4. the types of exercise preferences that different clients may have
	KB5. techniques to interpret the body language, non-verbal cues and other
	gestures of the client
	KB6. various anatomical and physiological aspects of human body and the impact
	of exercise plan of them KB7. personal, environmental and cognitive factors and their potential effect on
	exercise adherence
	KB8. types of motivation, theory of achievement motivation and specific
	techniques to enhance motivation
	KB9. role of intrinsic and extrinsic motivation in exercise behaviour
	KB10. signs and symptoms of conditions/ areas when client needs to be referred to
	another professional
21.111. (2)	KB11. arousal and anxiety theory, and its relationship to exercise
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills
Generic Skills	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA1. document call logs, reports, task lists, and schedules with co-workers
	SA2. prepare status and progress reports
	SA3. record customers' discussions in the call logs
	SA4. write memos and e-mail to customers, co-workers, and vendors to provide
	them with work updates and to request appropriate information without
	English language errors regarding grammar or sentence construct
	Reading Skills
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA5. read about new products and services with reference to the organization and
	also from external forums such as websites and blogs
	SA6. keep abreast with the latest knowledge by reading brochures, pamphlets, and
	product information sheets
	SA7. read comments, suggestions, and responses to Frequently Asked Questions
	(FAQs) posted on the helpdesk portal







BWS/N3005	Motivate the clients					
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)					
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA8. discuss task lists, schedules, and work-loads with co-workers SA9. question customers appropriately in order to understand the nature of the problem and make a diagnosis SA10. give clear instructions to customers SA11. keep customers informed about progress SA12. avoid using jargon, slang or acronyms when communicating with a customer, unless it is required					
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making					
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. make decisions pertaining to the concerned area of work					
	Plan and Organize					
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB2. plan and organize service feedback files/documents					
	Customer Centricity					
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB3. manage relationships with customers the may be stressed, frustrated, confused, or angry SB4. build customer relationships and use customer centric approach					
	Problem Solving					
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum / best possible solution(s) SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays					
	Analytical Thinking					
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business Critical Thinking					
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB11. apply, analyze, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action					



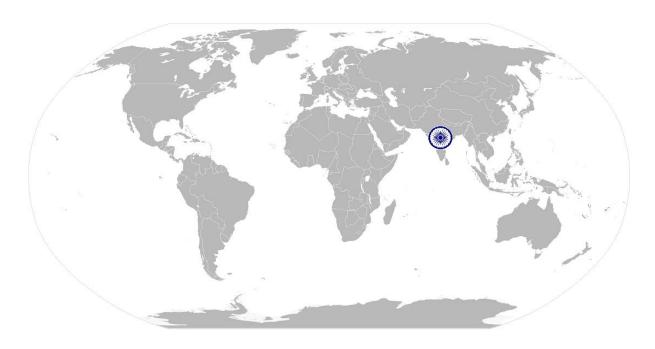




Motivate the clients

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	BWS/N3005			
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0	
Industry	Beauty & Wellness	Drafted on	01/08/2015	
Industry Sub-sector	Slimming & Fitness	Last reviewed on	10/02/2016	
Occupation	Fitness Services	Next review date	10/02/2019	



Back to Top

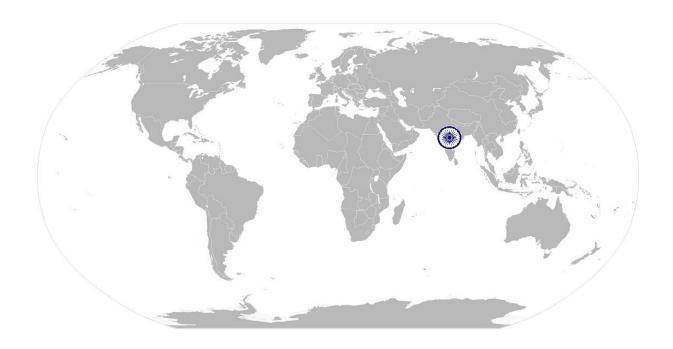






BWS/N9002 Maintain health and safety at the workplace

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This OS unit is about maintaining a safe and hygienic environment at the workplace



National Occupational Standards



BWS/N9002

Maintain health and safety at the workplace







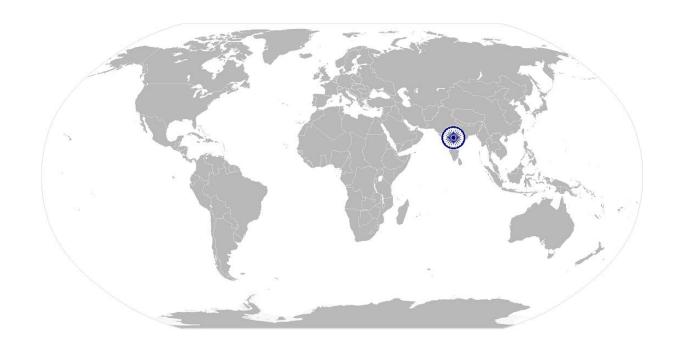
BWS/N9002	Maintain health and safety at the workplace					
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills					
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. document call logs, reports, task lists, and schedules with co-workers SA2. prepare status and progress reports SA3. record customers' discussions in the call logs SA4. write memos and e-mail to customers, co-workers, and vendors to provide them with work updates and to request appropriate information without English language errors regarding grammar or sentence construct					
	Reading Skills					
	 The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA5. read about new products and services with reference to the organization and also from external forums such as websites and blogs SA6. keep abreast with the latest knowledge by reading brochures, pamphlets, and product information sheets SA7. read comments, suggestions, and responses to Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) posted on the helpdesk portal 					
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)					
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA8. discuss task lists, schedules, and work-loads with co-workers SA9. question customers appropriately in order to understand the nature of the problem and make a diagnosis SA10. give clear instructions to customers SA11. keep customers informed about progress SA12. avoid using jargon, slang or acronyms when communicating with a customer, unless it is required					
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making					
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. make decisions pertaining to the concerned area of work					
	Plan and Organize					
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB2. plan and organize service feedback files/documents					
	Customer Centricity					
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB3. manage relationships with customers who may be stressed, frustrated, confused, or angry SB4. build customer relationships and use customer centric approach					
	Problem Solving					
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s) SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own					







BWS/N9002	Maintain health and safety at the workplace
	SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays
	Analytical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points
	SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time
	SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business
	Critical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB11. apply, analyze, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,
	experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action



NOS Version Control

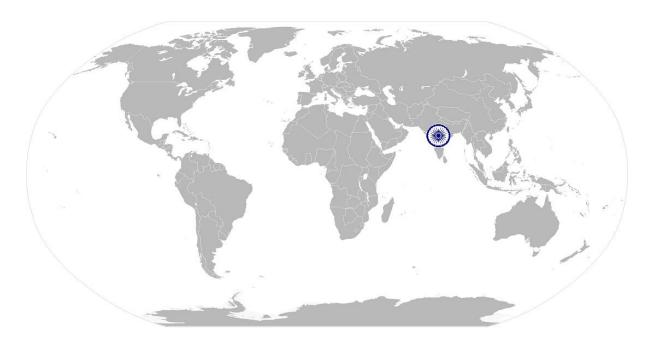






Maintain health and safety at the workplace

NOS Code	BWS/N9002					
Credits (NSQF)	TBD Version number 1.0					
Industry	Beauty & Wellness	Drafted on	01/08/2015			
Industry Sub-sector	Slimming & Fitness	Last reviewed on	10/02/2016			
Occupation	Fitness Services	Next review date	10/02/2019			



Back to Top

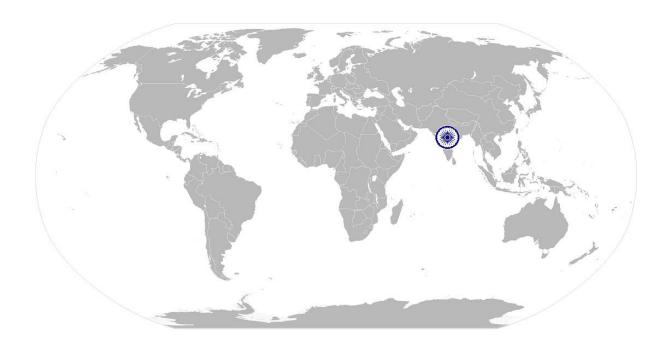






Create a positive impression at the workplace

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This OS unit is about personal grooming and behaviour expected at the workplace.





Create a positive impression at the workplace

Unit Code	BWS/N9003
Unit Title (Task)	Create a positive impression at the workplace
Description	Personal grooming and behaviour to execute tasks as per the organization's standards and create a positive impression at the workplace
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:
	Appearance and BehaviorTask execution as per organization's standards
	Communication and Information record
Performance Criteria(P	
Element	Performance Criteria
Appearance and	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:
Behavior	PC1. maintain good health and personal hygiene
	PC2. comply with organisation's standards of grooming and personal behavior
	PC3. meet the organisation's standards of courtesy, behavior and efficiency PC4. stay free from intoxicants while on duty
	PC5. wear and carry organisation's uniform and accessories correctly and smartly
Task execution as per	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:
•	PC6. take appropriate and approved action line with instructions and guidelines
organization's	PC7. record details related to tasks, as per procedure
standards	PC8. participate in workplace activities as a part of the larger team
	PC9. report to supervisor immediately in case there are any work issues
	PC10. use appropriate language, tone and gestures while interacting with clients
Communication and	from different cultural and religious backgrounds, age, disabilities and gender
Communication and	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC11. communicate procedure related information to clients based on the sector's
Information record	code of practices and organisation's procedures/ guidelines
	PC12. communicate role related information to stakeholders in a polite manner and
	resolve queries, if any
	PC13. assist and guide clients to services or products based on their needs
	PC14. report and record instances of aggressive/ unruly behavior and seek
	assistance
	PC15. use communication equipment (phone, email etc.) as mandated by your
	organization PC16. carry out routine documentation legibly and accurately in the desired format
	PC17. file routine reports and feedback
	PC18. maintain confidentiality of information, as required, in the role
Knowledge and Unders	
A. Organizational	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
Context	KA1. importance of personal health and hygiene
	KA2. organization's standards of grooming and personal behavior
(Knowledge of the	KA3. organization's standards related to courtesy, behavior and efficiency
organization and	KA4. ill-effects of intoxicants and potential actions at workplace
	KA5. items of uniform & accessories and correct method of wearing/ carrying them KA6. reporting/ recording formats and protocol for documentation
J T a g C	KAO. TEPOTHING/TECOTHING TOTTINGS AND PROLOCOLITOR DOCUMENTATION







BWS/N9003	Create a positive impression at the workplace						
its processes)	KA7. kinds of work issues that may arise and reporting structure						
	KA8. code of practices and guidelines relating to communication with people						
	KA9. organization's requirements for recording and retaining information						
B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:						
Knowledge	KB1. ability to speak, read and write in the local vernacular language and english						
	KB2. appropriate verbal and non-verbal cues while dealing with clients from						
	different cultural, religious backgrounds, age, disabilities and gender KB3. different formats on which information is to be recorded						
	KB4. importance to maintain security and confidentiality of information						
	KB5. kinds of communication equipment (email, phone etc.) available and their						
	effective use						
	KB6. selling/influencing techniques to provide additional services/ products to						
	clients						
Skills (S)							
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills						
Generic Skills	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:						
	SA1. document call logs, reports, task lists, and schedules with co-workers						
	SA2. prepare status and progress reports						
	SA3. record customers' discussions in the call logs						
	SA4. write memos and e-mail to customers, co-workers, and vendors to provide						
	them with work updates and to request appropriate information without						
	English language errors regarding grammar or sentence construct						
	Reading Skills						
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:						
	SA5. read about new products and services with reference to the organization and						
	also from external forums such as websites and blogs						
	SA6. keep abreast with the latest knowledge by reading brochures, pamphlets, and						
	product information sheets						
	SA7. read comments, suggestions, and responses to Frequently Asked Questions						
	(FAQs) posted on the helpdesk portal Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)						
	Oral communication (Listering and Speaking skins)						
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:						
	SA8. discuss task lists, schedules, and work-loads with co-workers						
	SA9. question customers appropriately in order to understand the nature of the						
	problem and make a diagnosis						
	SA10. give clear instructions to customers						
	SA11. keep customers informed about progress						
	SA12. avoid using jargon, slang or acronyms when communicating with a customer,						
	unless it is required						
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making						
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:						
	SB1. make decisions pertaining to the concerned area of work						
	Plan and Organize						







BWS/N9003	Create a positive impression at the workplace
BW2/N9003	Create a positive impression at the workpi

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB2. plan and organize service feedback files/documents

Customer Centricity

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

- SB3. manage relationships with customers who may be stressed, frustrated, confused, or angry
- SB4. build customer relationships and use customer centric approach

Problem Solving

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

- SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s)
- SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own
- SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays

Analytical Thinking

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

- SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points
- SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time
- SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business

Critical Thinking

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

SB11. apply, analyze, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action



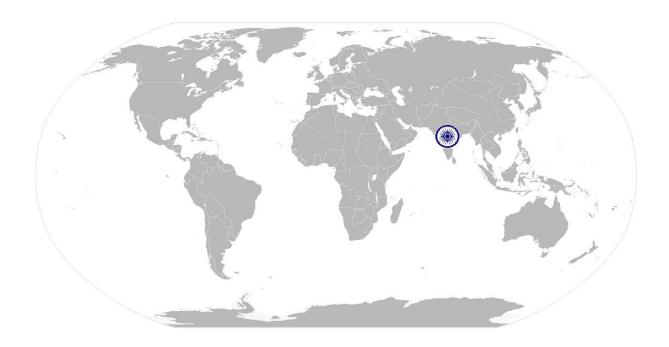




Create a positive impression at the workplace

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	BWS/N9003			
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0	
Industry	Beauty & Wellness	Drafted on	01/08/2015	
Industry Sub-sector	Fitness & Slimming	Last reviewed on	10/02/2016	
Occupation	Fitness Services	Next review date	10/02/2019	



Back to Top

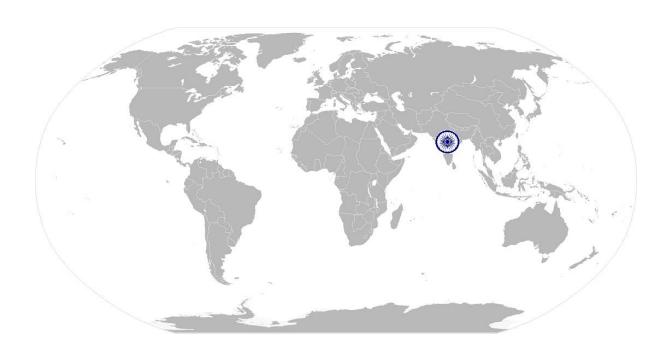






Plan and conduct session for improving Athletic performance of client

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This OS unit is about planning & conducting session that would result in client's improved athletic performance







BWS/	N3021	Plan a	nd conduct	session	for	improving	Athletic	performai	nce of clie	ent

Unit Code	BWS/N3021		
	· ·		
Unit Title (Task)	Plan and conduct session for improving athletic performance of the client		
Description	Ensuring to improve athletic performance of the client which usually means improving athletes' speed, strength and power (although specifics vary according to athlete and sport).		
Scope	This unit/task covers the following: • improve athletic performance		
Performance Criteria(P	C) w.r.t. the Scope		
Element	Performance Criteria		
Improve athletic performance	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. study in depth and apply various principles of human anatomy, control of skeletal muscles by nervous system and various muscle groups with their motion patterns and motion ranges PC2. coach athlete to increase speed • during the off-season, athletes should perform speed training on tuesdays and thursdays and lift on mondays, wednesdays, and fridays. speed technique workouts should also be performed twice per week during the inseason • athletes should be tested for speed twice per month on either a 40-yard (37-meter) or a 20-yard (18-meter) sprint • record the times so that the progress can be tracked • video analysis is a great way to learn precisely what needs work, it heightens the athlete's awareness of proper sprinting technique • athletes should have about 30 seconds of rest between sprints so that they are breathing easily before their next sprint • perform flexibility training six times per week to improve speed, one must stretch correctly • perform plyometric twice per week, minimum • perform parallel squat • perform the straight-leg deadlift to strengthen and stretch the gluteus and hamstrings at the same time PC3. coach athlete to increase strength • start the workouts with barbell exercises • the squat, deadlift, bench press, and shoulder press are the best strength-building exercises, they can be assistance lifts to complement the bench and shoulder press, keeping athlete's pulling muscles in balance with the pressing ones. • focus on raising and lowering the weights in a controlled manner, pausing for a one-second count at the top of the lift, using an arbitrary tempo can lessen tension on muscles or force to use varying amounts of weight, slowing the progress, the only way to be sure that one is getting stronger is if the loads consistently increase. • write down the exercises, sets, reps, and the fate of each workout. Keep		







BWS/N3021 Plan and conduct session for improving Athletic performance of client

- track of the best lifts and the most reps done with a certain weight on an exercise. constantly strive to improve those numbers
- try to stick to three or four lifts per workout. Keeping your workouts short helps you take advantage of hormonal surges. When too many exercises are done in a session, at least some of them get done half. All that is needed is one main lift per workout (one of the big four), one or two assistance lifts (for keeping the body in balance and further strengthening the muscles that perform the main lift), and then core or specialty work at the end (ab exercises or some forearm or calf moves, depending on your goals). Doing any more lessens your results.
- the athlete should rotate many different rep ranges in the workouts, but sets of five seem to offer the best blend of muscle size and strength gains
- the main reason athlete's plateau and stop gaining strength is that they go
 too heavy for too long, one should do main lifts using 10% less than the
 most weight one can lift for the given rep range. Increase the weight each
 session but by no more than 10 pounds
- cardio is a must if one wants to be lean and healthy, but long-distance running or cycling increases levels of hormones that break down the muscle tissues, to get stronger while getting leaner, one must do cardio in short, intense bursts & go to a moderately steep hill and sprint to the top, then walk back down.
- PC4. the two of the most important factors that combine to create an athlete's endurance profile are:-
 - vo2 max, or the maximum rate at which an athlete's body can consume oxygen during exercise, is the most popular measurement of aerobic capacity
 - lactate threshold, or the level of exertion at which lactate accumulates in the muscles. to improve lactate threshold—and therefore the ability to workout harder for longer periods of time
- PC5. coach athlete to increase stamina
 - rest up-to go long and hard, athletes need fresh muscles
 - eat right-when it comes to exercise nutrition, carbs is the key, since the
 body uses glycogen for fuel, once glycogen runs out, the body turns to
 energy from other sources, and begins to burn fat. For extended cardio
 sessions, one should consume 30-60 grams of carbs every hour, depending
 on body weight. studies have also found a mix of carbs and protein can
 enhance endurance performance and reduce muscle damage
 - hiit- high intensity interval training—aka quick bouts of intense exercise—
 can help improve endurance in conjunction with traditional training.
 Running for some stairs or trying a track workout for some speed. one
 should not ignore to get plenty of recovery after these workouts as they're
 very intense
 - add some strength-when it comes to endurance training, variation is important. Resistance training can strengthen the bones, ligaments,





BWS/N3021 Plan and conduct session for improving Athletic performance of client

- tendons, and muscles—helping improve overall fitness and helping with that final sprint to the finish. mix up aerobic exercise with kettle bells, dumbbell, and bodyweight exercises to help improve stamina
- turn on the tunes- listening to music has been shown to boost endurance performance while walking and because of this the mind-body connection is especially strong among endurance athletes
- work on what's weak- people often find their fitness niche and stick to it, instead, athletes should mix it up in order to build endurance
- drink beet juice- one study found nitrate-rich beets may help increase stamina up to 16 percent by reducing oxygen intake in athletes
- train smart- using the gradual adaption principle—that is, slowly and steadily increasing mileage and speed—is a great way to build endurance, there are ways to do this safely to avoid injury, from running on soft surfaces, to getting enough sleep and drinking tons of water.
- PC6. analyse various principles of group dynamics and group management
- PC7. conduct an exhaustive planning of exercises suitable for groups in a cycling set
- PC8. conduct benchmarking study to identify various interesting options for making the training sessions more engaging
- PC9. identify common reasons for which athletes don't attend the training sessions and design interventions to address these reasons
- PC10. select exercises that will help athletes to achieve goals like muscular fitness, improve lung capacity, boost energy levels and increase metabolism
- PC11. select appropriate equipment's
- PC12. anticipate the potential risks relevant to the programme and identify various mechanisms to minimize the same
- PC13. identify and finalize the fitness objectives to be achieved through the session
- PC14. plan intensity and resistance assessment techniques
- PC15. ensure catering to the requirements of different set of clients i.e. the beginners, experts etc.
- PC16. obtain the information of group members in terms of their fitness profiles, training history, exercise preferences etc. in order to identify the needs and potential of the clients so as to encourage them for the participation in the group session
- PC17. change teaching positions during the session to improve observation and ask questions
- PC18. deploy effective verbal and visual communication while delivering the sessions
- PC19. identify the risks associated and plans accordingly in order to overcome them by describing the correct demonstrations of the body movement and positions and also the expected outcome from it
- PC20. the training sessions to be observed very carefully so that the proper feedback and instructing points can be provided in a timely manner in order to enhance the confidence and motivation of the clients







BWS/N3021 Plan a	and conduct session for improving Athletic performance of client		
	PC21. identify and address the issues/ concerns related to inappropriate behaviours		
	of certain athlete/s		
Knowledge and Unders	standing (K)		
A. Organizational	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
7 ti Organizational	KA1. the organization's standards of performance and sequence of services		
Context	KA2. the range of services and products offered by the organization		
(Knowledge of the	KA3. the product and service costs for the services and products offered in the		
	organization		
organization and	KA4. the health and safety requirements in the organization		
its processes)	, 1		
,			
B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
	KB1. basic bio mechanics of all the sports		
Knowledge	KB2. various exercises and how to break exercise/movements down to their		
	component parts		
	KB3. several equipment's used and its operation		
	KB4. different training methods contraindications		
	KB5. methods of combining movements and sequencing the exercises		
	KB6. various aspects of fitness with respect to the group exercises		
	KB7. various teaching and motivational techniques applied for a group setting		
	KB8. various physical, psychological and social reasons for clients participating in		
	group indoor cycling		
	KB9. various elements of group dynamics		
	KB10. human anatomy and its relevance for planning exercises		
	KB11. physiological responses to physical activity		
	KB12. principles of benchmarking		
	KB13. techniques to collect the required information, including using interviews and		
	questionnaires, making observations and taking physical measurements		
	KB14. teaching methods, appropriate communication skills in order to enhance the		
	client motivation and performances while delivering and instructing the drills		
	KB15. principles of planning and scheduling		
Skills (S)			
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills		
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA1. document call logs, reports, task lists, and schedules with co-workers		
	SA2. prepare status and progress reports		
	SA3. record customers' discussions in the call logs		
	SA4. write memos and e-mail to customers, co-workers, and vendors to provide		
	them with work updates and to request appropriate information without		
	English language errors regarding grammar or sentence construct		
	Reading Skills		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA5. read about new products and services with reference to the organization and		
	also from external forums such as websites and blogs		
	SA6. keep abreast with the latest knowledge by reading brochures, pamphlets, and		
	1		





BWS/N3021 Plan	and conduct session for improving Athletic performance of client			
	product information sheets			
	SA7. read comments, suggestions, and responses to Frequently Asked Questions			
	(FAQs) posted on the helpdesk portal			
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SA8. discuss task lists, schedules, and work-loads with co-workers			
	SA9. question customers appropriately in order to understand the nature of the			
	problem and make a diagnosis			
	SA10. give clear instructions to customers			
	SA11. keep customers informed about progress			
	SA12. avoid using jargon, slang or acronyms when communicating with a customer,			
	unless it is required			
B. Professional Skills Decision Making				
	The user/individual on the job_needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB1. make decisions pertaining to the concerned area of work			
	Plan and Organize			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:			
	SB2. plan and organize service feedback files/documents			
	Customer Centricity			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB3. manage relationships with customers who may be stressed, frustrated,			
	confused, or angry			
	SB4. build customer relationships and use customer centric approach			
	Problem Solving			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an			
	optimum /best possible solution(s)			
	SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on			
	their own			
	SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays			
	Analytical Thinking			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points			
	SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time			
	SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business			
	Critical Thinking			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB11. apply, analyze, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,			
	experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action			



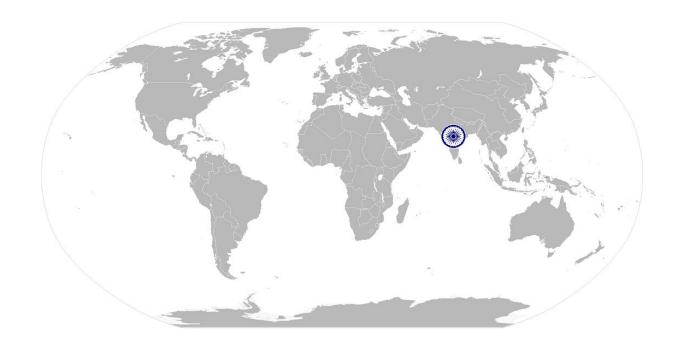




BWS/N3021 Plan and conduct session for improving Athletic performance of client

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	BWS/N3021		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Beauty & Wellness	Drafted on	01/08/2015
Industry Sub-sector	Fitness & Slimming	Last reviewed on	10/02/2016
Occupation	Fitness Services	Next review date	10/02/2019



Back to Top

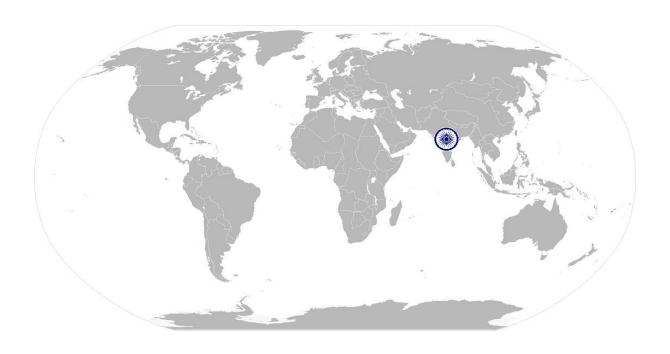






Enable minimization of Athletic Injuries & Conduct Fitness Assessment for Sports related activities of the client

National Occupational Standards



Overview

This unit is about reducing athletic injuries and conducting fitness assessment of the client







BWS/N3022 Enable minimization of Athletic Injuries & Conduct Fitness Assessment for Sports related activities of the client

		Sports related activities of the client			
	Unit Code BWS/N3022				
	Unit Title (Task)	Enable minimization of Athletic Injuries & Conduct Fitness Assessment for Sports related activities of the client			
	Description	Applying various techniques to reduce athletic injuries and conducting fitness assessment for sports related activities			
	Scope	This unit/task covers the following:			
		Reduce Athletic Injuries			
		Conduct fitness assessment for sports related activities			
	Performance Criteria(P	C) w.r.t. the Scope			
	Element	Performance Criteria			
		To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:			
	Injuries	PC1. to reduce athletic injuries , following can be of great help:-			
	,	 take time off plan to have at least 1 day off per week from a particular sport 			
		to allow the body to recover			
		 wear the right gear, players should wear appropriate and properly fitting 			
		protective equipment such as pads (neck, shoulder, elbow, chest, knee, and			
		chin), helmets, mouthpieces, face guards, protective cups, and/or eyewear			
		strengthen muscles, conditioning exercises during practice strengthen muscles			
		used in play			
		 increase flexibility, stretching exercises before and after games or practice can 			
		increase flexibility. Stretching should also be incorporated into a daily fitness			
		plan			
		use the proper technique, this should be reinforced during the playing season take breaks, rest periods during prostice and season reduce injuries and			
		 take breaks, rest periods during practice and games can reduce injuries and 			
		prevent heat illness			
		 play safe, strict rules against headfirst sliding (baseball and softball), and 			
		spearing (football) etc. should be enforced			
		stop the activity if there is pain			
		avoid heat injury by drinking plenty of fluids before, during and after exercise			
		or play, decrease or stop practices or competitions during high heat/humidity			
	0 1 1 5	periods, wear light clothing.			
	Conduct fitness	to be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:			
	assessment for sports	PC2. educating the client about the benefit of fitness assessment			
	related activities	 obtain scientific baseline measurements of your fitness levels 			
		 discover your movement style and how that affects your exercise 			

- discover your movement style and how that affects your exercise programming
- develop a personal awareness of your physical health
- establish attainable goals and maintain accountability to them
- recognize your potential risks of injury
- increase your self-confidence in any workout environment



National Occupational Standards



BWS/N3022

Enable minimization of Athletic Injuries & Conduct Fitness Assessment for Sports related activities of the client

- PC3. fitness tests for specific fitness components, physical fitness is a complex & multifaceted phenomenon composed of:-
 - aerobic power- when developing a series of fitness tests, the SCE should first
 refer to other coaching and sport science information. There they may find
 established tests which are proven for their own sport or at least suitable tests
 designed for similar sports that can be used with or without minor
 modifications. This will obviously greatly reduce the time required to deliver an
 effective series of tests, while providing the coach with reassurance that the
 tests they are using are appropriate.
 - anaerobic power and anaerobic capacity- tests for aerobic fitness must use the same type of exercise as the sport in which the individual participates and should generally last in the region of 8-15 minutes, any shorter and the increased anaerobic energy contribution may make the test less valid.
 - muscular endurance- these tests may assess either dynamic muscular endurance (the capacity to repeat contractions) or static muscular endurance (the capacity to sustain a muscular contraction). To be specific to a sport it is important to ensure that the test uses the appropriate muscle groups, through relevant ranges of movement and at suitable speeds. Often this may not be entirely feasible and therefore standard endurance exercises such as the sit-up and press-up may be used.
 - muscular strength- tests for muscular ength should ensure that the muscles being assessed are appropriate and are used through a relevant range of movement, or in the case of static strength at a specific joint angle. In a laboratory setting, equipment such as dynamometers are often used but selecting and using fitness tests. Such as cricket the test may be conducted over the distance between the wickets. In order to ensure the test is even more specific, the test should be conducted in full clothing and kit.
 - flexibility and joint mobility- field tests for flexibility/joint mobility range from simple "yes / no" assessments of whether the individual can perform a specific task, to the measurement of joint angles and ranges of movement (e.g. sit and reach test). By breaking down a movement into its component parts, the coach will be able to determine which joint movements are essential to performance and need to be assessed. For example, in hurdling good hip mobility and hamstring flexibility are necessary for good technique, whereas in team sports (e.g. football) an appropriate level of flexibility is required to reduce injury risk. When standardizing tests of flexibility/joint mobility the coach must pay close attention to, and note the position of all limbs, not just those being assessed. For example, if measuring hamstring flexibility in one leg the position of the other leg will influence the results. Similarly, if measuring hip flexibility, movement in the back or pelvis may cause the measurement to be overestimated.
 - speed and acceleration tests- in many sports the performers must change direction rapidly. This may be assessed using tests such as star runs, where the performer runs from a central marker to other markers (usually 6-12) situated around the central marker while being timed. Alternatively a zigzag setup can be used to assess dodging/dribbling skills. The coach may wish to incorporate







BWS/N3022 Enable minimization of Athletic Injuries & Conduct Fitness Assessment for Sports related activities of the client

an assessment of turning ability and/or running forwards, backwards and			
	sideways, as deemed applicable to the participants sport (e.g. football, hockey, tennis, etc.)		
Knowledge and Understanding (K)			
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the KA3. the product and service costs for the services and products offered by the organization the job needs to know and understand: KA1. the organization's standards of performance and sequence of services and products offered by the organization KA3. the product and service costs for the services and products offered			
organization and its processes)	organization KA4. the health and safety requirements in the organization		
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. basic bio mechanics of all the sports KB2. various exercises and how to break exercise/movements down to their component parts KB3. several equipment's used and its operation. KB4. different training methods contraindications. KB5. methods of combining movements and sequencing the exercises KB6. various aspects of fitness with respect to the group exercises KB7. various teaching and motivational techniques applied for a group setting KB8. various physical, psychological and social reasons for clients participating in group indoor cycling KB9. various elements of group dynamics KB10. human anatomy and its relevance for planning exercises KB11. physiological responses to physical activity KB12. principles of benchmarking KB13. techniques to collect the required information, including using interviews and questionnaires, making observations and taking physical measurements KB14. teaching methods, appropriate communication skills in order to enhance the client motivation and performances while delivering and instructing the drills. KB15. principles of planning and scheduling		
Skills (S)			
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills		
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. document call logs, reports, task lists, and schedules with co-workers SA2. prepare status and progress reports SA3. record customers' discussions in the call logs SA4. write memos and e-mail to customers, co-workers, and vendors to provide them with work updates and to request appropriate information without English language errors regarding grammar or sentence construct Reading Skills		







BWS/N3022 E	Enable minimization of Athletic Injuries & Conduct Fitness Assessment for Sports related activities of the client		
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA5. read about new products and services with reference to the organization also from external forums such as websites and blogs SA6. keep abreast with the latest knowledge by reading brochures, pamphle product information sheets SA7. read comments, suggestions, and responses to Frequently Asked Quest (FAQs) posted on the helpdesk portal			
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA8. discuss task lists, schedules, and work-loads with co-workers SA9. question customers appropriately in order to understand the nature of the problem and make a diagnosis SA10. give clear instructions to customers SA11. keep customers informed about progress SA12. avoid using jargon, slang or acronyms when communicating with a customer, unless it is required		
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. make decisions pertaining to the concerned area of work		
	Plan and Organize		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB2. plan and organize service feedback files/documents		
	Customer Centricity		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB3. manage relationships with customers who may be stressed, frustrated, confused, or angry SB4. build customer relationships and use customer centric approach		
	Problem Solving		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s) SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on		
	their own		
	SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays Analytical Thinking		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time		
	SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business Critical Thinking		



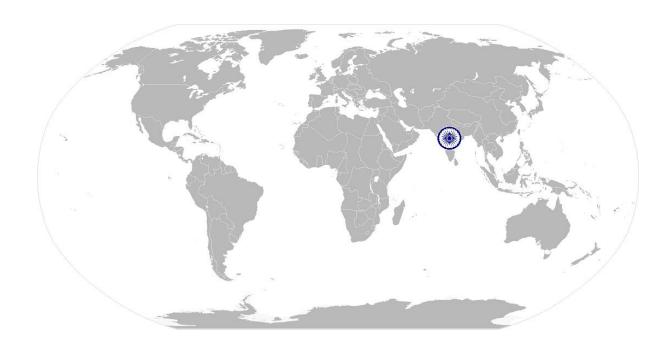




BWS/N3022

Enable minimization of Athletic Injuries & Conduct Fitness Assessment for Sports related activities of the client

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB11. apply, analyze, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,
experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action









BWS/N3022

Enable minimization of Athletic Injuries & Conduct Fitness Assessment for Sports related activities of the client

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	BWS/N3022		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Beauty & Wellness	Drafted on	01/08/2015
Industry Sub-sector	Fitness & Slimming	Last reviewed on	10/02/2016
Occupation	Fitness Services	Next review date	10/02/2019



Back to Top

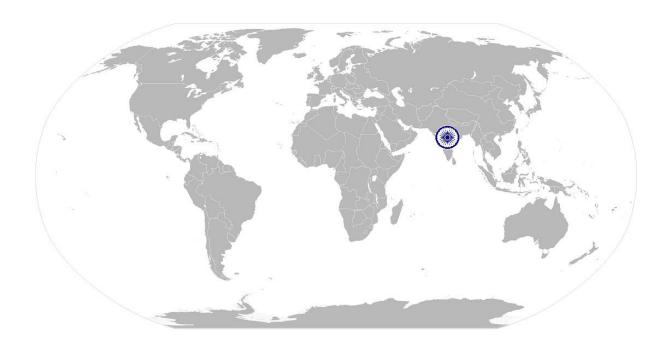




BWS/N3014

Plan and conduct personal training for clients from different Population groups

National Occupational Standards



Overview

This unit is about planning and conducting personal training for clients with different fitness needs







BWS/N3014	Plan and conduct personal training for cl	lients from different Population groups

Unit Code	BWS/N3014		
Unit Title (Task)	Plan and conduct personal training for clients from different population groups		
Description	Planning and conducting personal training for clients from various backgrounds and		
	have different types of needs related to fitness		
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:		
	 Plan and conduct personal training for clients from different population groups 		
Performance Criteria(P	C) w.r.t. the Scope		
Element	Performance Criteria		
Plan and conduct personal training for clients from different population groups	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. deploy the knowledge and understanding of various aspects of human anatomy and physiology while providing fitness related recommendations PC2. understand in detail various human body systems like circulatory system, musculoskeletal system, joints and bones, muscles, respiratory system etc. and impact of fitness programmes on their functioning PC3. identify the potential sources of injury and risks as per the needs and case of the client and keep the same under consideration while devising fitness programme PC4. understand in detail the medical history of the client and ask for a doctor's recommendation before planning for a fitness plan PC5. evaluate the impact of exercise and its intensity on the energy levels of a client and consider the capacity of the client to perform the devised exercises basis his/ her background i.e., pre/ postnatal woman, disabled client etc. PC6. basis the health assessment and detailed understanding of anatomy & physiology of the client's body, plan a range of exercises for client to achieve his/ her goals PC7. as per the client's needs, identify the appropriate training techniques PC8. identify and plan for availability of equipment needed for suitable exercises PC9. display sensitivity and empathy to the special set of clients which are emotionally vulnerable PC10. ensure proper communication and support to the attendants of special category clients (if applicable) PC11. explain in detail the planned exercise schedule to client PC12. communicate the physical demands of the planned exercises to clients PC13. discuss with client on any observed concerns/ changes/ modifications		

required in the plan

fitness equipment to prevent any injuries

hurting himself/ herself or damaging the equipment

PC14. observe the client carrying out the exercises and ensure right usage of the

PC15. develop phase wise detailed activity chart in consultation with the client PC16. provide clear instructions and demonstrations that are technically correct, safe and effective and ensure client is following them accurately without

PC17. plan outcomes and stages of achievement during personal training and





BWS/N3014 Plan a	and conduct personal training for clients from different Population groups			
	agree on a progressive timetable of sessions			
	PC18. discuss the methods of monitoring and evaluation of the performance of the client			
	PC19. ensure that all the exercises are integrated in a single plan and being			
	deployed by the client to achieve his/ her goals; in case, there are any			
	concerns faced by client to perform any of the exercises, provide alternate			
	options			
	PC20. monitor the client's exercises and adherence to the planned schedule as			
	well as analyse the performance of client on a daily basis			
	PC21. progress or regress exercises according to clients' performance			
	PC22. motivate the clients for ensuring adherence to plan; provide any related			
	support to the clients in this regard			
	PC23. communicate the anatomical changes in the body of client due to training programme			
	PC24. identify the signs of strain/ over work outs and recommend the strategies for prevention of the same			
	PC25. adapt the training programme as per the client body's response, lifestyle			
	changes, preferences etc.; discuss and agree of changes with the client			
	PC26. discuss specific issues like cultural or social barriers to exercise and persona			
	training			
	PC27. provide the data to fitness manager in order to improvise/ addition in the			
	existing portfolio of services			
	PC28. obtain regular feedback from the client and analyse effectiveness of the			
	personal training programme basis the feedback and goals achievement			
	PC29. obtain feedback from technical standpoint			
Knowledge and Under	standing (K)			
A. Organizational	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:			
Context	KA1. the organization's standards of performance and sequence of services			
(Knowledge of the	KA2. the organization's standards of performance and sequence of services KA2. the range of services and products offered by the organization			
organization and	KA3. the product and service costs for the services and products offered in the			
its processes)	organization			
its processes;	KA4. the health and safety requirements in the organization			
B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:			
Knowledge	KB1. various aspects of human anatomy and physiology			
ow.eage	KB2. various human body systems and their organization and structure i.e.			
	circulatory system (like blood pressure, blood circulation etc.), respiratory			
	system (like muscles for breathing, breathing patterns, etc.), the skeleton			
	system (like bones, stages of bones growth, postures, spine curves, motion			
	range of spine etc.), the muscular system (like muscle tissues, characteristic			
	of muscle tissues, various motions supported by muscular tissues, muscle			
	contractions etc.), nervous system (like motor unit recruitment,			
	neuromuscular connections, etc.) and energy systems (like usage or burnin			
	of carbohydrates, fats, proteins etc., aerobic and anaerobic exercises etc.)			
	and their relation to exercise.			
	KB3. various types of clients like active, inactive, aware, new etc.			
	KB4. various types of fitness equipment like cardio machines, exercise balls, bars			

steps, weights, abdominal assisters, pin loaded, free weight, hydraulic,







BWS/N3014 Plan a	and conduct personal training for clients from different Population groups		
	electronic and air-braked equipment KB5. various physical demands of different exercises		
	KB6. different types of learning styles		
	KB7. health and safety standards associated with the fitness equipment and		
	exercises		
	KB8. various instructional techniques used in personal training		
	KB9. impact and requirement of warm up and cool down activities		
	KB10. various metrics and techniques to evaluate client's performance and		
	changes in the body		
	KB11. methods for modification of the intensity of exercise according to the client's needs		
	KB12. various cardiovascular approaches like interval, fartlek, continuous etc.		
	KB13. various legal and ethical implications of collecting and storing client information		
	KB14. formats for recording information		
	KB15. techniques to analyse the collected the client's information		
	KB16. various guidelines on personal training programme design		
	KB17. various exercises and activities which will help clients to achieve their goals		
	KB18. the resources required to deliver a personal training programme, like		
	environment for the session, equipment, etc.		
	KB19. range of cardiovascular equipment like bikes, treadmills, elliptical trainers,		
	steppers, rowing machines etc.		
	KB20. range of free weight equipment like bars, dumbbells, collars, barbells,		
	benches etc.		
	KB21. methods of collecting, analysing and recording information		
	KB22. various signs and symptoms of strain/ over workouts		
	KB23. methods which can be used to get structured feedback from clients		
	KB24. sources of information, advice and best practice on how to improve programme components		
	KB25. requirements and risks associated with the special population groups like		
	pre/ postnatal women, disabled individuals etc.		
Skills (S)	p y postilitati nemen, alasansa manasana sia		
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills		
_			
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. document call logs, reports, task lists, and schedules with co-workers		
Generic Skills			
Generic Skills	SA1. document call logs, reports, task lists, and schedules with co-workers		
Generic Skills	SA1. document call logs, reports, task lists, and schedules with co-workers SA2. prepare status and progress reports SA3. record customers' discussions in the call logs SA4. write memos and e-mail to customers, co-workers, and vendors to provide		
Generic Skills	SA1. document call logs, reports, task lists, and schedules with co-workers SA2. prepare status and progress reports SA3. record customers' discussions in the call logs SA4. write memos and e-mail to customers, co-workers, and vendors to provide them with work updates and to request appropriate information without		
Generic Skills	SA1. document call logs, reports, task lists, and schedules with co-workers SA2. prepare status and progress reports SA3. record customers' discussions in the call logs SA4. write memos and e-mail to customers, co-workers, and vendors to provide		
Generic Skills	SA1. document call logs, reports, task lists, and schedules with co-workers SA2. prepare status and progress reports SA3. record customers' discussions in the call logs SA4. write memos and e-mail to customers, co-workers, and vendors to provide them with work updates and to request appropriate information without English language errors regarding grammar or sentence construct Reading Skills		
Generic Skills	SA1. document call logs, reports, task lists, and schedules with co-workers SA2. prepare status and progress reports SA3. record customers' discussions in the call logs SA4. write memos and e-mail to customers, co-workers, and vendors to provide them with work updates and to request appropriate information without English language errors regarding grammar or sentence construct Reading Skills The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
Generic Skills	SA1. document call logs, reports, task lists, and schedules with co-workers SA2. prepare status and progress reports SA3. record customers' discussions in the call logs SA4. write memos and e-mail to customers, co-workers, and vendors to provide them with work updates and to request appropriate information without English language errors regarding grammar or sentence construct Reading Skills		

SA6. keep abreast with the latest knowledge by reading brochures, pamphlets,

and product information sheets







BWS/N3014 Plan a	nd conduct personal training for clients from different Population groups		
	SA7. read comments, suggestions, and responses to Frequently Asked Questions		
	(FAQs) posted on the helpdesk portal		
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA8. discuss task lists, schedules, and work-loads with co-workers SA9. question customers appropriately in order to understand the nature of the problem and make a diagnosis SA10. give clear instructions to customers SA11. keep customers informed about progress SA12. avoid using jargon, slang or acronyms when communicating with a customer, unless it is required		
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. make decisions pertaining to the concerned area of work		
	Plan and Organize		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB2. plan and organize service feedback files/documents		
	Customer Centricity		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB3. manage relationships with customers who may be stressed, frustrated, confused, or angry SB4. build customer relationships and use customer centric approach		
	Problem Solving		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s) SB6. deal with clients lacking the technical background to solve the problem on their own		
	SB7. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays Analytical Thinking		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. use the existing data to arrive at specific data points SB9. use the existing data points for improving the call resolution time SB10. use the existing data points to generate required reports for business Critical Thinking		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB11. apply, analyze, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action		



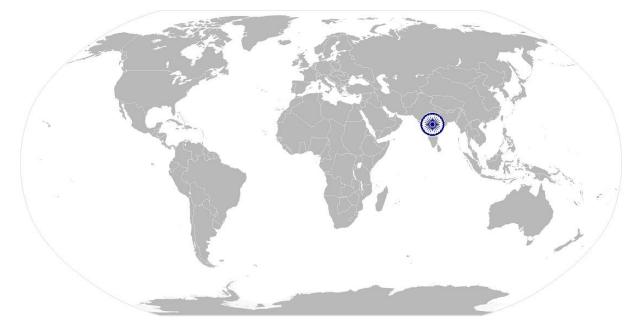




BWS/N3014 Plan and conduct personal training for clients from different Population groups

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	BWS/N3014		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Beauty & Wellness	Drafted on	01/08/2015
Industry Sub-sector	Fitness & Slimming	Last reviewed on	10/02/2016
Occupation	Fitness Services	Next review date	10/02/2019



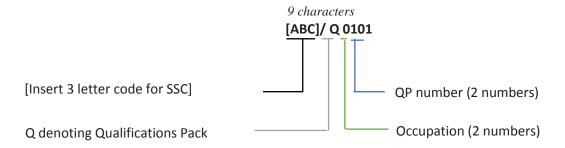
Back to Top



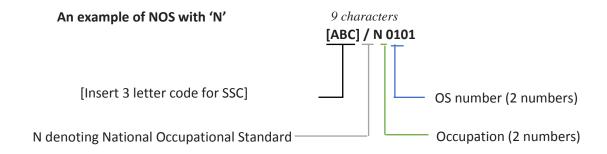


Annexure

Qualifications Pack



Occupational Standard



Back to top...





The following acronyms/codes have been used in the nomenclature above:

ge of Occupation
numbers
0101-0109
0201-0212
0301-0306
0401-0406
0501-0504
0601-0606
0701-0705
0801-0802
1001-1006
2001-2006
2101-2106
2201-2206
2301-2303
2401-2407
3001-3010
3101-3108
3201-3204
4001-4005





Sequence	Description	Example
Three letters	Industry name	BWS
Slash	/	/
Next letter	Whether QP or NOS	Q or N
Next two numbers	Occupation code	01
Next two numbers	OS number	01

Note:

• The range of occupation numbers have been decided based on the number of existing and future occupations in a segment



CRITERIA FOR ASSESSMENT OF TRAINEES

Job Role Personal Trainer

Qualification Pack BWS/Q3003

Sector Skill Council Beauty & Wellness

Guidelines for Assessment

- 1. Criteria for assessment for each Qualification Pack will be created by the Sector Skill Council. Each Performance Criteria (PC) will be assigned marks proportional to its importance in NOS. SSC will also lay down proportion of marks for Theory and Skills Practical for each PC
- 2. The assessment for the theory part will be based on knowledge bank of questions created by the SSC
- 3. Individual assessment agencies will create unique question papers for theory part for each candidate at each examination/training centre (as per assessment criteria below)
- 4. Individual assessment agencies will create unique evaluations for skill practical for every student at each examination/training centre based on this criteria
- 5. To pass the Qualification Pack, every trainee should score a minimum of 60% in aggregate
- 6. In case of successfully passing only certain number of NOS's, the trainee is eligible to take subsequent assessment on the balance NOS's to pass the Qualification Pack

			_	Marks Alloca	ation
Assessment outcomes	Assessment Criteria for outcomes	Total Marks	Out Of	Theory	Skills Practical
	PC1. ensure that environmental conditions are suitable for the client and the treatment to be carried out in a hygiene and safe environment		15	3	12
4. DWG/NGGG	PC2. select suitable equipment and products required for the treatment		19	5	14
1. BWS/N9001 (Prepare work area)	PC3. set up the equipment and prepare the products for treatments in adherence to the organization procedures and product/ equipment guidelines	100	20	4	16
	PC4. familiarize members with the safe workings of machines		12	1	11





		T			1
	PC5. explain contraindicated exercises/postures with the members		14	4	10
	PC6. evaluate trainers involvement with the members		10	2	8
	PC7. store records, materials and equipment securely in line with the organization's policies		10	2	8
			100	21	79
	PC1. build strong rapport with the clients		4	1	3
	PC2. collect data like lifestyle, time investment, medical background, exercise history, etc.		6	1	5
	PC3. ensure adequate communication to the clients in terms of maintaining confidentiality of their personal data collected	100	4	1	3
	PC4. discuss in various lifestyle and eating preferences and their impact on client's body as well as the benefits from an exercise programme		10	2	8
2.BWS/N3003 (Carry out health screening and fitness assessment of the clients)	PC5. basis client's exercise preferences and lifestyle, identify the barriers to clients achieving their exercise goals		4	1	3
	PC6. finalize the short and long-term fitness goals of the client		10	2	8
	PC7. basis the client's fitness requirements, suggest the appropriate exercises		10	2	8
	PC8. identify the strategies to prevent drop out or relapse		4	1	3
	PC9. discuss in detail with clients, the relationship of fitness assessment outcomes with exercise plan; also discuss the kind of information about a person's anatomy will be collected to perform fitness		10	2	8





	assessment				
	PC10. ensure the working				
	and availability of				
	equipment to carry out the		10	2	8
	planned assessments				
	PC11. conduct fitness				
	assessments which primarily				
	include anthropometrics				
	(i.e. bmi, waist to hip ratio				
	etc.), body composition,		10	2	8
	cardiovascular fitness and				
	capacity, muscular strength,				
	etc.)				
	PC12. understand the various				
	person specific concerns/				
	problems and related safety				
	considerations while		4	1	3
	conducting fitness				
	assessments				
	PC13. analyze the fitness		—		
	assessment outcomes to				
	provide recommendations		10	2	8
	for the exercise plan				
	PC14. refer to the superior in				
	case there are any concerns				
	or requirements of the		4	1	3
	clients which require expert		_	_	3
	advice		100	21	79
	advice		100	21	79
	advice PC1. deploy the knowledge		100	21	79
	PC1. deploy the knowledge and understanding of				
	PC1. deploy the knowledge and understanding of various aspects of human		100	0.5	79 2.5
	PC1. deploy the knowledge and understanding of various aspects of human anatomy and physiology				
	PC1. deploy the knowledge and understanding of various aspects of human anatomy and physiology while providing fitness				
	PC1. deploy the knowledge and understanding of various aspects of human anatomy and physiology while providing fitness related recommendations				
	PC1. deploy the knowledge and understanding of various aspects of human anatomy and physiology while providing fitness related recommendations PC2. understand in detail				
	PC1. deploy the knowledge and understanding of various aspects of human anatomy and physiology while providing fitness related recommendations				
	PC1. deploy the knowledge and understanding of various aspects of human anatomy and physiology while providing fitness related recommendations PC2. understand in detail various human body				
	PC1. deploy the knowledge and understanding of various aspects of human anatomy and physiology while providing fitness related recommendations PC2. understand in detail various human body systems like circulatory				
3.BWS/N3004	PC1. deploy the knowledge and understanding of various aspects of human anatomy and physiology while providing fitness related recommendations PC2. understand in detail various human body systems like circulatory system, musculoskeletal		3	0.5	2.5
3.BWS/N3004 (Plan and conduct	PC1. deploy the knowledge and understanding of various aspects of human anatomy and physiology while providing fitness related recommendations PC2. understand in detail various human body systems like circulatory system, musculoskeletal system, joints and bones,	100	3	0.5	2.5
	PC1. deploy the knowledge and understanding of various aspects of human anatomy and physiology while providing fitness related recommendations PC2. understand in detail various human body systems like circulatory system, musculoskeletal system, joints and bones, muscles, respiratory system etc. and impact of fitness programmes on their	100	3	0.5	2.5
(Plan and conduct	PC1. deploy the knowledge and understanding of various aspects of human anatomy and physiology while providing fitness related recommendations PC2. understand in detail various human body systems like circulatory system, musculoskeletal system, joints and bones, muscles, respiratory system etc. and impact of fitness programmes on their functioning	100	3	0.5	2.5
(Plan and conduct	PC1. deploy the knowledge and understanding of various aspects of human anatomy and physiology while providing fitness related recommendations PC2. understand in detail various human body systems like circulatory system, musculoskeletal system, joints and bones, muscles, respiratory system etc. and impact of fitness programmes on their functioning PC3. identify the potential	100	3	0.5	2.5
(Plan and conduct	PC1. deploy the knowledge and understanding of various aspects of human anatomy and physiology while providing fitness related recommendations PC2. understand in detail various human body systems like circulatory system, musculoskeletal system, joints and bones, muscles, respiratory system etc. and impact of fitness programmes on their functioning PC3. identify the potential sources of injury and keep	100	3	0.5	2.5
(Plan and conduct	PC1. deploy the knowledge and understanding of various aspects of human anatomy and physiology while providing fitness related recommendations PC2. understand in detail various human body systems like circulatory system, musculoskeletal system, joints and bones, muscles, respiratory system etc. and impact of fitness programmes on their functioning PC3. identify the potential sources of injury and keep the same under	100	3	0.5	2.5
(Plan and conduct	PC1. deploy the knowledge and understanding of various aspects of human anatomy and physiology while providing fitness related recommendations PC2. understand in detail various human body systems like circulatory system, musculoskeletal system, joints and bones, muscles, respiratory system etc. and impact of fitness programmes on their functioning PC3. identify the potential sources of injury and keep the same under consideration while devising	100	3	0.5	2.5
(Plan and conduct	PC1. deploy the knowledge and understanding of various aspects of human anatomy and physiology while providing fitness related recommendations PC2. understand in detail various human body systems like circulatory system, musculoskeletal system, joints and bones, muscles, respiratory system etc. and impact of fitness programmes on their functioning PC3. identify the potential sources of injury and keep the same under consideration while devising fitness programme to a	100	3	0.5	2.5
(Plan and conduct	PC1. deploy the knowledge and understanding of various aspects of human anatomy and physiology while providing fitness related recommendations PC2. understand in detail various human body systems like circulatory system, musculoskeletal system, joints and bones, muscles, respiratory system etc. and impact of fitness programmes on their functioning PC3. identify the potential sources of injury and keep the same under consideration while devising fitness programme to a client	100	3	0.5	2.5
(Plan and conduct	PC1. deploy the knowledge and understanding of various aspects of human anatomy and physiology while providing fitness related recommendations PC2. understand in detail various human body systems like circulatory system, musculoskeletal system, joints and bones, muscles, respiratory system etc. and impact of fitness programmes on their functioning PC3. identify the potential sources of injury and keep the same under consideration while devising fitness programme to a client PC4. evaluate the impact of	100	3	0.5	2.5
(Plan and conduct	PC1. deploy the knowledge and understanding of various aspects of human anatomy and physiology while providing fitness related recommendations PC2. understand in detail various human body systems like circulatory system, musculoskeletal system, joints and bones, muscles, respiratory system etc. and impact of fitness programmes on their functioning PC3. identify the potential sources of injury and keep the same under consideration while devising fitness programme to a client PC4. evaluate the impact of exercise and its intensity on	100	3	0.5	2.5
(Plan and conduct	PC1. deploy the knowledge and understanding of various aspects of human anatomy and physiology while providing fitness related recommendations PC2. understand in detail various human body systems like circulatory system, musculoskeletal system, joints and bones, muscles, respiratory system etc. and impact of fitness programmes on their functioning PC3. identify the potential sources of injury and keep the same under consideration while devising fitness programme to a client PC4. evaluate the impact of	100	3	0.5	2.5





recommendations in terms of exercise plan			
PC5. basis the health assessment and detailed understanding of anatomy & physiology of the client's body, plan a range of exercises for client to achieve his/ her fitness goals considering aspects like muscular fitness, cardiovascular fitness, agility & flexibility, etc.	4	0.5	3.5
PC6. as per the client's preferences, identify the appropriate training techniques	3	0.5	2.5
PC7. identify and plan for availability of equipment needed for suitable exercises	3	0.5	2.5
PC8. explain in detail the fitness goals and planned exercise schedule to client	3	0.5	2.5
PC9. communicate the physical demands of the planned exercises to clients	3	0.5	2.5
PC10. discuss with client on any observed concerns/ changes/ modifications required in the plan	3	0.5	2.5
PC11. provide information and demonstration of various warm up activities to the client and their importance	3	0.5	2.5
PC12. observe the client carrying out the exercises and ensure right usage of the fitness equipment to prevent any injuries	3	0.5	2.5
PC13. develop phase wise detailed activity chart in consultation with the client which is challenging as well as achievable and duly agreed by the client	3	0.5	2.5
PC14. provide clear instructions and demonstrations that are technically correct, safe and effective and ensure client is following them accurately without hurting himself/herself or damaging the	4	0.5	3.5





equipment			
PC15. plan outcomes and stages of achievement during personal training and agree on a progressive timetable of sessions	3	0.5	2.5
PC16. discuss the methods of monitoring and evaluation of the performance of the client	3	0.5	2.5
PC17. ensure that all the exercises are integrated in a single plan and being deployed by the client to achieve his/ her fitness goals; in case, there are any concerns faced by client to perform any of the exercises, provide alternate options	5	1	4
PC18. monitor the client's exercises and adherence to the planned schedule as well as analyse the performance of client on a daily basis	3	0.5	2.5
PC19. progress or regress exercises according to clients' performance	3	0.5	2.5
PC20. motivate the clients for increasing their performance and ensuring adherence to exercise; provide any related support to the clients in this regard	3	0.5	2.5
PC21. explain the function of various joints and muscles during exercises to the client and impact of exercises on them	3	0.5	2.5
PC22. communicate the anatomical changes in the body of client due to training programme	3	0.5	2.5
PC23. record the performance and progress of the client through personal training sessions	3	0.5	2.5
PC24. provide information and demonstration of various cool down activities to the client and their importance as per the intensity and type of	3	0.5	2.5





1	_	1			,
	physical exercises of the client				
	PC25. observe the client carrying out the exercises and ensure right usage of the fitness equipment to prevent any injuries		3	0.5	2.5
	PC26. explain in detail the linkage of progress of the client with the achievement of fitness goals		3	0.5	2.5
	PC27. identify the signs of strain/ over work outs and recommend the strategies for prevention of the same		3	0.5	2.5
	PC28. adapt the training programme as per the client body's response, lifestyle changes, preferences etc.; discuss and agree of changes with the client		3	0.5	2.5
	PC29. update the fitness goals in line with the adaptations introduced		3	0.5	2.5
	PC30. in collaboration with personal training manager, discuss specific issues like cultural or social barriers to exercise and personal training		3	0.5	2.5
	PC31. provide the data to personal training manager in order to improvise/ addition in the existing portfolio of services		3	0.5	2.5
	PC32. obtain regular feedback from the client and analyse effectiveness of the personal training programme basis the feedback and goals achievement		3	0.5	2.5
			100	16.5	83.5
4. BWS/N3134	PC1. screening activities- nutrition tools like sga etc.	100	1	0.25	0.75
(Collect, integrate and analyze	PC2. select suitable methods for assessment		1	0.25	0.75
nutritional, health and lifestyle data of physically active	PC3. identify standards by which data will be compared		1	0.25	0.75
clients)	PC4. be able to interpret the same PC5. identify possible problem		1	0.25	0.75
l	rcs. Identity possible problem		1	0.25	0.75





	areas for making
	nutrition diagnoses
PC6.	obtain current
	anthropometric
	measurements including
	height, weight and
	weight changes, body
	mass index(bmi), body
	measurements, body
	composition analysis
PC7.	height - measure height
	using standard procedure
	and equipment (stadio
	meter) / individual
	enquiry
PC8.	weight, perform weight
	measurement using
	calibrated weighing
	machine under
	standardized conditions
	as outlined by the
	organization (empty
	stomach, shoes removed,
	minimal or standard
	clothing, and fluid status).
	collect information
	regarding weight history
	/ recent weight changes
PC9.	bmi calculate body mass
	index
PC10.	compare bmi with
	standards as per
	nationality and interpret
	weight status and
	consequent risk of co-
	morbidities
PC11.	body measurements use
	specialized techniques
	and / or equipment and
	trained personnel to
	obtain body
	measurements of
	different body parts
	including (waist
	circumference, hip
	circumference and other
	measures)
PC12.	calculate waist hip ratio
	and / or waist height
	ratio to ascertain central
	obesity
PC13.	body composition
	analysis (bca) perform
	bca to measure the

1	0.25	0.75
1	0.25	0.75
1	0.25	0.75
1	0.25	0.75
1	0.25	0.75
2	0.5	1.5
1	0.25	0.75
2	0.5	1.5





of body fat, fat free mass and water in the body of an individual using standard procedure and under standardized conditions as per equipment available (bio-lectrical impedance – 2 electrodes or 4 electrodes / dexa) PC14. review individual's recent and past biochemical reports to ascertain nutritional and health status PC15. assesse current and past information related to personal, medical, family and social history: assesses the following: • personal history: assesses the following: • personal history relative to age, sex, race/ethnicity, language, education, role in the family or organization • client or family disease states, conditions, and illnesses that may have nutritional impact: • family history of and risk factors for medical conditions and chronic diseases (e.g., diabetes, cardiovascular disease, hypertension, osteoporosis, dyslipidaemia, obesity, disordered eating, behavioural/mental health issues) • client history of metabolic and hormonal conditions (e.g., diabetes, metabolic syndrome, polycystic ovary syndrome, thyroid abnormalities, exercise-induced asthma) or chronic diseases • client menstrual history and sheat supplement pC16. medication and dietary and herbal supplement pc2 0.5 1.5				
recent and past biochemical reports to ascertain nutritional and health status PC15. assesse current and past information related to personal, medical, family and social history: assesses the following: • personal history relative to age, sex, race/ethnicity, language, education, role in the family or organization • client or family disease states, conditions, and illnesses that may have nutritional impact: • family history of and risk factors for medical conditions and chronic diseases (e.g., diabetes, cardiovascular disease, hypertension, osteoporosis, dyslipidaemia, obesity, disordered eating, behavioural/mental health issues) • client history of metabolic and hormonal conditions (e.g., diabetes, metabolic syndrome, polycystic ovary syndrome, thyroid abnormalities, exercise-induced asthma) or chronic diseases • client menstrual history and status PC16. medication and dietary and herbal supplement 2 0.5 1.5	and water in the body of an individual using standard procedure and under standardized conditions as per equipment available (bio-electrical impedance – 2 electrodes or 4			
information related to personal, medical, family and social history: assesses the following: • personal history relative to age, sex, race/ethnicity, language, education, role in the family or organization • client or family disease states, conditions, and illnesses that may have nutritional impact: • family history of and risk factors for medical conditions and chronic diseases (e.g., diabetes, cardiovascular disease, hypertension, osteoporosis, dyslipidaemia, obesity, disordered eating, behavioural/mental health issues) • client history of metabolic and hormonal conditions (e.g., diabetes, metabolic syndrome, polycystic ovary syndrome, thyroid abnormalities, exercise-induced asthma) or chronic diseases • client menstrual history and status PC16. medication and dietary and herbal supplement 2 0.5 1.5	recent and past biochemical reports to ascertain nutritional and	1	0.25	0.75
and herbal supplement 2 0.5 1.5	information related to personal, medical, family and social history: assesses the following: • personal history relative to age, sex, race/ethnicity, language, education, role in the family or organization • client or family disease states, conditions, and illnesses that may have nutritional impact:- • family history of and risk factors for medical conditions and chronic diseases (e.g., diabetes, cardiovascular disease, hypertension, osteoporosis, dyslipidaemia, obesity, disordered eating, behavioural/mental health issues) • client history of metabolic and hormonal conditions (e.g., diabetes, metabolic syndrome, polycystic ovary syndrome, thyroid abnormalities, exercise-induced asthma) or chronic diseases • client menstrual	2	0.5	1.5
IISA INGUININO	PC16. medication and dietary	2	0.5	1.5





	prescription and over-
	the-counter medications,
	herbal preparations and
	complementary medicine
	products
PC17.	appropriateness of
	dietary and supplement
	intake (e.g., macro- and
	micro nutrients, fiber,
	bioactive substances,
	alcohol, caffeine, herbals)
	and supplements for
	health and exercise/task-
	specific physical
	performance
PC18.	assesse sport/dietary
	supplements for the risk
	of adverse events
	associated with
	sport/dietary supplement
	intake.
PC19.	evaluates sport/dietary
	supplements (safety,
	legality, efficacy, quality,
	application to sport)
PC20.	considers
	recommendations that
	may include adding,
	maintaining, changing, or
	discontinuing
	sport/dietary
	supplements
PC21.	considers dose and
	timing of
	medication/supplements
	relative to health and
	issues such as meals,
	training, competition,
	travel schedules, and
	time-zone change
PC22.	identifies actual or
	potential
	drug/sport/dietary
	supplement/food
	interactions
PC23.	knowledge, beliefs, and
	attitudes including
	understanding of
	nutrition-related
	concepts, body image
	and preoccupation with
	food and weight, and
	readiness to change
	nutrition-related
1	behaviours:-

2	0.5	1.5
2	0.5	1.5
2	0.5	1.5
2	0.5	1.5
2	0.5	1.5
2	0.5	1.5
2	0.5	1.5





1.5

0.75

3

		-		
]		
	general food and			
	nutrition			
	knowledge/skills/strate			
	gies			
	• sport-specific food and			
	nutrition knowledge,			
	skills, and/or strategies			
	 beliefs and attitudes 			
	(e.g., behavioural			
	mediators or			
	antecedents related to			
	sports nutrition,			
	intentions, readiness			
	and willingness to			
	change,			
	appropriateness of			
	goals and coping			
	strategies)			
	 misinformation 			
	regarding health and			
	nutrition for			
	exercise/physical			
	performance, weight			
	management, and			
	culture of sport or			
	organization)			
PC24.	behaviour: including			
	client activities and			
	actions which influence			
	achievement of nutrition-			
	related goals			
	• various influences (e.g.,			
	language,			
	sport/organizational			
	culture, ethnicity,		2	0.5
	religion) that relate to		2	0.5
	the potential for behaviour change			
	assess social history			
	(socioeconomic status,			
	social and medical			
	support, cultural and			
	religious beliefs, and			
	social			
	isolation/connection.)			
PC25.	evaluate composition,	1		
	adequacy and			
	appropriateness of food,			
	beverages and nutrient		1	0.25
	intake, meal and snack			
	patterns, and food			
	allergies and intolerances			
PC26.	adequacy of nutrition		4	1
	intake to maintain energy]	4	1





	balance under various
	conditions (e.g., rest,
	physical activity,
	exercise/ task-specific
	physical performance)
PC27.	
PC27.	total food and beverage
	intake (type, amount, and
	pattern of intake of foods
	and food groups, indices
	of diet quality, intake of
	fluids), including intakes
	before, during, and after
	exercise and special
	dietary and beverage
	patterns associated with
	exercise/task-specific
	physical performance
PC28.	client history of food
	allergies/intolerances
	(e.g., gluten sensitivity or
	intolerance, lactose
	intolerance)
PC29.	current and past use of
	alcohol, specialized diets,
	sport foods/drinks,
	energy drinks, functional
	foods, liquid meal
	replacements,
	sport/dietary
	supplements and/or
	supplements and/or ergogenic aids
PC30.	
PC30.	ergogenic aids
PC30.	ergogenic aids energy balance
PC30.	ergogenic aids energy balance assessment using measures of energy
PC30.	ergogenic aids energy balance assessment using measures of energy intake/expenditure (e.g.,
PC30.	ergogenic aids energy balance assessment using measures of energy intake/expenditure (e.g., intake via calorie counts),
PC30.	ergogenic aids energy balance assessment using measures of energy intake/expenditure (e.g., intake via calorie counts), including changes in body
PC30.	ergogenic aids energy balance assessment using measures of energy intake/expenditure (e.g., intake via calorie counts), including changes in body weight or composition,
PC30.	ergogenic aids energy balance assessment using measures of energy intake/expenditure (e.g., intake via calorie counts), including changes in body weight or composition, medication use, health
PC30.	ergogenic aids energy balance assessment using measures of energy intake/expenditure (e.g., intake via calorie counts), including changes in body weight or composition, medication use, health status, or attempts at
	ergogenic aids energy balance assessment using measures of energy intake/expenditure (e.g., intake via calorie counts), including changes in body weight or composition, medication use, health status, or attempts at weight gain or loss.
PC30.	ergogenic aids energy balance assessment using measures of energy intake/expenditure (e.g., intake via calorie counts), including changes in body weight or composition, medication use, health status, or attempts at weight gain or loss. measures of energy
	ergogenic aids energy balance assessment using measures of energy intake/expenditure (e.g., intake via calorie counts), including changes in body weight or composition, medication use, health status, or attempts at weight gain or loss. measures of energy availability for adequacy
PC31.	ergogenic aids energy balance assessment using measures of energy intake/expenditure (e.g., intake via calorie counts), including changes in body weight or composition, medication use, health status, or attempts at weight gain or loss. measures of energy availability for adequacy of energy intake
	ergogenic aids energy balance assessment using measures of energy intake/expenditure (e.g., intake via calorie counts), including changes in body weight or composition, medication use, health status, or attempts at weight gain or loss. measures of energy availability for adequacy of energy intake special energy and
PC31.	ergogenic aids energy balance assessment using measures of energy intake/expenditure (e.g., intake via calorie counts), including changes in body weight or composition, medication use, health status, or attempts at weight gain or loss. measures of energy availability for adequacy of energy intake special energy and nutrient needs (e.g.,
PC31.	ergogenic aids energy balance assessment using measures of energy intake/expenditure (e.g., intake via calorie counts), including changes in body weight or composition, medication use, health status, or attempts at weight gain or loss. measures of energy availability for adequacy of energy intake special energy and nutrient needs (e.g., energy shakes,
PC31.	ergogenic aids energy balance assessment using measures of energy intake/expenditure (e.g., intake via calorie counts), including changes in body weight or composition, medication use, health status, or attempts at weight gain or loss. measures of energy availability for adequacy of energy intake special energy and nutrient needs (e.g., energy shakes, vitamin/mineral
PC31.	ergogenic aids energy balance assessment using measures of energy intake/expenditure (e.g., intake via calorie counts), including changes in body weight or composition, medication use, health status, or attempts at weight gain or loss. measures of energy availability for adequacy of energy intake special energy and nutrient needs (e.g., energy shakes, vitamin/mineral supplements) for health,
PC31.	ergogenic aids energy balance assessment using measures of energy intake/expenditure (e.g., intake via calorie counts), including changes in body weight or composition, medication use, health status, or attempts at weight gain or loss. measures of energy availability for adequacy of energy intake special energy and nutrient needs (e.g., energy shakes, vitamin/mineral supplements) for health, weight management,
PC31.	ergogenic aids energy balance assessment using measures of energy intake/expenditure (e.g., intake via calorie counts), including changes in body weight or composition, medication use, health status, or attempts at weight gain or loss. measures of energy availability for adequacy of energy intake special energy and nutrient needs (e.g., energy shakes, vitamin/mineral supplements) for health, weight management, exercise/task-specific
PC31.	ergogenic aids energy balance assessment using measures of energy intake/expenditure (e.g., intake via calorie counts), including changes in body weight or composition, medication use, health status, or attempts at weight gain or loss. measures of energy availability for adequacy of energy intake special energy and nutrient needs (e.g., energy shakes, vitamin/mineral supplements) for health, weight management, exercise/task-specific physical performance
PC31.	ergogenic aids energy balance assessment using measures of energy intake/expenditure (e.g., intake via calorie counts), including changes in body weight or composition, medication use, health status, or attempts at weight gain or loss. measures of energy availability for adequacy of energy intake special energy and nutrient needs (e.g., energy shakes, vitamin/mineral supplements) for health, weight management, exercise/task-specific physical performance daily fluid needs for
PC31.	ergogenic aids energy balance assessment using measures of energy intake/expenditure (e.g., intake via calorie counts), including changes in body weight or composition, medication use, health status, or attempts at weight gain or loss. measures of energy availability for adequacy of energy intake special energy and nutrient needs (e.g., energy shakes, vitamin/mineral supplements) for health, weight management, exercise/task-specific physical performance

4	1	3
1	0.25	0.75
4	1	3
4	1	3
2	0.5	1.5
4	1	3
4	1	3





		_			
	physical performance				
	based on sweat rate,				
	environmental				
	conditions, fluid balance				
	assessments (e.g., urine-				
	specific gravity), and				
	patterns of fluid				
	replacement (e.g., during				
	and after exercise/task-				
	specific physical				
	performance				
PC34.	changes in appetite or				
	usual intake (e.g., as a				
	result of weight control,				
	alteration in body				
	composition/physique,				
	change in training				
	volume/intensity, travel,				
	unfamiliar environments,				
	phase of			_	
	sport/competition or		4	1	3
	task-specific physical				
	training, medical				
	conditions, illnesses and				
	injuries, treatment and				
	rehabilitation), and				
	psychological issues (e.g.,				
	stress, trauma,				
	depression)				
PC35.	changes in usual intake as				
	a result of dietary				
	manipulation to optimize				
	exercise/task-specific				
	physical performance				
	(e.g., tapers,		4	1	3
	carbohydrate loading,				
	glycogen restoration,				
	rehydration, recovery				
	nutrition following pre				
	competition weigh-in)				
PC36.	food and nutrient				
	administration including				
	current and previous				
	diets and diet				
	modifications, eating				
	environment				
	• diet experience (e.g.,				
	previously prescribed		4	1	3
	diets, previous				
	diet/nutrition duration/				
	counselling, self-				
	selected diets followed,				
	dieting attempts, food				
	allergies, food				
	intolerances)				
·	,	ı	L	<u> </u>	<u> </u>





		_			
	 eating environment 				
	(e.g., location,				
	atmosphere,				
	companion, eats alone)				
	 more complex nutrition 				
	issues (e.g., controlled				
	type 1diabetes,				
	managed				
	gastrointestinal				
	diseases and				
	conditions) related to				
	food intake and clinical				
	complications in				
	individuals exposed to				
	variable exercise/task-				
	specific physical				
	performance situations				
	• most complex issues				
	(e.g., newly diagnosed				
	type 1 diabetes,				
	uncontrolled diabetes,				
	recovery from				
	injury/illness) related to				
	food intake and clinical				
	complications				
PC37.	assess any barriers or				
	conflicts (e.g.,				
	communication,		_		
	transportation, financial)		2	0.5	1.5
	that interfere with food				
	access, selection and				
	preparation				
PC38.	physical activity and				
	function, including				
	physical activity, history				
	of physical activity and				
	exercise/task-specific				
	physical performance,				
	cognitive and physical				
	ability to engage in				
	specific tasks:-				
	physical				
	activity/exercise:				
	history, consistency,		4	1	3
	frequency, duration,				
	intensity, type (e.g.,				
	leisure and recreational				
	activities, exercise				
	training, competitive				
	sport, training)				
	physical inactivity:				
	television/screen time				
	and other sedentary				
	activity time				
	environmental				
		1		l	l .





	conditions (e.g., cold,
	heat, humidity,
	altitude) and nutrition-
	related complications
	(e.g., hydration status,
	nutrient deficiencies)
	 history of exercise,
	training, task-specific
	physical performance,
	sports participation
	training state/fitness
	level, competitive
	status, performance
	goals and results
	 additional exercise
	performed outside of
	scheduled
	exercise/task-specific
	physical performance
	training
	 effect of current and
	past dietary
	interventions on
	exercise/ physical
	performance in training
	and competition
PC39.	exercise, training, or
	competition issues that
	alter appetite, ingestion,
	digestion, absorption,
	metabolism, utilization of
	nutrients, and/or eating
	behaviours and patterns
PC40.	<u> </u>
. 570.	which data will be
	compared
PC41	document the entire
. 571.	relevant data accurately
	and timely as per the
	organisation's policy
PC42.	include the following
r C42.	information for quality
	documentation:-
	date and time of
	assessment:
	pertinent data collected and compared with
	and compared with
	standards
	• name / signature of
	staff member
	collecting the data
	• individual /client's
	perceptions, values,
	and motivation related
	to presenting problems

4	1	3
2	0.5	1.5
1	0.25	0.75
2	0.5	1.5





		 changes in client's level of understanding, food-related behaviours, and other outcomes for appropriate follow-up discussion with individual and /or interdisciplinary team throughout assessment process reason for discontinuation or referral, if appropriate 				
		accurately interpret anthropometric data ,body composition analysis , dietary, health and medical data and biomedical profile against relevant standards		2	0.5	1.5
	PC44.	evaluate diet and exercise / physical activity		2	0.5	1.5
		make judgement about potential impact of health and medical, social, psychological, economic and personal factors on nutrition and fitness		2	0.5	1.5
	PC46.	organize and cluster nutrition risk factors, complications, and assessment data to identify possible problem areas for determining nutrition and activity diagnoses		1	0.25	0.75
	PC47.	integrate assessed data in order to assign priorities for nutrition planning and lifestyle modification		1	0.25	0.75
	PC48.	define nutritional and activity problems / diagnosis as a prelude to planning management		1	0.25	0.75
				100	25	75
5. BWS/N3135 (Develop and implement personalised nutrition and lifestyle programme for physically active clients)	PC1.	estimate the energy, macro nutrient and relevant micro-nutrient intake for elderly individuals from food intake collected during comprehensive nutritional assessment,	100	3	1	2





	using food composition tables				
PC2					
	activity/ exercise level		3	1	2
	levels				
PC3	estimate nutrient and				
	fluid needs based on age,				
	sex, medical condition,				
	activity level, current		4	1	3
	nutritional state,				
	medications, and goals of				
	medical nutrition therapy				
PC4	•				
	for energy needs based				
	on age, height, weight				
	and activity level /		2	0.5	1.5
	determine energy needs		_	0.5	1.5
	from bmr values obtained				
	by bca taking into				
	account activity level	 -			
PC5	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
	requirement based on		2	0.5	1.5
	clinical condition and				
	body weight in kilograms	 -			
PC6	•		_		
	energy from other		2	0.5	1.5
	macro-nutrients	-			
PC7	, ,		2	0.5	4.5
	micro-nutrient		2	0.5	1.5
DC0	consideration				
PC8.	compare the current nutrient intake with rdas				
	for the age and sex or		2	0.5	1.5
	estimated requirements				
PC9.		-			
FC3.	actual occurrence of, risk				
	of or potential for				
	developing a nutrition				
	problem that can be		2	0.5	1.5
	resolved or improved				
	through nutrition				
	intervention				
PC10). derive the nutrition				
	diagnosis from the				
	assessment data				
	 identify and label the 				
	problem				
	 determine etiology 		2	0.5	1.5
	(cause, contributing risk				
	factors)				
	 cluster signs and 				
	symptoms (defining				
	characteristics)				
PC1:	L. use clinical judgment		4	1	3
	(e.g., selects from a range		7	1	,





	of possibilities with
	consideration to health,
	fitness, exercise, task-
	specific physical
	performance, medical
	condition) when ranking
	activity diagnoses in
	order of importance and
	urgency for the client
PC12.	use clinical judgment and
	experience that reflects
	the significant differences
	between active
	individuals (e.g.,
	beginner, competitive, or
	elite), others (e.g., ,
	military service member,
	air hostess) and/or
	clinical conditions (e.g.,
	newly diagnosed type
	1diabetes, uncontrolled
	type 1 diabetes, extreme
	environmental
	conditions, clinical
	complications) when
	ranking activity diagnoses
	in order of importance
	and urgency for the
	patient/client
PC13.	
	diagnosis in the pes
	format : problem (p),
	etiology (e), and signs and
	symptoms (s)
PC14.	re-evaluate and revise
	nutrition diagnoses when
	additional assessment
	data become available
PC15.	identify appropriate,
	purposefully planned
	actions designed with the
	intent of changing a
	nutrition-related
	behaviour, risk factor,
	environmental condition,
	or aspect of health status
	for a client with the goal
	to promote health and
	increase the capacity to
	exercise, train, improve
	recovery, promote
	training adaptation, and
	enhance exercise, and
	physical performance
PC16.	prioritizing the nutrition

2	0.5	1.5
2	0.5	1.5
2	0.5	1.5
3	1	2
6	2	4





	diagnoses based on the severity of the problem, safety, client needs, likelihood that nutrition intervention/plan of care will influence problem, and client perception of importance. prioritization consideration may include: • immediacy of the problem • client's available resources and support • readiness of patient/client to receive selected nutrition interventions • presence of medical conditions (e.g.,			
	diabetes, dyslipidaemia, depression, eating disorders, low bone mass, anaemia) • timing of the problem relative to training /competition plan, or			
2017	duty schedule			
PC17.	determining client- centered plan, goals, and expected outcomes in observable and measurable terms.	2	0.5	1.5
PC18.	setting smart (specific, measurable, achievable, realistic and time bound) short term and long term goals in collaboration with client and other members of health care team	2	0.5	1.5
PC19.	selecting appropriate intervention. considerations for the intervention plan may include:- • intervention to address current issues (e.g., fatigue, dehydration, muscle cramping, inadequate recovery, exercise, task-specific physical performance improvement ,diarrhoea and other	8	3	5





	gastrointestinal issues;				
	illness; injury;				
	disordered eating;				
	dietary and				
	sports/dietary				
	supplement use; or				
	other clinical issues)				
	• identification of				
	barriers to successful				
	implementation (e.g.,				
	client compliance, food				
	availability and				
	•				
	preparation issues, financial issues,				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	regulations of sport				
	governing bodies and				
	associations,				
	organization policies,				
	situations in				
	occupational settings,				
	influence of team -				
	athlete-coach-family				
	dynamics)				
	 address issues related 				
	to off-season/transition				
	weight change,				
	detraining, and				
	scheduled and				
	unscheduled breaks in				
	training, such as				
	holiday, and extended				
	travel				
PC20.	develops the nutrition				
	prescription based on				
	scientific evidence, best				
	practices, and				
	professional experience				
	considering the				
	educational needs of the		6	2	4
	client, constraints such as				
	time (e.g., exercise				
	training, competition,				
	recovery,				
	traveling), finances, ability				
	to store and prepare food				
PC21.	define time and				
	frequency of care			0.5	4 =
	including intensity,		2	0.5	1.5
	duration, and follow-up				
PC22.	initiates and				
	individualizes the		_		_
	nutrition		2	0.5	1.5
	intervention/plan of care				
PC23	implements, initiates or				
. 525.	modifies orders for diet,		6	2	4
		I	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>





	nutrition supplements,
	dietary supplements,
	food texture
	modifications for
	dentition or individual
	preferences, nutrition-
	related laboratory tests
	and medications, and
	nutrition education and
	counselling consistent
	with competence and
	approved clinical
	privileges an
	organizational policy
PC24.	advise the use of dietary
	supplements, sports and
	functional foods (e.g.,
	portion or dosage
	adjustments based on
	energy needs or
	laboratory results,
	addition of new dietary
	supplements, sports
	foods functional foods or
	modifications forfluid
	intake) consistent with
2025	organization policy
PC25.	use appropriate goal
	setting and behaviour
	change strategies and
	techniques to facilitate
	self-management and
	self-care
PC26.	•
	that nutrition
	intervention/plan of care
	is occurring
PC27.	communicates with the
	interdisciplinary or
	multidisciplinary team to
	verify progress and adjust
	strategies
PC28.	adjusts nutrition
	intervention/plan of care
	strategies, if needed, as
	response occurs
PC29	-
	educational approaches,
	tools, and materials as
	appropriate
PC30	
. 550	educational tools to
	individualized learning
	styles and method of
	communication and to
	communication and to

6	2	4			
3	1	2			
2	0.5	1.5			
2	0.5	1.5			
2	0.5	1.5			
3	1	2			
3	1	2			





1		1			Τ
	the culture of the				
	organization				
	PC31. adjust nutrition				
	intervention (e.g., energy				
	balance, macro- and				
	micronutrient needs,		6	2	4
	hydrations guidelines)				
	according to				
	training/competition plan				
	PC32. maintain clear and				
	concise records, in				
	accordance with the				
	organization's policy				
	 date and time of 				
	consultation				
	 specific treatment goals 				
	and expected outcomes				
	• recommended				
	interventions				
	adjustments to the plan				
	and justification				
	 client receptivity and 				
	comprehension				
	 barriers to change 		2	0.5	1.5
	• other information		_		
	relevant to providing				
	care and monitoring				
	progress over time				
	 plans for follow-up and 				
	frequency of care				
	rationale for				
	discontinuation or				
	referral if applicable				
	• timely update the				
	records				
	maintain statistics and				
	other reports required				
	of the organization				
			100	30	70
	PC1. observe the clients'				
	exercise pattern and his/				
	her attitude towards		6	2	4
	exercise to determine the	100			
	level of readiness towards				
	following the plan		 		
6.BWS/N3005	PC2. identify and articulate the				
(Motivate the clients)	client's needs and		10	2	8
(INIOCIVATE THE CHEHITS)	preferences for a fitness			_	
	programme				
	PC3. communicate in detail the				
	benefits to be reaped by			2	4
	client through this		6	2	4
	programme				
	PC4. identify various options of		10	2	8
		ì		,	
	To machiny rame as sparens si	I			





	100	26	74
when required		9.5	
recommendations as and			
provide tips/	6	2	4
long term exercise and		_	_
barriers to continuation of			
PC13. identify on-going			
and provide feedback on a regular basis			
performance regularly	6	2	4
by monitoring his/ her		2	A
PC12. take care of the client			
when instructing clients			
communication skills		_	
and nonverbal	8	2	6
PC11. deploy effective verbal			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
when training the clients			
motivational techniques	6	2	4
PC10. apply a variety of			
for adhering to the plan			
positively influence clients	10	2	8
personal attitudes to			
exercise plan PC9. use influencing skills and			
for adhering to the			
motivational strategies	6	2	4
develop their own		2	4
PC8. support the clients to			
lifestyle changes			
own fitness and related			
responsibility for their			
willingness to take			
openness and a			
to develop mutual trust,	10	2	8
exercise plan; collaborate			
strategy to adhere to			
clients, devise a long term			
PC7. in collaboration with			
clients to reduce these			
the way forward with			
exercise plan and discuss	6	2	4
to clients for following the			
PC6. identity perceived barriers			
desired results			
client is not getting the			
modify the plan, in case,			
giving results to the client;		_	J
and preferences as well as	10	2	8
line with the client's liking			
that the programme is in			
PC5. ensure on a regular basis			
follow their exercise plan			
available for the clients to			
incentives and rewards			
incontinues and recognition			





	T = 2				1
7.BWS/N9002 (Maintain health and safety at the workplace)	PC1. set up and position the equipment, chemicals, products and tools in the work area to meet legal, hygiene and safety requirements		10	3	7
	PC2. clean and sterilize all tools and equipment before use	100	10	3	7
	PC3. maintain one's posture and position to minimize fatigue and the risk of injury		10	3	7
	PC4. dispose waste materials in accordance to the industry accepted standards		12	2	10
	PC5. maintain first aid kit and keep oneself updated on the first aid procedures		15	3	12
	PC6. identify and document potential risks and hazards in the workplace		10	3	7
	PC7. accurately maintain accident reports		10	4	6
	PC8. report health and safety risks/ hazards to concerned personnel		10	3	7
	PC9. use tools, equipment, chemicals and products in accordance with the organization's guidelines and manufacturers' instructions		13	3	10
			100	26	74
8. BWS/N9003 (Create a positive impression at the workplace)	PC1. maintain good health and personal hygiene		8	2	6
	PC2. comply with organisation's standards of grooming and personal behaviour		9	6	3
	PC3. meet the organisation's standards of courtesy, behaviour and efficiency		5	1	4
	PC4. stay free from intoxicants while on duty	100	6	1	5
	PC5. wear and carry organisation's uniform and accessories correctly and smartly		6	1	5
	PC6. take appropriate and approved actions in line with instructions and guidelines		6	2	4





	PC7. record details related to		٦	2	2
	tasks, as per procedure		5	2	3
	PC8. participate in workplace				
	activities as a part of the		5	1	4
	larger team			_	
	PC9. report to supervisor				
			2	1	2
	immediately in case there		3	1	2
	are any work issues				
	PC10. use appropriate				
	language, tone and				
	gestures while interacting				
	with clients from different		7	2	5
	cultural and religious				
	backgrounds, age,				
	disabilities and gender				
	PC11. communicate				
	procedure related				
	information to clients				
	based on the sector's		7	2	5
	code of practices and		′	-	
	organisation's				
	procedures/ guidelines				
	PC12. communicate role				
	related information to		_		_
	stakeholders in a polite		7	2	5
	manner and resolve				
	queries, if any				
	PC13. assist and guide clients				
	to services or products		4	1	3
	based on their needs				
	PC14. report and record				
	instances of aggressive/				
	unruly behaviour and		4	1	3
	seek assistance				
	PC15. use communication				
	equipment (phone, email				
	etc.) as mandated by your		4	1	3
	organization				
	•				
	documentation legibly		4	1	3
	and accurately in the				
	desired format				
	PC17. file routine reports and		4	1	3
	feedback				
	PC18. maintain				
	confidentiality of		6	2	4
	information, as required,		-		
	in the role				
			100	30	70
	OPTIONAL NOS -Personal Train	er- Special population	expert		
1. BWS/N3021	PC1. study in depth and apply				
(Plan and conduct	various principles of	400	3.5	0.5	
session for improving	human anatomy, control	100	3.5	0.5	3
athletic performance	of skeletal muscles by				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	I			





6 . 1 . 1 · 1 · 1		Г			ı
of the client)	nervous system and				
	various muscle groups with their motion patterns				
	and motion ranges				
	PC2. coach athlete to increase				
	speed				
	 during the off-season, 				
	athletes should perform				
	speed training on tuesdays				
	and thursdays and lift on				
	mondays, wednesdays, and				
	fridays. speed technique				
	workouts should also be				
	performed twice per week				
	during the in-season				
	athletes should be tested for				
	speed twice per month on				
	either a 40-yard (37-meter)				
	or a 20-yard (18-meter)				
	sprint.				
	• record the times so that the				
	progress can be tracked				
	• video analysis is a great way				
	to learn precisely what		10	2	
	needs work, it heightens the				
	athlete's awareness of				
	proper sprinting technique				
	athletes should have about				
	30 seconds of rest between				
	sprints so that they are				
	breathing easily before their				
	next sprint.				
	perform flexibility training				
	six times per week. to				
	improve speed, one must				
	stretch correctly.				
	perform plyometric twice				
	per week, minimum				
	• perform parallel squat.				
	• perform the straight-leg				
	deadlift to strengthen and				
	stretch the gluteus and				
	hamstrings at the same time				
	PC3. coach athlete to increase		10	2	
	strength		10	2	
	start the workouts	ı L			





with barbell exercises

- the squat, deadlift, bench press, and shoulder press are the best strength-building exercises. they can be assistance lifts to complement the bench and shoulder press, keeping athlete's pulling muscles in balance with the pressing ones.
- focus on raising and lowering the weights in a controlled manner, pausing for a one-second count at the top of the lift. using an arbitrary tempo can lessen tension on muscles or force to use varying amounts of weight, slowing the progress. the only way to be sure that one is getting stronger is if the loads consistently increase.
- write down the exercises, sets, reps, and the fate of each workout. keep track of the best lifts and the most reps done with a certain weight on an exercise. constantly strive to improve those numbers
- try to stick to three or four lifts per workout. keeping your workouts short helps you take advantage of hormonal surges. when too many exercises are done in a session, at least some of them get done half. all that is needed is one main lift per workout (one of the big four), one or two assistance lifts (for keeping the body in balance and further strengthening the muscles that perform the main lift), and then core or specialty work at the





end (ab exercises or some forearm or calf moves, depending on your goals). doing any more lessens your results.

- the athlete should rotate many different rep ranges in the workouts, but sets of five seem to offer the best blend of muscle size and strength gains.
- the main reason athlete's plateau and stop gaining strength is that they go too heavy for too long. one should do main lifts using 10% less than the most weight one can lift for the given rep range. increase the weight each session but by no more than 10 pounds
- cardio is a must if one wants to be lean and healthy, but long-distance running or cycling increases levels of hormones that break down the muscle tissues. to get stronger while getting leaner, one must do cardio in short, intense bursts. go to a moderately steep hill and sprint to the top, then walk back down.
- PC4. the two of the most important factors that combine to create an athlete's endurance profile are:-
- vo2 max, or the maximum rate at which an athlete's body can consume oxygen during exercise, is the most popular measurement of aerobic capacity
- lactate threshold, or the level of exertion at which lactate accumulates in the muscles. to improve lactate threshold—and therefore the

8	
1	
7	





ability to workout harder for				
longer periods of time	-			
PC5. coach athlete to increase				
stamina				
 rest up-to go long and 				
hard, athletes need fresh				
muscles				
 eat right-when it 				
comes to exercise nutrition,				
carbs is the key, since the body				
uses glycogen for fuel. once				
glycogen runs out, the body				
turns to energy from other				
sources, and begins to burn fat.				
for extended cardio sessions,				
one should consume 30-60				
grams of carbs every hour,				
depending on body weight.				
studies have also found a mix of				
carbs and protein can enhance				
endurance performance and				
reduce muscle damage				
 hiit- high intensity 				
interval training—aka quick		12	2	10
bouts of intense exercise—can				
help improve endurance in				
conjunction with traditional				
training. running for some stairs				
or trying a track workout for				
some speed. one should not				
ignore to get plenty of recovery				
after these workouts as they're				
very intense				
 add some strength- 				
when it comes to endurance				
training, variation is important.				
resistance training can				
strengthen the bones,				
ligaments, tendons, and				
muscles—helping improve				
overall fitness and helping with				
that final sprint to the finish.				
mix up aerobic exercise with				
kettle bells, dumbbell, and				
·	1			

bodyweight exercises to help





improve stamina
turn on the tunes-
listening to music has been
shown to boost endurance
performance while walking and
because of this the mind-body
connection is especially strong
among endurance athletes
work on what's weak-
people often find their fitness
niche and stick to it. instead,
athletes should mix it up in
order to build endurance
drink beet juice- one
study found nitrate-rich beets
may help increase stamina up
to 16 percent by reducing
oxygen intake in athletes
train smart- using the
gradual adaption principle—
that is, slowly and steadily
increasing mileage and speed—
is a great way to build endurance. there are ways to
do this safely to avoid injury,
from running on soft surfaces,
to getting enough sleep and
drinking tons of water.
PC6. analyse various principles
of group dynamics and
group management
PC7. conduct an exhaustive
planning of exercises suitable for groups in a
cycling set up
PC8. conduct benchmarking
study to identify various
interesting options for
making the training
sessions more engaging
PC9. identify common reasons
for which athletes don't
attend the training sessions and design
interventions to address
these reasons
PC10. select exercises that
will help athletes to
achieve goals like muscular
fitness, improve lung
capacity, boost energy

4	1	3
3.5	0.5	3
3.5	0.5	3
3.5	0.5	3
3.5	0.5	3





levels and increase
metabolism.
PC11. select appropriate
equipment's
PC12. anticipate the
potential risks relevant to
the programme and
identify various
mechanisms to minimize
the same
PC13. identify and finalize
the fitness objectives to be
achieved through the
session.
PC14. plan intensity and
resistance assessment
techniques
PC15. ensure catering to the
requirements of different
set of clients i.e. the
beginners, experts etc.
PC16. obtain the information
of group members in
terms of their fitness
profiles, training history,
exercise preferences etc.
in order to identify the
needs and potential of the
clients so as to encourage
them for the participation
in the group session
PC17. change teaching
positions during the
session to improve
observation and ask
questions
PC18. deploy effective
verbal and visual
communication while
delivering the sessions
PC19. identify the risks
associated and plans
accordingly in order to
overcome them by
describing the correct
demonstrations of the
body movement and
positions and also the
expected outcome from it
PC20. the training sessions to
be observed very carefully
so that the proper
feedback and instructing
points can be provided in a
timely manner in order to

3.5	0.5	3
3.5	0.5	3
3.5	0.5	3
3.5	0.5	3
3.5	0.5	3
3.5	0.5	3
3.5	0.5	3
3.5	0.5	3
3.5	0.5	3
3.5	0.5	3





	enhance the confidence and motivation of the clients PC21. identify and address the issues/ concerns related to inappropriate behaviours of certain athlete/s		3.5	0.5	3
			100	16	84
2. BWS/N3022 (Enable minimization of Athletic Injuries & Conduct Fitness Assessment for Sports related activities of the client)	PC1. to reduce athletic injuries, following can be of great help: • take time off. plan to have at least 1 day off per week from a particular sport to allow the body to recover. • wear the right gear. players should wear appropriate and properly fitting protective equipment such as pads (neck, shoulder, elbow, chest, knee, and chin), helmets, mouthpieces, face guards, protective cups, and/or eyewear. • strengthen muscles. conditioning exercises during practice strengthen muscles used in play. • increase flexibility. stretching exercises before and after games or practice can increase flexibility. stretching should also be incorporated into a daily fitness plan. • use the proper technique. this should be reinforced during the playing season. • take breaks. rest periods during practice and games can reduce injuries and prevent heat illness. • play safe. strict rules against headfirst sliding (baseball and softball), and spearing (football) etc. should be	100	30	5	25





enforced.				
• stop the activity if there is				
pain.				
avoid heat injury by drinking				
plenty of fluids before, during and after exercise or play;				
decrease or stop practices or				
competitions during high				
heat/humidity periods; wear				
light clothing.				
PC2. educating the client				
about the benefit of fitness				
assessment				
obtain scientific baseline				
measurements of your fitness				
levels				
discover your movement style				
and how that affects your				
exercise programming		30	5	25
develop a personal awareness		30	3	23
of your physical health				
establish attainable goals and				
maintain accountability to				
them				
• recognize your potential risks				
of injury				
increase your self-confidence				
in any workout environment				
PC3. fitness tests for				
specific fitness components.				
physical fitness is a complex,				
multifaceted phenomenon				
composed of:-				
• aerobic power- when				
developing a series of fitness				
tests, the sce should first refer				
to other coaching and sport		40	7	33
science information. there		40	,	33
they may find established				
tests which are proven for				
their own sport or at least				
suitable tests designed for				
similar sports that can be used				
with or without minor				
modifications. this will				
obviously greatly reduce the				
-	-			





time required to deliver an		
effective series of tests, while		
providing the coach with		
reassurance that the tests		
they are using are		
appropriate.		
anaerobic power and		
anaerobic capacity- tests for		
aerobic fitness must use the		
same type of exercise as the		
sport in which the individual		
participates and should		
generally last in the region of		
8-15 minutes, any shorter and		
the increased anaerobic		
energy contribution may		
make the test less valid.		
muscular endurance- these		
tests may assess either		
dynamic muscular endurance		
(the capacity to repeat		
contractions) or static		
muscular endurance (the		
capacity to sustain a muscular		
contraction). to be specific to		
a sport it is important to		
ensure that the test uses the		
appropriate muscle groups,		
through relevant ranges of		
movement and at suitable		
speeds. often this may not be		
entirely feasible and therefore		
standard endurance exercises		
such as the sit-up and press-		
up may be used.		
muscular strength- tests for		
muscular strength should		
ensure that the muscles being		
assessed are appropriate and		
are used through a relevant		
range of movement, or in the		
case of static strength at a		
specific joint angle. in a		
laboratory setting, equipment		
such as dynamometers are		





		I
often used but selecting and		
using fitness tests. such as		
cricket the test may be		
conducted over the distance		
between the wickets. in order		
to ensure the test is even		
more specific, the test should		
be conducted in full clothing		
and kit.		
• flexibility and joint mobility-		
field tests for flexibility/joint		
mobility range from simple		
"yes / no" assessments of		
whether the individual can		
perform a specific task, to the		
measurement of joint angles		
and ranges of movement (e.g.		
sit and reach test). by		
breaking down a movement		
into its component parts, the		
coach will be able to		
determine which joint		
movements are essential to		
performance and need to be		
assessed. for example, in		
hurdling good hip mobility		
and hamstring flexibility are		
necessary for good technique,		
whereas in team sports (e.g.		
football) an appropriate level		
of flexibility is required to		
reduce injury risk. when		
standardizing tests of		
flexibility/joint mobility the		
coach must pay close		
attention to, and note the		
position of all limbs, not just		
those being assessed. for		
example, if measuring		
hamstring flexibility in one leg		
the position of the other leg		
will influence the results.		
similarly, if measuring hip		
flexibility, movement in the		
back or pelvis may cause the		





	measurement to be				
	overestimated.				
	• speed and acceleration tests-				
	in many sports the performers				
	must change direction rapidly.				
	this may be assessed using				
	tests such as star runs, where				
	the performer runs from a				
	central marker to other				
	markers (usually 6-12)				
	situated around the central				
	marker while being timed				
	alternatively a zigzag setup				
	can be used to assess				
	dodging/dribbling skills. the				
	coach may wish to				
	incorporate an assessment of				
	turning ability and/or running				
	forwards, backwards and				
	sideways, as deemed				
	applicable to the participants				
	sport (e.g. football, hockey,				
	tennis, etc.)				
	termis, etc.,		100	17	83
				17	83
	OPTIONAL NOS - Sport	s Conditioning Expert	T	1	
	PC1. deploy the knowledge				
	and understanding of				
	various aspects of				
	human anatomy and		3	1	2
	physiology while				
	providing fitness related				
	recommendations				
	PC2. understand in detail				
	various human body				
	systems like circulatory				
4 DIAG (NIDO4 4	system, musculoskeletal				
1. BWS/N3014	system, joints and			4	2
(Plan and	bones, muscles,		4	1	3
conduct personal	respiratory system etc.				
training for	and impact of fitness	100			
clients from	programmes on their				
different	functioning				
population	PC3. identify the potential	1			
groups)	sources of injury and				
	risks as per the needs		3		
	and case of the client			_	
	and keep the same			1	2
	under consideration				
	while devising fitness				
	programme				
	PC4. understand in detail the	1			
	medical history of the				1
	medical history of the		3	1	2
	client and ask for a doctor's		3	1	2





	recommendation
	before planning for a
	fitness plan
PC5.	evaluate the impact of
	exercise and its
	intensity on the energy
	levels of a client and
	consider the capacity of
	the client to perform
	the devised exercises
	basis his/ her
	background i.e. pre/
	post natal woman,
	disabled client etc.
PC6.	basis the health
	assessment and
	detailed understanding
	of anatomy &
	physiology of the
	client's body, plan a
1	range of exercises for
1	client to achieve his/
	her goals
PC7.	as per the client's
1 67.	preferences, identify
	the appropriate training
	techniques
PC8.	identify and plan for
1 00.	availability of
	equipment needed for
	suitable exercises
PC9.	display sensitivity and
1 65.	empathy to the special
	set of clients which are
	emotionally vulnerable
PC10.	ensure proper
7010.	communication and
1	
	support to the attendants of special
1	•
1	category clients (if
PC11.	applicable)
PCII.	explain in detail the
	planned exercise
DC43	schedule to client
PC12.	communicate the
	physical demands of the
	planned exercises to
2515	clients
PC13.	
	any observed concerns/
	changes/ modifications
	required in the plan
PC14.	observe the client
	carrying out the
	exercises and ensure

4	1	3
4	1	3
4	1	3
3	1	2
4	1	3
4	1	3
4	1	3
3	1	2
3	1	2
3	1	2





	right usage of the
	fitness equipment to
	prevent any injuries
PC15.	develop phase wise
	detailed activity chart in
	consultation with the
	client
PC16	provide clear
. 010.	instructions and
	demonstrations that are
	technically correct, safe
	and effective and
	ensure client is
	following them
	accurately without
	hurting himself/ herself
	or damaging the
	equipment
PC17.	plan outcomes and
	stages of achievement
	during personal training
	and agree on a
	progressive timetable of
	sessions
PC18.	discuss the methods of
	monitoring and
	evaluation of the
	performance of the
	periormance or the
	client
PC19	client
PC19.	ensure that all the
PC19.	ensure that all the exercises are integrated
PC19.	ensure that all the exercises are integrated in a single plan and
PC19.	ensure that all the exercises are integrated in a single plan and being deployed by the
PC19.	ensure that all the exercises are integrated in a single plan and being deployed by the client to achieve his/
PC19.	ensure that all the exercises are integrated in a single plan and being deployed by the client to achieve his/her goals; in case, there
PC19.	ensure that all the exercises are integrated in a single plan and being deployed by the client to achieve his/her goals; in case, there are any concerns faced
PC19.	ensure that all the exercises are integrated in a single plan and being deployed by the client to achieve his/her goals; in case, there are any concerns faced by client to perform any
PC19.	ensure that all the exercises are integrated in a single plan and being deployed by the client to achieve his/ her goals; in case, there are any concerns faced by client to perform any of the exercises, provide
	ensure that all the exercises are integrated in a single plan and being deployed by the client to achieve his/ her goals; in case, there are any concerns faced by client to perform any of the exercises, provide alternate options
PC19.	ensure that all the exercises are integrated in a single plan and being deployed by the client to achieve his/ her goals; in case, there are any concerns faced by client to perform any of the exercises, provide alternate options monitor the client's
	ensure that all the exercises are integrated in a single plan and being deployed by the client to achieve his/ her goals; in case, there are any concerns faced by client to perform any of the exercises, provide alternate options monitor the client's exercises and
	ensure that all the exercises are integrated in a single plan and being deployed by the client to achieve his/ her goals; in case, there are any concerns faced by client to perform any of the exercises, provide alternate options monitor the client's exercises and adherence to the
	ensure that all the exercises are integrated in a single plan and being deployed by the client to achieve his/ her goals; in case, there are any concerns faced by client to perform any of the exercises, provide alternate options monitor the client's exercises and
	ensure that all the exercises are integrated in a single plan and being deployed by the client to achieve his/ her goals; in case, there are any concerns faced by client to perform any of the exercises, provide alternate options monitor the client's exercises and adherence to the
	ensure that all the exercises are integrated in a single plan and being deployed by the client to achieve his/ her goals; in case, there are any concerns faced by client to perform any of the exercises, provide alternate options monitor the client's exercises and adherence to the planned schedule as
	ensure that all the exercises are integrated in a single plan and being deployed by the client to achieve his/ her goals; in case, there are any concerns faced by client to perform any of the exercises, provide alternate options monitor the client's exercises and adherence to the planned schedule as well as analyse the
	ensure that all the exercises are integrated in a single plan and being deployed by the client to achieve his/ her goals; in case, there are any concerns faced by client to perform any of the exercises, provide alternate options monitor the client's exercises and adherence to the planned schedule as well as analyse the performance of client
PC20.	ensure that all the exercises are integrated in a single plan and being deployed by the client to achieve his/ her goals; in case, there are any concerns faced by client to perform any of the exercises, provide alternate options monitor the client's exercises and adherence to the planned schedule as well as analyse the performance of client on a daily basis
PC20.	ensure that all the exercises are integrated in a single plan and being deployed by the client to achieve his/ her goals; in case, there are any concerns faced by client to perform any of the exercises, provide alternate options monitor the client's exercises and adherence to the planned schedule as well as analyse the performance of client on a daily basis progress or regress exercises according to
PC20.	ensure that all the exercises are integrated in a single plan and being deployed by the client to achieve his/ her goals; in case, there are any concerns faced by client to perform any of the exercises, provide alternate options monitor the client's exercises and adherence to the planned schedule as well as analyse the performance of client on a daily basis progress or regress exercises according to clients' performance
PC20.	ensure that all the exercises are integrated in a single plan and being deployed by the client to achieve his/ her goals; in case, there are any concerns faced by client to perform any of the exercises, provide alternate options monitor the client's exercises and adherence to the planned schedule as well as analyse the performance of client on a daily basis progress or regress exercises according to clients' performance motivate the clients for
PC20.	ensure that all the exercises are integrated in a single plan and being deployed by the client to achieve his/ her goals; in case, there are any concerns faced by client to perform any of the exercises, provide alternate options monitor the client's exercises and adherence to the planned schedule as well as analyse the performance of client on a daily basis progress or regress exercises according to clients' performance motivate the clients for ensuring adherence to
PC20.	ensure that all the exercises are integrated in a single plan and being deployed by the client to achieve his/ her goals; in case, there are any concerns faced by client to perform any of the exercises, provide alternate options monitor the client's exercises and adherence to the planned schedule as well as analyse the performance of client on a daily basis progress or regress exercises according to clients' performance motivate the clients for ensuring adherence to plan; provide any
PC20.	ensure that all the exercises are integrated in a single plan and being deployed by the client to achieve his/ her goals; in case, there are any concerns faced by client to perform any of the exercises, provide alternate options monitor the client's exercises and adherence to the planned schedule as well as analyse the performance of client on a daily basis progress or regress exercises according to clients' performance motivate the clients for ensuring adherence to plan; provide any related support to the
PC20.	ensure that all the exercises are integrated in a single plan and being deployed by the client to achieve his/ her goals; in case, there are any concerns faced by client to perform any of the exercises, provide alternate options monitor the client's exercises and adherence to the planned schedule as well as analyse the performance of client on a daily basis progress or regress exercises according to clients' performance motivate the clients for ensuring adherence to plan; provide any related support to the clients in this regard

3	1	2
3	1	2
3	1	2
4	1	3
4	1	3
3	1	2
3	1	2
3	1	2
4	1	3





[anatomical changes in	Ī			
	the body of client due				
	to training programme				
	PC24. identify the signs of				
	strain/ over work outs				
	and recommend the		4	1	3
	strategies for		4	1	3
	prevention of the same	-			
	PC25. adapt the training				
	programme as per the				
	client body's response,		_		_
	lifestyle changes,		4	1	3
	preferences etc.;				
	discuss and agree of				
	changes with the client				
	PC26. discuss specific issues				
	like cultural or social		3	1	2
	barriers to exercise and		3	1	2
	personal training				
	PC27. provide the data to				
	fitness manager in				
	order to improvise/		3	1	2
	addition in the existing				
	portfolio of services				
	PC28. obtain regular feedback	<u> </u>			
	from the client and				
	analyse effectiveness of				
	the personal training		4	1	3
	programme basis the				
	feedback and goals				
	achievement				
	PC29.obtain feedback from		2	1	2
	technical standpoint		3	1	2
			100	29	71